

# A Study on Erosion Control Blankets made of Rice Straw

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**Abstract:** For controlling soil erosion several techniques are discovered earlier. Some of them are chemical soil stabilizer, soil bio engineering and bio technology techniques, and coir blankets. In reference of coir blankets we have tried to implement a new technique of controlling soil erosion through bio degradable material i.e. Rice Straw. Apart from being biodegradable this material is cost effective.

**Keywords:** Rice straw blanket, erosion, biodegradable, erosion controlling measures.

## 1. Introduction

Soil erosion is one of the major problem which is increasing and needs an economic solution. In several slope, steep areas and various land forms protection methods are currently used to stabilization. Among these methods, the use of naturally obtained products is popular. But apart from all this measures coir blankets were successfully used as an erosion control measure, and to make it more economic and totally biodegradable. We are implementing a new measure for controlling soil erosion through rice straw blanket.



Figure 1: Coir Blanket

## 2. Related Works

Coir Mat Blankets are made with 100% coconut fiber with photodegradable or biodegradable top and bottom grids/ net stitched together. The top and bottom net layers are stitched with yarn. Coir Mat is used to prevent the seeds and soil losses until vegetation is fully developed. The layer resist wind and rain forces. These technique help in accelerated development of crops while the blankets decompose over time and get degraded and become part of the soil. Each Coir Mat is designed for a specified range of erosion control and vegetation conditions considering geological conditions. Coir Blankets can be supplied in form of roll with a

maximum width of 2.4 Meters and length of 50 Meters. Each roll is packed with impermeable wrapping which shall not undergo deterioration or damage during handling, transportation, storage and placing.



Figure 2: Blanketing technique

### 2.1 Erosion control through Rice Straw

**Straw** is an agricultural by product and the dry stalks of cereal plants. It is a waste product of half of the cereal crop such as barley, oats, rice and wheat. It is used in Animal feeding, Basketry ,Biofuel, Biogas, Construction material (binding clay & concrete), Craft Erosion control Horticulture, Paper making.

### 2.2 Rice Straw Blanket

Like coir blankets, straw blankets are designed for slope erosion protection and furnished vegetation growth. They are used to hold soil in place and promote the growth of new vegetation and on all types of slopes. Straw blankets prove extremely effective in retaining moisture and contouring to soil surface irregularities. Straw blankets help prevent and control the natural displacement of soil in areas such as slopes, hills, channels, streams, rivers, and coasts. It prevents loss in NPK nitrogen, phosphorus and potassium present in fields.



Figure 3: Wheat straw blanket

### 2.3 Straw blanket models

There are basically three types of models used for making straw blankets the first type of standard netting made up of polypropylene which is used in slopes, hills and banks. The span of this standard netting is up to 12 months. The biodegradable net is made up of jute. This type of netting is used in environmental sensitive areas, its life span is same as standard netting i.e. 12 months. The third type of net used is rapid degradable which is made up of rapid degrade polypropylene it is used in sloppy areas and where fast rooting vegetation is available its life span is about 90 days.

### 3. Explanation

- [1] The products used : Rice straw blankets are used at a thickness of 3” to 4” , straw net for photodegradable and biodegradable covering, bamboo pins used for anchoring at 1 meter spacing.
- [2] The technology behind the product: It can be implemented as same as the coir blanket ( coconut coir) theory but the raw materials used are only made up of rice straw.
- [3] The scalability: The straw blankets can be produced in large scale for controlling soil erosion so as to obtain developed vegetation.
- [4] The market: The rice straw is a residual product and can be easily available at Chhattisgarh state in least cost.

#### 3.1 Availability of raw materials

Rice straw is easily available at various rice producing areas/ fields of Chhattisgarh state. The jute used for netting purpose can be exported from states like Bihar and Assam. The cotton used for netting can be exported from nearby states like Maharashtra, Gujarat and Punjab. Apart from the jute and cotton netting if rice straw netting is provided then it will prove more economical as it is easily available.

#### 3.2 Financial Requirements

**Cost of infrastructure:-** For initial establishment one room office is sufficient because the entire work can be carried out on open ground/fields.

**Cost of purchase of raw material:-** rice straw: Rs 1 per kg. Rice straw netting will cost very low price i.e. Rs 5 per

kg including the labour cost. Bamboo pins for anchoring: 6” long of Rs 1 per piece.



Figure 4: Dual netting view

We have implemented rice straw blanket taking reference from coir blanket/coconut fibre blankets.

And its construction procedure is also same as used in coir fibre blankets with dual layers, only coir which is present in the middle layer is replaced by rice straw.

These pictures mentioned above are taken with reference to the wheat straw netting.

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