

The Salient Features of Floristic Wealth and Diversity of Sacred Groves of Kerala, India

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Abstract: *Sacred Groves are the tracts of virgin forests; the vestiges of an ancient practice in which people has been protecting forest patches associated with home, temple, agricultural fields or in public places to avoid the perceived wrath of its resident God. In such groves all life forms including microbes are belong to deity and it is believed that, any harm to them invites the displeasure of deity in the form of disease or decease. These terrestrial forest ecosystems are usually in association with fresh water conservatory and this together extent a number of ecological, edaphological and conservational services in the landscape of Kerala. In Kerala the natural forests are extended in the high ranges and highland area (Altitude above 100 m MSL), the sacred groves are distributed in midland or lowland regions (Altitude below 100 m MSL) where the natural forests are not seen. The sacred groves have a comprehensive environmental role in the track of urbanized landscape ecology of the state by protecting flora and fauna. The investigation divulges the unparallel and unique floristic accounts, distinct ecological and conservational values of vegetation, which are extended to the traditional landscape of the state which are succumbed to various anthropogenic pressures.*

Keywords: Conservation, Floristic Wealth and Diversity, Sacred Grove of Kerala, Traditional Landscape

1. Introduction

Traditionally managed Sacred Groves of Kerala (SGK) locally called *Kavu* can be considered as the typical example of Indian ethos for *in situ* conservation and protection of local environment and biodiversity in the socio-religious ground. This traditional worship place and associated practices show the organized organic relation between human and nature, the indigenous people of Kerala lived in accordance with the nature's rule and conserved local bio-treasure in its original habitat. In advancement of civilization, science, technology, industries which spread out and established the urbanization. The socio-political scenario of state undergoes changes along with the expanded requirement of the basic lifestyle of the people. The associated anthropogenic activities have altered the traditional landscape of state, also sacred groves, which affect the existence of these relic patches of vegetation by and large. The existing grove ecosystems still have been providing many environmental and conservational services including watershed value, biological control, chest of wild genetic resources and with a multidimensional array of social, cultural, religious, and aesthetic values. In the midst of urbanization SGK is protecting indigenous lifeforms in association with the abiotic factors without any external stress, due to the religious and social restrictions. Hence, one of the most conspicuous effects of these ecosystems perturbation is the depletion of biodiversity and habitat losses which initially result in the disappearance of native species due to habitat alteration followed by invasion of exotic species and finally total ecological and edaphic discrepancy. The floristic elements are mostly evergreen and hygrophilous in nature with the resemblance of evergreen forest of Western Ghats. The trees are in three indistinct layers with 50-30 meter height and are rich with woody lianas, parasites and epiphytes. The undergrowth largely consists of herbaceous or woody erect plants including geophytes, saplings and seedlings of trees, shrubs and lianas. A portion of ground vegetation is represented by elements of

angiosperms, pteridophytes, bryophytes, and fruiting bodies of fungi. The sacred grove's flora, relic vegetation of Western Ghats, is being considered as the "climatic climax" in the state of equilibrium. The vegetation is tropical and phanero-therophytic with high structural resemblance to the forests of the Western Ghats, mostly with evergreen, semi-evergreen and moist deciduous types and rarely freshwater swamp and mangroves. The floristic diversity indices like Simpson's index and Shannon Weiner's index are equal or almost equal to the Western Ghats' flora. The phyto-sociological data and other salient features are also equated with Western Ghats's vegetation. The values of species richness and tree density also indicate affinity of SGK to Western Ghats. The biological spectrum of SGK is similar to normal spectra of evergreen forests of the world as well as forests of Western Ghats, also supporting the above arguments and in fact, SGK are not only possessing common floristic elements along with species nova but also on the abode of many endemic, rare and threatened plants of conservational significance. The present investigation and analysis have been carried out based on the exploration trips and field studies conducted in 200 bio-geographically divergent sacred groves categorized into five sites. The exploration results that the SGK are rich in floristic diversity with different array of life forms which are disappearing from other areas due to the developmental activities. Additionally, SGK also have species nova, RET and other eco-economically important genetic resources. But now a day groves, are totally susceptible from all type of disturbances due to the erosion of traditional, socio-religious restrictions and developmental activities. This vegetation is nothing but the relic of old vegetation which has been extended in Kerala before civilization is largely being disappearing.

2. Literary Survey

Sacred groves are distributed across the globe and conserve ethnic ethos and natural landscapes keeping the virgin forest

and its bio-wealth. These groves are also widely distributed in all bio-geographical regions of India [1]. The study about sacred groves of India started in 1903 by Gammie in the form of inventory [2]. Then it was extended to various parts of the country by many scientists namely Bor, Raja, Gadgil and Vartak and Vartak and Gadgil [3], [4], [5], [6], [7]. The scientific accounting and evaluation of sacred groves of Western Ghats was initiated with Gadgil and Vartak [8] from Maharashtra state. Gadgil and Mehrotra [9] attributed the traditional practices by most indigenous communities of necessary protection of natural ecosystems by setting aside of these refuge in socio-religious ground. Chandran and Gadgil [10] and Chandran [11] elaborated various biological, religious, historical, economic and ecological aspects of the sacred groves. In 1998, Chandran *et al* [12] had inventorized the role of this abode of Gods, would have who protected a range of landscape elements with their characteristic biodiversity. In Kerala, the study on *Kavu* is gained impetus with pioneering work of Mohanan and Nair [13] through floristic inventory. The authors were collected new species *Kunstleria keralensis* and rediscovered *Syzygium travancoricum* after the discovery of Bourdillon in 1894 [14]. A tree species *Madhuca diplostemon* also relocated after a long period of 180 years, believed to be extinct, from a grove of Kerala [15]. In 2014, a new species of *Cinnamomum* namely *C. mohananii* has described from SGK by Jagadeesan *et al* [16]. New species, *Biophytum veldkampii* and *Grewia palodensis* were described from SGK by scientists of JNTBGRI [17], [18]. These all designate the SGK are sanctum sanctorum of flora which are extinct in other ecosystems, including natural forests. Rajendraprasad [19] had documented uniqueness of floristic ecology of selected sacred groves of Kerala along with description of bio-wealth, biodiversity, general ecology and physical edaphology. Balasubrahmanyam and Induchoodan [20] documented the floristic account of 761 selected sacred groves of Kerala. The notable study on ecology and edaphology on groves and its associated aquatic ecosystem shows that it always operates water shed area at local level by minimize the surface runoff and enhancing the infiltrate rate [19], [21].

3. Study Sites

In India, the state Kerala constitutes a natural geographic unit, rising as it were, from Arabian Sea to Western Ghats. The south west corner peninsular state extended from 08^o.2' to 12^o.8' N. Latitude and 74^o.8' 77^o.5' E. longitude, covering an area of 38864 square kilometers. Phyto-geographically Kerala is divided into three natural physical divisions, the westernmost coastal plain adjoining to Arabian Sea is picturesque lowland, and altitude is > 20 meter below MSL. On moving inland, there is a progressive elevation of topography with rising lateritic hills, undulating clusters of hills and valleys representing midlands, altitude is in between 20 and 100 meter above MSL. Again moving to east the elevation abruptly increase is marking the beginning of the large mountains with rivers in its origin, waterfalls, and virgin tropical vegetation distributed above 100 meter above MSL representing the highlands. The climate of Kerala is tropical, warm humid and monsoonal with annual rainfall of above 2500 mm with rains for nearly 8 to 10 months. The

temperature and humidity are moderate throughout the year [Fig1. (a) and (b)].

4. Materials and Methods

i) Data Collection

The botanical survey and inventory was conducted in 200 randomly selected sacred groves covering all phyto-geographical divergent areas (notified as five sites). All species present in each sampled sacred groves were identified and recorded by botanical name and that was latter confirmed from Jawaharlal Nehru Tropical Botanic Garden and Research Institute Herbarium (TBGT). The meteorological data of each site was obtained through government sources located fairly close to study site.

ii) Data Analysis:

The collected species were categorized on family basis and geographical distribution and status were recorded. The habit of each individual based on the morphology and position of apical bud of fully grown member was assessed for the construction of the biological spectrum [22], [23]. The percentage of species belonging to each life forms class was determined by the formula

$$\% \text{ of life form} = \frac{\text{No. of species of any lifeform}}{\text{Total no. of species of all lifeforms}} \times 100$$

The abundance (number of individuals per species), frequency (fraction of sacred grove contains the species), dominance (occupying status) were calculated. The important Value Index (IVI) were calculated by summing up the average relative frequency (rf), relative density (rd) and relative dominance (rD) following Misra & Puri [24]; Misra [25]; Dombois & Ellenberg [26]; Curtis & McIntosh [27]; Curtis [28]; Pascal [29].

The floristic similarities between groves of different study sites were calculated using the formula, Dombois & Ellenberg [26].

$$\text{Similarity Index} = \frac{\text{Number of common species}}{\text{Total number of species}} \times 100$$

The distribution pattern and conservation status of each species computed as follow

$$\text{Whiteford Index} = \frac{\text{Abundance}}{\text{Frequency}}$$

$$\text{Abundance} = \frac{\text{Total no. of individual of 'i' species}}{\text{No. of Quadrate in which it occur}}$$

$$\text{Frequency} = \frac{\text{No. of Quadrate with 'i' species}}{\text{No. of Quadrate studied}}$$

The index value of 0.025 to 0.050 indicates that the species is random, while value higher than 0.05 indicates increase in aggregation and values lower than 0.025 shows the tendency towards regularity [30].

The floristic diversity was calculated with following indices:

$$\text{Simpson Index (D)} = 1 - \sum (n_i/N)^2 \quad [31]$$

$$\text{Shannon Wiener's Index (H')} = - \sum [n_i/N] \log_2 [n_i/N]$$

$$H_{(\text{max})} = \log_2 S$$

$$\text{Equitability (E)} = H' / H_{(\text{max})} \quad [32]$$

Where,

n_i = Number of individual of the i^{th} species

N = Total number of individuals

S = Number of species.

5. Results and Discussion

The Sacred Groves of Kerala (SGK) are the traditional forms of conservatory, the religious places that has biological, ecological, social, cultural, and religious significance. The area of individual grove varies from a few square meter to many square kilometers and usually it may be attached to temples or traditional heritage homes (locally called *Tharavadu*) as a subsidiary worship place, and are sometime with independently in association with cultivated lands or isolated lands in form of main worship place. This protected virgin forest is immune from all type external disturbances due to religious restriction or social taboos; hence it is possible to conserve wide flora and fauna keeping equilibrium with adjacent ecosystems. The one and most important ecological and conservational functioning of SGK is protection and conservation of biodiversity which are disappearing from other areas of Kerala and creation of positive water regime. The SGK are approved with remarkable occurrence of floristic wealth and diversity including *species nova* and relic vegetation being considered as Sanctum Sanctorum of ancient extended vegetation [Fig. 3 & Fig.4]. Phyto-sociological values and structural data also signify the importance of conservation values. The vegetation is characterized by luxurious growth of different array of flora, which consists of three different tiers, in which the highest often attains a height of 30 to 50 meters, according to the architecture of emergent and keystone species of each grove. Some of the members are buttressed at the base and boles are cylindrical which is branched from two thirds of the height with spreading or umbrella shaped crown at the top. The middle stratum is more or less candle shaped and lower characteristically conical in appearance. The trees are sheltered with several epiphytes such as orchids, arams, pteridophytes, and lichens. The dead or diseased individuals are normally occupied by different types of polyporales and other saprophytes. Trees with smooth barks are common while fissured bark and cauliflory or ramiflory are occasionally noticed. The presence of these wide spectrums of life forms with mutual interaction possesses a biological equilibrium status - the 'Climatic Climax' to the SGK.

The species richness in SGK has ranged from 26 to 55, designate that each and every groves are islands of diverse plants and contribute a key role in biodiversity conservation of Kerala. A total of about 326 angiosperm species belonging to 247 genera and 86 families were identified as core species and 407 species as associates. The dominant families were Rubiaceae, Fabaceae, Asteraceae, Orchidaceae and Lamiaceae. Among the 247 genera 64.60% is rare in occurrence and distribution, 19.60% seldom present and 09.30% is often present in SGK. Among the other group only 05.20% is common and 01.30% is very common in distribution. Regarding the distribution pattern of the species, most of them are distributed in patches, or in clumped aggregation, especially in a very local distance scale. It is of some interest that species which are highly aggregated

nevertheless are still present in low numbers, as rare species elsewhere in the grove, there is a random mixing of tree species and almost all of them appear to be having their own individualistic dispersion pattern and are uneven or clumped occurrence. The SGK in undisturbed condition have the girth distribution pattern of 'L' shape indicating sustainable self generating nature. The floristic diversity index, Simpson's index (D) in the different SGK at different sites varies from 0.8617 to 0.3719. Similarly, Shannon's Weiner's (H') also shows a range of 2.23 to 3.80. Within the same sacred grove we can observe the different magnitude of diversity indices [Table.1]. The earlier works in sacred groves of states along the Western Ghats are also supporting the present investigation [6], [7], [8], [33], [34]. The similar types of studies conducted by different authors also envisage the role of sacred groves in conserving biodiversity and keeping the ecological balance of the local regions. Some of earlier studies also acceptably point out the importance of sacred groves in conserving the flora and fauna by protecting the ecological conditions of landscape of Kerala state [19], [21], [35]. The element of floristic similarity between different sacred groves of phyto-climatically divergent regions shows that a minimum of 32.00% and a maximum of 68.06%. The minimum was noted between site number 1 and site number 3, groves of coastal - central regions and highland - central regions of the state. The maximum similarity is observed in between S2 and S3, the sites representing central midland and central highland. The variation in the south-north direction is moderate and even. The results indicate that there is a positive co-relation between distribution of flora and to its agro-climatic region. The variation between highland and coastal flora is highest in analysis, with minimum similarity index. The floristic similarity between highland and midland was highest, and of coastal and midland is moderate. This clearly indicates that flora of the state is in a continuous way with longitudinal base [Table.2]. The main criteria for the floristic variation are nothing but topography rather than agro climatic conditions. In addition to this floristic richness, faunal diversity is very significant with representation of vertebrates like mammals, birds, reptiles, amphibians, fishes and non-vertebrates by arthropods, mollusks, insects etc. The structural features may indirectly support the very wealthy distribution of other fauna also. Further that rare, endangered, threatened and endemic species are highly concentrated in these groves highlighting the conservational status of these centuries old traditional way of *in situ* conservation.

There is a wide variation in the floristic composition, structure and vegetational dynamism. The number of species varies from 26 to 216. The vegetation is predominated with tree species. The tallest tree reaches to over 60 meters and always a stratified structure is recognizable. The highest storey consists of a relatively small number of giant with openings in canopy. The discontinuous is always well above the denser middle and lower strata. The vegetation is evergreen and hygrophilous since the climate is warm and moist throughout the year and there is no seasonally limited growing. The individual trees shed their leaves seasonally or extending throughout the year. Litter formation and decomposition are in rapid manner utilizing conducive microclimate and soil conditions. The faunal activities including the microbial decomposition also accelerate the

processes of mineralization. Hence the soil becomes acidic and nutrient rich for supporting plant wealth and diversity. SGK also provide ecosystem services like controlling local climate, progressive water regime by maintaining water table, as a buffer for agricultural land from desertification by accelerating nutrient recycling and preventing soil erosion. These ecosystems also maintained the consistency of local food web and regulating the biological control of harmful pest and made way to cross pollination.

The sacred groves are protected around the world for a variety of reasons with different cultural dimensions such as religious or social practices with some rituals [36], [37], [38], [39], [40]. In Kerala, sacred groves are also functioning according to the traditional ecological, social cultural/religious background [19]. In India the sacred groves are distributed North West states to North East and states along the Western Ghats. It is also common in central India with high density sates along the Western Ghats. Recently the villagers of Kumaon Himalayas realized that Gods were the best guards for their forest, so they have declared their forest as sacred in order to protect them from destruction [41]. In Tamil Nadu the sacred groves are an important traditional method of both *in situ* and *ex situ* conservation of ecologically, economically and spiritually valuable tree species (MSSRF, 1997).

The SGK has provided many ecological and environmental services along with a multidimensional array of social, cultural, religious, aesthetic and conservational values. Once largely forested Kerala are now the forest distribution is

delimited and restricted to highland regions only. Paradoxically the sacred groves are mainly distributed in lowland and midland regions of Kerala have succumb to conservational existence due to lack of natural forest. All these factors indicate that the conservation of sacred groves attained the utmost importance in Kerala for maintaining traditional ecological equilibrium in traditional landscape and protecting biodiversity. The desertion of these relics of forest ecosystems, remnants of past natural refuge of regional flora and fauna, results the changes in the local environment, ecology, edaphology, climate and bio wealth and ultimately balance between biotic and abiotic elements of life supporting system in traditional landscape of Kerala.

6. Future Scope

Protection of environment and life supporting systems are interwoven with the conservation and protection of nature and natural resources. The Sacred Groves of Kerala represent this embracing concept and practice of traditional way of *in-situ* conservation of natural landscape. The Sacred Groves of Kerala is considered to be self generating and self sustaining ecosystem in the midst of modern urban environment communities. Hence, these ecosystems are also being influence the local climate by creating the conducive microclimate and protecting biotic and abiotic equilibrium. So the study enlightens the importance of the future events of conservation and management, traditional way of nature protection.

Table 1: Floristic composition, geographical distribution conservation status and life forms of SGK representing five agro climatically divergent regions of Kerala

Name and Family	GD	LF	CS	S ₁	S ₂	S ₃	S ₄	S ₅
DILLENIACEAE								
<i>Dillenia pentagyna</i> Roxb.	India, China, Nepal, Bhutan, Thailand, Myanmar, Indonesia, Malaysia, Vietnam	Ph	R					
<i>Tetracera akara</i> (Bum.f.) Merr.	India, Sri Lanka, China, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Malay Archipelago	La	SP	+			+	+
MAGNOLIACEAE								
<i>Michelia champaca</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Bhutan, Nepal, Bangladesh, China, South East Asia	Ph	SP					
<i>Michelia nilagirica</i> Zenker	India, SL							
ANNONACEAE								
<i>Annona glabra</i> L.	Tropical America, West Tropical Africa	Ph	SP					
<i>Artabotrys zeylanicus</i> Hook.f. & Th.	India, Sri Lanka	La	R	+	+	+		
<i>Polyalthia korinti</i> (Dunn) Hook.f. & Th.	India, Sri Lanka	Ph	R					
<i>Polyalthia rufescens</i> Hook.f. & Th.	India, including Andaman and Nicobar Islands	Ph	R					
<i>Polyalthia fragrans</i> (Dalz.) Bedd.	India: Endemic Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	R		+			
<i>Meiogyne pannosa</i> (Dalz.) Sin	India: Endemic Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	R	+	+		+	
<i>Uvaria narum</i> (Dunal) Wallich ex W.&A.	India, Sri Lanka	La	SP	+	+	+		
<i>Uvaria zeylanica</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka	La	R				+	
MENISPERMACEAE								
<i>Anamirta cocculus</i> (L.) W.&A.	India, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, South East Asia	La	SP	+	+		+	
<i>Cissampelos pareira</i> var. <i>hirsuta</i> (Buchham ex.DC) Forman	India, Sri Lanka, Bhutan, Nepal, Bangladesh, Pakistan, Yunnan, Thailand, Malesia, Singapore	La	R					
<i>Cyclea peltata</i> (Poir) Hook.f. & Th.	India, Sri Lanka, Malesia	La	SP	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Diploclisia glaucescens</i> (Bl.) Diesl.	Indonesia, Sri Lanka, China, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Myanmar, Thailand, Malesia.	La	SP	+				
<i>Stephania japonica</i> (Thunb.) Miers.	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, Bangladesh, China, Japan, Korea, Taiwan, Malesia, Singapore, Australia, Africa	La	R	+		+		
<i>Tinospora cordifolia</i> (Wild.) Miers. ex	India, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Myanmar	La	R					

Hook.f. & Th.										
CAPPARACEAE										
<i>Capparis moonii</i> Wt.	India, Sri Lanka	La	R							+
<i>Capparis zeylanica</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, Bangladesh, China, Myanmar, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Java, Philippines Malaysia	La	R							
FLACOURTIACEAE										
<i>Flacourtia montana</i> Grah.	India: Endemic Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	R							
<i>Hydnocarpus pentandra</i> (Ham.) Oken.	India: Endemic Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	C	+	+	+				
<i>Hydnocarpus alpina</i> Wt.	India, Sri Lanka	Ph	R							
XANTHOPHYLLACEAE										
<i>Xanthophyllum arnottianum</i> Wt.	India: Endemic Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	R	+	+					
CLUSIACEAE										
<i>Calophyllum apetalum</i> Willd.	India: Endemic Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	SP					+		
<i>Calophyllum inophyllum</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Old and New World Tropics	Ph	SP	+				+	+	
<i>Garcinia gummi-gutta</i> (L.) Roxb.	India: Endemic Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	SP	+	+	+				
<i>Garcinia indica</i> (Thouars) Choisy.	India Endemic	Ph	R							+
<i>Garcinia spicata</i> (Wt.&Ar.).	India, Sri Lanka	Ph	R							
<i>Mesua ferrea</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Nepal, Myanmar, Thailand, Cambodia, Vietnam, Indonesia, Singapore, Malaysia	Ph	SP	+						
DIPTEROCARPACEAE										
<i>Hopea parviflora</i> Bedd.	India: Endemic Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	R	+	+					
<i>Hopea ponga</i> (Dennst) Mabb.	India: Endemic Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	SP	+	+					+
<i>Vateria indica</i> L.	India: Endemic Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Vatica chinensis</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka	Ph	R							+
BOMBACACEAE										
<i>Bombax ceiba</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Java, Sumatra, New Guinea	Ph	R							
MALVACEAE										
<i>Hibiscus hirtus</i> L.	India, Malesia	Ph	SP							
<i>Sida acuta</i> Burm.f.	Pan tropics, India, Sri Lanka	Ph	SP							
<i>Sida cordifolia</i> L.	Pan tropics, India, Sri Lanka	Ph	SP					+		
<i>Sida rhombifolia</i> L.	Pan tropics, India, Sri Lanka	Ph	SP	+				+	+	
STERCULIACEAE										
<i>Sterculia balanghas</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka	Ph	SP							
<i>Sterculia foetida</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Pakistan, Myanmar, Malesia, Australia, Tropical Africa.	Ph	SP							+
SYMPLOCACEAE										
<i>Symplocos cochinchinensis</i> (Lour.) Moore	Japan, Vietnam, India, China, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Myanmar, Thailand, Japan, Malaysia, Philippines, Sumatra, Java, New Guinea, Borneo	Ph	R			+				
<i>Symplocos racemosa</i> Roxb.	India, China, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Myanmar, Thailand	Ph				+	+			
TILIACEAE										
<i>Grewia serrulata</i> DC.	India, Bhutan, Nepal, Myanmar, Pakistan, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Malaysia, Australia, Africa	Ph	R	+						
LINACEAE										
<i>Hugonia mystax</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka	La	SP	+				+	+	
OXALIDACEAE										
<i>Biophytum sensitivum</i> (L.) DC.	India, Sri Lanka, Tropical Asia, Africa, America	Th	SP	+						+
<i>Oxalis corniculata</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Pan tropics	Th	SP	+						
RUTACEAE										
<i>Acronychia pedunculata</i> (L.) Miq.	India, Sri Lanka, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Taiwan, Sumatra, Borneo, Philippines, Java.	Ph	R					+	+	
<i>Aegle marmelos</i> (L.) Corr. Serr.	India, Myanmar, PAK, Cambodia, Vietnam, Java	Ph	R							
<i>Atalantia monophylla</i> (L.) Corr. Serr.	India, Pakistan, Laos, , Cambodia, Vietnam, Myanmar	Ph	R							+
<i>Atalantia racemosa</i> W.& A.	India, Sri Lanka	Ph	R							
<i>Glycosmis pentaphylla</i> (Retz.) DC	India, Sri Lanka, China., Myanmar, Malay Archipelago, Australia									
<i>Glycosmis mauritiana</i> (Lam.) Tanaka.	India, Sri Lanka, South East Asia									
<i>Murraya paniculata</i> (L.) Jack	India, Sri Lanka, China, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Myanmar, Malesia, Pacific Islands, Australia	Ph	SP					+		

<i>Murraya koeinigii</i> Spreng	India, Sri Lanka, China, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Myanmar	Ph	R						
<i>Toddalia asiatica</i> (L.) Lam.	India, Sri Lanka, China, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Thailand, Malesia, Tropical Africa.								
<i>Zanthoxylum rhetsa</i> (Roxb.)DC.	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Thailand, Malay Archipelago	Ph	R	+				+	
SIMAROUBACEAE									
<i>Ailanthus triphysa</i> (Den.) Alston	India, Sri Lanka, China Myanmar, Thailand, Cambodia, Vietnam, Malaysia, Indonesia, Australia	Ph	R		+				
<i>Quassia indica</i> (Gaertn.) Nootch.	India, Sri Lanka, Tropical Asia	Ph	R					+	
MELIACEAE									
<i>Aglaiia elaeagnoidea</i> (Juss.) Benth.	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Malaysia, Singapore, Indonesia	Ph	SP	+	+			+	
<i>Azadirachta indica</i> A. Juss.	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Pakistan, China, Malesia	Ph	R						
<i>Cipadessa baccifera</i> (Roth.) Miq.	India, Sri Lanka, Malaysia, Java	Ph	R						
<i>Naregamia alata</i> W.&A.	India, Angola	Ph	SP	+	+				
<i>Swietenia mahagoni</i> (L.) Jacq.	Central America, West Indies	Ph	R						
DICHAPETALACEAE									
<i>Dichapetalum gelonioides</i> (Roxb.) Engl.	India, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Sumatra	Ph	R						
OLACACEAE									
<i>Anacolsa densiflora</i> Bedd.	India: Endemic Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	R	+	+	+			
ICACINACEAE									
<i>Sarcostigma kleinii</i> W.&A.	India, Malaysia	La	R	+	+	+	+	+	+
HIPPOCRATEACEAE									
<i>Salacia fruticosa</i> Heyne ex Lawson	India: Endemic Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	La	R	+					
RHAMNACEAE									
<i>Ziziphus oenopolia</i> (L.) Mill.	India, Sri Lanka, Pan tropics	La	SP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Ziziphus rugosa</i> Lam.	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Bangladesh, Pakistan, Thailand, Vietnam, Laos	La	SP	+	+	+	+	+	+
VITACEAE									
<i>Ampelocissus indica</i> (L.) Planch.	India, Sri Lanka	La	R	+	+				
<i>Cissus arnottiana</i> Shetty & P. Singh	India, Sri Lanka, Africa	La	OP	+	+	+	+	+	+
LEEACEAE									
<i>Leea indica</i> (Burm.) Merr.	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, Bangladesh, China, Myanmar, Malaysia, Austr.								
SAPINDACEAE									
<i>Cardiospermum halicacabum</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Pakistan, Malaysia, Tropical Africa, America	Th	R	+			+		
ANACARDIACEAE									
<i>Anacardium occidentale</i> L.	South America	Ph	R				+	+	
<i>Buchanania lanceolata</i> Wt.	India, Myanmar	Ph	R						
<i>Holigarna arnottiana</i> Hook.f.	India: Endemic Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	C	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Holigarna beddomei</i> Hook.f.	India: Endemic Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	R						
<i>Mangifera indica</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Thailand, Malesia	Ph	SP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Nothopogia racemosa</i> (Dalz.) Ram.	Endemic India	Ph	R	+	+				
<i>Lanea coromandelica</i> (Houtt.) Merr.	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, Bangladesh, Pakistan, Myanmar, China, Bhutan, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Thailand	Ph	R				+	+	
<i>Spondias Pinnata</i> (L.f.) Kurz.	India, Sri Lanka, China, Tropical Asia	Ph	OP						
CONNARACEAE									
<i>Connarus monocarpus</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka	La	OP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Connarus paniculatus</i> Roxb.	India: Endemic Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	La	R						
FABACEAE									
Caesalpiniaceae									
<i>Caesalpinia bonduc</i> (L.) Roxb.	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, Bangladesh, Myanmar, Malay Archipelago	La	OP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Cassia fistula</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Nepal, Bangladesh, Malesia	Ph	R	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Cassia kleinii</i> W. & A.	India, Sri Lanka	Th	R				+		
<i>Cassia tora</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, Pakistan, Myanmar, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam	Ph	R						
<i>Tamarindus indica</i> L.	Tropical Africa	Ph	R	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Saraca asoca</i> (Roxb.) de Wilde.	India, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Bhutan, Nepal, Myanmar, Malaysia	Ph	R	+	+	+	+	+	+

Fabaceae								
<i>Abrus precatorius</i> L.	India, Pan tropics	La	C	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Clitoria ternatea</i> L.	East Africa	La	R					+
<i>Crotalaria juncea</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Bangladesh, Bhutan, Nepal, Pakistan, Malaysia, Thailand, Russia, Australia	Th	R			+		
<i>Dalbergia volubilis</i> Roxb.	India, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Nepal, Myanmar, Laos, Vietnam	La	OP	+	+			
<i>Derris scandens</i> (Roxb.) Benth.	India, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Pakistan, China, Nepal, Myanmar, Thailand, Malesia							
<i>Desmodium triflorum</i> (L.) DC.	India, Sri Lanka, Bhutan, Pakistan, Bangladesh, China, Myanmar, Hong Kong, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Thailand, Malesia, Pacific Islands, Polynesia, Australia, Africa, America	Ph	R	+				
<i>Kunstleria keralensis</i> C.N. Moh. et Nair	India: Endemic Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	La	R	+				
<i>Pongamia pinnata</i> (L.) Pierre	India, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Pakistan, Myanmar, China, Malesia, Vietnam, Thailand, Australia, Polynesia	Ph	SP			+		
<i>Butea monosperma</i> (Lam.) Taubert.	India, Nepal, Pakistan, Myanmar, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Thailand, Malesia	La	R					
<i>Tephrosia purpurea</i> (L.) Pers..	India, Sri Lanka, Old World Tropics	Th	R			+		
Mimosaceae								
<i>Acacia caesia</i> (L.) Willd.	India, Sri Lanka, Pakistan, Myanmar, China, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Thailand	La	SP	+				
<i>Acacia Pennata</i> (L.) Willd.	India, Sri Lanka, Bhutan, Nepal, Bangladesh, Myanmar, Thailand	Ph	R			+		
<i>Adenantha pavonina</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Thailand, Timor, China, Malaysia	Ph	OP	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Albizia lebbek</i> (L.) Benth.	India, Sri Lanka, Malay Archipelago, China, North Australia, Tropical Africa	Ph	R			+		
<i>Mimosa pudica</i> L.	Tropical America	Th	R			+		
RHIZOPORACEAE								
<i>Carallia brachiata</i> (Lour) Merr.	India, Sri Lanka, China, Malay Archipelago, Australia	Ph	R			+		+
<i>Blepharistemma serratum</i> (Dennst.) Suresh	India: Endemic Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	R			+		
COMBRETACEAE								
<i>Calycopteris floribunda</i> (Roxb.) Poiret	India, Bangladesh, Myanmar, Thailand, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Malesia, Singapore	La	OP	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Combretum latifolium</i> Bl.	India including Andaman Islands, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Myanmar, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Thailand, Malesia	La	OP	+	+	+		
<i>Quisqualis indica</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Old World Tropics	La	R					
<i>Terminalia bellirica</i> (Gaert.) Roxb.	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, Bangladesh, Myanmar, China, Laos, Cambodia, Malaysia, Vietnam	Ph	R	+	+			+
<i>Terminalia paniculata</i> Roth.	India: Endemic Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala							
MYRTACEAE								
<i>Syzygium gardneri</i> Thw.	India, Sri Lanka	Ph	R			+		
<i>Syzygium cumini</i> (L.) Skeels	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, China, Malay Archipelago, Australia	Ph	R	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Syzygium claviflorum</i> (Roxb.) Wall. ex A.M. Cowan & Cowan	India, Sri Lanka	Ph	R				+	
<i>Syzygium mundagam</i> (Bourd.) Chitra	India: Endemic Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	R					
BARRINGTONIACEAE								
<i>Barringtonia racemosa</i> (L.) Sprengel	India, Sri Lanka, Malaysia, Polynesia	Ph	R					
MELASTOMATACEAE								
<i>Melastoma malabathricum</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, South China, Taiwan, Australia	Ph	R					
MEMECYLACEAE								
<i>Memecylon randerianum</i> S.M. Almeida & M.R. Almeida	Endemic India	Ph	R	+	+			
<i>Memecylon wightianum</i> Triana	Endemic India	Ph	R	+	+			
<i>Memecylon umbellatum</i> Burm. f.	India, Sri Lanka	Ph	R		+			
LYTHRACEAE								
<i>Lagerstroemia hirsuta</i> (Lam.) Willd	India, Sri Lanka, Pakistan, Myanmar, China, Malaysia, Indonesia, New Guinea	Ph	R	+	+			
ONAGRACEAE								
<i>Ludwigia perennis</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Afghanistan, Japan, China, Iran, Malesia, New Caledonia, Australia, Tropical Africa,	Ph	R			+		

	Madagascar								
SAMYDACEAE									
<i>Casearia championii</i> Thw.	India, Sri Lanka, Malaysia	Ph	R						
PASSIFLORACEAE									
<i>Passiflora foetida</i> L.	Tropical America	Th	R						
CUCURBITACEAE									
<i>Coccinia grandis</i> (L.) J. Voigt	India, Sri Lanka, China, Myanmar, Japan, Malaysia, Tropical Australia, Tropical Africa	La	R						
<i>Solena amplexicaulis</i> (Lam.) Gandhi	Endemic India	La	C	+	+	+			+
<i>Momordica dioica</i> Roxb. ex Willd.	India, Sri Lanka, China, Myanmar, Nepal, Pakistan, Bangladesh	La	R	+					
BEGONIACEAE									
<i>Begonia malabarica</i> Lam.	Endemic India	Th	R			+			
CACTACEAE									
<i>Opuntia vulgaris</i> Miller	Brazil	Ch	R			+			
APIACEAE									
<i>Centella asiatica</i> (L.) Urban.	India, Sri Lanka, Tropical and subtropical Asia, Africa	Th	R			+			
ALANGIACEAE									
<i>Alangium salvifolium</i> (L.f.) Wang. ssp. <i>salvifolium</i>	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Thailand, Vietnam, Malaysia, Philippines, Africa	Ph	OP	+	+			+	
<i>Alangium salvifolium</i> (Miq.) Bloemb. ssp. <i>sundanum</i> (Miq.) Bloemb.	India, Malay Archipelago	La	OP		+	+	+		
RUBIACEAE									
<i>Neolamarckia cadamba</i> (Roxb.) Bosser.	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Malaysia, Sumatra, Borneo	Ph	R						
<i>Canthium dicocum</i> (Gaertn.) Teigs & Binn.	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, China, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Malay Archipelago	Ph	SP	+	+	+	+		
<i>Chassalia ophioxylodes</i> (Wall.) Craib.	India, Sri Lanka	Ph	VC	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Tarenna asiatica</i> (L.) Kuntze ex Schum.	India, Sri Lanka, Malaysia	Ph	R						
<i>Psilanthus travancorensis</i> (W. & A.) Leroy	India, Sri Lanka	Ch	R	+	+				
<i>Coffea arabica</i> L.	Ethiopia	Ph	R						
<i>Geophila repens</i> (L.) Johnston	India, Sri Lanka, China, Myanmar, Malay Archipelago, Tropical Africa, Polynesia, America	Th	R	+	+				
<i>Ixora coccinea</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Myanmar	Ph	OP			+			
<i>Ixora brachiata</i> Roxb. ex DC.	India: Endemic Western Ghats: Goa, Karnataka, Tamil Nadu Kerala	Ph	SP	+	+			+	
<i>Ixora alba</i> L.	India including Andaman & Nicobar Islands	Ph	SP	+	+				
<i>Ixora nigricans</i> R.Br. ex W. & A.	India, Myanmar, Malay Archipelago	Ph	SP	+	+	+			
<i>Ixora polyantha</i> Wt.	India: Endemic Western Ghats: Maharashtra, Karnataka, Kerala	Ph	R						
<i>Knoxia sumatrensis</i> (Retz.) DC	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, Bhutan, China, Malay Archipelago, Tropical Australia	He	R	+	+				
<i>Mitragyna tubulosa</i> (A.) Hav.	India, Sri Lanka	Ph	R						
<i>Morinda pubescens</i> Sm.	India, Sri Lanka, Malay, Malay Archipelago	Ph	SP	+	+	+			
<i>Morinda umbellata</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Japan, China, Malay Archipelago, North Australia	La	OP		+	+	+		
<i>Mussaenda bellila</i> Buch-Ham.	India: Endemic Western Ghats: Goa, Maharashtra, Karnataka Kerala	La	SP		+	+	+		
<i>Hedyotis biflora</i> (L.) R.Br. ex W. & A.	India, Sri Lanka, Maldives, Lakshadweep Islands	Ph	R			+			
<i>Hedyotis brachypoda</i> (DC.) Siva & Biju	India, Sri Lanka, China, Japan, Malaysia, Indonesia, Philippines, America	Ph	R			+			
<i>Ophiorrhiza pectinata</i> Arn.	India, Sri Lanka	He	R			+			
<i>Pavetta indica</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Bhutan, China, Myanmar, Malay Archipelago, Australia	Ph	SP	+		+	+		
<i>Psychotria flavida</i> Talbot.	India: Endemic Western Ghats: Maharashtra, Karnataka, Tamil Nadu, Kerala	Ph	R						
<i>Randia gardneri</i> (Thw.) Hook. f.	India, Sri Lanka	Ph	SP			+	+	+	
<i>Randia rugulosa</i> (Thw.) Bedd.	India, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh	Ph	SP	+		+	+		
<i>Randia malabarica</i> Lamk.	India, Sri Lanka	Ph	R			+			
<i>Spermaceoce mauritiana</i> Osca Gideon ex Verdcourt.	India, Sri Lanka, Bhutan, Malesia, West Indies, Tropical America, Africa	Ph	R			+			
<i>Spermaceoce articularis</i> L.f.	India, Sri Lanka, China, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Malay Archipelago, Tropical Africa	Ph	R						
ASTERACEAE									
<i>Ageratum conyzoides</i> L.	America	Th	R			+			
<i>Eclipta prostrata</i> (L.) L.	India, Sri Lanka, Pan tropics	Th	R			+			

<i>Emilia sonchifolia</i> (L.) DC.	India, Sri Lanka, Asia, Africa	Th	R			+	+		
<i>Chromolaena odorata</i> (L.) King & Rob.	America	Th	OP			+	+	+	
<i>Mikania cordata</i> (Burm.f.) Rob.	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Thailand, Malaysia, Singapore, Philippines	La	OP	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Spilanthes calva</i> DC.	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, China, Myanmar, Malesia	He	R				+		
<i>Tridax procumbens</i> L.	Central America	Th	OP				+	+	+
<i>Vernonia albicans</i> DC	India, Tropical Asia, Australia, Africa	Th	OP				+	+	+
PLUMBAGINACEAE									
<i>Plumbago indica</i> L.	India, South East Asia	He	R					+	
SAPOTACEAE									
<i>Chrysophyllum roxburghii</i> G. Don.	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Thailand, Malay Archipelago, Hong Kong	Ph	R						
<i>Isonandra lanceolata</i> Wt.	India, Sri Lanka	Ph	R						
<i>Madhuca neriifolia</i> (Moon) Lam.	India, Sri Lanka	Ph	OP				+	+	+
<i>Mimusops elengi</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Malaysia, Australia, New Caledonia, Hawaii	Ph	C	+	+	+	+	+	+
EBENACEAE									
<i>Diospyros ebenum</i> Koenig ex Retz.	India, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Myanmar, Japan, Malesia, Australia, Central America	Ph	R					+	
<i>Diospyros buxifolia</i> (Bl.) Hiern	India, Myanmar, Malaysia, Singapore, Indonesia, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Maluku Islands, Philippines, Madagascar, New Guinea	Ph	R			+	+		
<i>Diospyros malabarica</i> (Des.) Koster	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, Myanmar, Thailand, Malaysia, Sumatra, Java, Timor, Celebes	Ph	OP				+	+	+
<i>Diospyros ovalifolia</i> Wt.	India, Sri Lanka, Malaysia	Ph	R				+		
OLEACEAE									
<i>Jasminum multiflorum</i> (Burm. f.) An.	India, Nepal, Myanmar, China, Malaysia, Indonesia	La	R				+	+	
<i>Jasminum cordifolium</i> Wall. ex Don.	Endemic India	La	R						
<i>Jasminum azoricum</i> L.	Madeira Island	La	R				+	+	
<i>Myxopyrum smilacifolium</i> Bl.	India, China, Bangladesh, Myanmar, Thailand, Cambodia, Laos	La	OP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Olea dioica</i> Roxb.	India, Nepal, Myanmar, Bangladesh	Ph	OP	+	+	+	+	+	+
APOCYNACEAE									
<i>Alstonia scholaris</i> (L.) R. Br.	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, China, Myanmar, South East Asia, Australia	Ph	C	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Allamanda cathartica</i> L.	Tropical America	La	R			+	+		
<i>Carissa spinarum</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, South East Asia	Ch	C	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Cerbera odollam</i> Gaertner	India, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Myanmar, Thailand, Vietnam, Malaysia, Indonesia, Philippines, Pacific Islands	Ph	R	+		+			
<i>Tabernaemontana heyneana</i> Wall.	Endemic India	Ph	C	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Quirivelia frutescens</i> (L.) MR & Sm.	India, Sri Lanka, Bhutan, Nepal, Bangladesh, Pakistan, China, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Myanmar, Malesia, Indonesia, Thailand, Australia	La	C	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Nerium oleander</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, Afghanistan, Iran, Japan, Cyprus, Europe	Ph	R						
<i>Parsonsia inodora</i> (Lour.) M.R. Almedia & S.M. Almedia.	India, Sri Lanka, China, Myanmar, Japan, Malaysia, Indonesia, Philippines	La	SP				+		+
<i>Plumeria alba</i> L.	Tropical America	Ph	R					+	+
<i>Rauvolfia micrantha</i> Hook. f.	India, Thailand, Vietnam	Ph	R	+	+				
<i>Rauvolfia serpentina</i> (L.) Benth. ex Kurz	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, Myanmar, China, Thailand, Malaysia, Indonesia, Taiwan, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam	Ph	R	+	+				
ASCLEPIADACEAE									
<i>Calotropis gigantea</i> (L.) R. Br.	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, Pakistan, China, Myanmar, Malaysia, Thailand, Vietnam, Indonesia, Tropical Africa, Iran	Ph	R				+		
<i>Hemidesmus indicus</i> (L.) R.Br.	India, Sri Lanka, Pakistan, Iran	La	R				+		
<i>Hoya wightii</i> Hook. f.	Endemic India	Ep	R						+
<i>Tylophora indica</i> (Burm.) Merril	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Thailand, Malesia	La	SP	+	+	+	+	+	
LOGANIACEAE									
<i>Fagraea ceilanica</i> Thunb.	India, Sri Lanka, Malaysia	Ep	R						
<i>Strychnos minor</i> Dennst.	India, Sri Lanka, Malaysia, Australia	La	C	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Strychnos nux-vomica</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Myanmar, Thailand, Malesia	Ph	OP	+	+	+	+	+	+
CONVOLVULACEAE									
<i>Cuscuta chinensis</i> Lam.	India, Sri Lanka, Afghanistan, China, Iran, Ethiopia, Australia, Russia, Indonesia, Japan, Thailand								
<i>Ipomoea mauritiana</i> Jacq.	India, Sri Lanka, Pan tropics	La	R				+		
<i>Evolvulus alsinoides</i> (L.) L.	India, Sri Lanka, Tropics and Subtropics	Th	R	+	+	+	+	+	+

SOLANACEAE								
<i>Solanum giganteum</i> Jacq.	India, Sri Lanka, Africa							
<i>Solanum wightii</i> Nees	South America	Th	R				+	
SCROPHULARIACEAE								
<i>Scoparia dulcis</i> L.	Tropical America	Th	R	+			+	
<i>Torenia travancorica</i> Gamble	India, Sri Lanka	Th	R	+				
<i>Torenia bicolor</i> Daiz.	Endemic India	Th	R					+
PEDALIACEAE								
<i>Sesamum orientale</i> L.	India, Old World	Th	R				+	
ACANTHACEAE								
<i>Andrographis paniculata</i> (Burm.f.) Wall. ex Nees.	India, Sri Lanka	Th	R	+	+			
<i>Asystasia gangetica</i> (L.) T. And.	India, Sri Lanka, South West Asia, Malaysia, Africa	Th	R					+
<i>Ecbolium ligustrinum</i> (Vahl) Vollesen	India, Sri Lanka, Malaysia	Th	R					+
<i>Elytraria acaulis</i> (L.f.) Lindau	India, Sri Lanka, Tropical and South America, Western and Eastern Tropical Africa	Th	R					
<i>Gymnostachyum febrifugum</i> Benth.	India: Endemic	Th	R					
<i>Thunbergia alata</i> Boj. ex Sins	Tropical Africa	La	R					
<i>Phalopsis imbricata</i> (Forssk.) Sweet	India, Sri Lanka, China, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Tropical Africa, Madagascar	Th	OP	+	+			
VERBENACEAE								
<i>Clerodendrum infortunatum</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Malaysia, Singapore, Thailand	Ch	OP	+			+	+
<i>Clerodendrum paniculatum</i> L.	South East Asia,	Ch	R	+				
<i>Gmelina arborea</i> Roxb.	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, Bangladesh, Pakistan, China, Bhutan, Myanmar, Vietnam, Cambodia, Thailand, Philippines, Malaysia, Greater Sunda Islands, Tanzania	Ph	R					
<i>Lantana camara</i> L	Tropical America	Ph	SP	+	+	+	+	
<i>Tectona grandis</i> L.f.	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar Malaysia	Ph	R	+				+
<i>Vitex pinnata</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Bangladesh, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Celebes, Thailand, Malaysia, Guyana	Ph	R					
LAMIACEAE								
<i>Anisomeles indica</i> (L.) O. Kuntze	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, China, Malay Archipelago, Singapore	Th	R				+	
<i>Hyptis suaveolens</i> (L.) Poit.	Tropical America	Th	R				+	
<i>Leucas aspera</i> (Willd) Link.	India, Nepal, Myanmar, Bangladesh, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Malesia, Mauritius	Th	R				+	+
<i>Ocimum americanum</i> L.	India, Old world tropics	Th	R				+	+
<i>Ocimum gratissimum</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, Thailand, Malesia, Tropical Africa, Tropical America	Th	R				+	
<i>Plectranthus mollis</i> (Aiton) Spr.	India, Nepal, Myanmar	Th	R				+	
NYCTAGINACEAE								
<i>Boerhavia repens</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Pakistan, China, West Asia, Arabian Peninsula, Africa, Pacific Islands	Th	SP				+	+
AMARNATHACEAE								
<i>Achyranthes aspera</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Pan tropics	Th	OP	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Aerva lanata</i> (L.) Juss. ex Schultes	India, Sri Lanka, Tropics and Subtropics	Th	R				+	
<i>Amaranthus spinosus</i> L.	America	Th	OP				+	+
ARISTOLOCHIACEAE								
<i>Aristolochia indica</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, Bangladesh	La	OP	+	+		+	
PIPERACEAE								
<i>Piper longum</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Malesia	La	OP	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Piper nigrum</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka	La	OP	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Piper trioicum</i> Roxb.	India, Myanmar, Bhutan, Bangladesh, Java	La	OP	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Piper argyrophyllum</i> Miq.	India, Sri Lanka	La	R				+	
MYRISTICACEAE								
<i>Gymnacranthera canarica</i> (King.) Warb.	Endemic India Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	R	+	+			
<i>Knema attenuata</i> (Hook.f. et Thoms.) Warb.	Endemic India Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	OP	+	+		+	+
<i>Myristica malabarica</i> Lam.	Endemic India Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	OP	+	+		+	+
<i>Myristica magnifica</i> (Bedd.) Sin.	Endemic India Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	R	+				+
LAURACEAE								
<i>Cassytha filiformis</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Old World Tropics	La	R					
<i>Cinnamomum malabratrum</i> (Burm.f.) Berchthold et Presl	Endemic India Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	C	+	+	+	+	+

<i>Cinnamomum verum</i> J. S. Presl	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Bangladesh, Malaysia	Ph	C	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Litsea coriacea</i> (Heyne ex Meisner) Hook. f.	Endemic India Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	R	+	+				+
<i>Neolitsea fischeri</i> Gamble	Endemic India	Ph	R					+	
ELAEAGNACEAE									
<i>Elaeagnus indica</i> Servettaz	India, Malesia	La	R	+					+
LORANTHACEAE									
<i>Dendrophthoe falcata</i> var. <i>pubescens</i> (Hook. f.) Chandras.	India, Sri Lanka	Pr	C	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Dendrophthoe elastica</i> (Denser) Danser	Endemic India	Pr	C	+	+	+	+	+	+
SANTALACEAE									
<i>Santalum album</i> L.	Endemic India Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	C	+	+	+	+	+	+
EUPHORBIACEAE									
<i>Antidesma montanum</i> Blume.	India, Bhutan, Bangladesh, Myanmar, China, Thailand, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Malaysia, Indonesia, Philippines	Ph	OP	+	+	+	+		
<i>Aporosa lindleyana</i> (Wt.) Baill.	India, Sri Lanka	Ph	C	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Breynia retusa</i> (Dennst.) Alston	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, Bangladesh, Myanmar, Thailand, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Malaysia,	La	R					+	
<i>Croton caudatus</i> Geisler	India, Sri Lanka, China, South East Asia	Ph	R					+	
<i>Euphorbia hirta</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Pan tropics	Th	R				+		
<i>Glochidion zeylanicum</i> (Gaertner) A. Juss.	India, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Myanmar, Malesia, Australia	Ph	R						
<i>Drypetes sepiaria</i> (W. & A.)Pax. &Hottim.	India, Sri Lanka	Ph	R					+	
<i>Macaranga peltata</i> (Roxb.) Muell.-Arg.	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Thailand	Ph	OP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Mallotus philippensis</i> (Lam.)Muell.-Arg.	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Bhutan, Bangladesh, China, Japan, Taiwan, Malaysia, Philippines, Australia	Ph	SP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Mallotus repandus</i> (Wild) Muell.-Arg.	India, Sri Lanka, Bhutan, China, Bangladesh, Nepal, Myanmar, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Thailand, Indonesia, Malaysia, Philippines, Australia, New Caledonia	Ph	SP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Phyllanthus amarus</i> Sech. & Thon.	America	Th	R	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Phyllanthus urinaria</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Pan tropics	Th	R	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Phyllanthus fraternus</i> Webster	India, Pakistan	Th	R	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Suregada angustifolia</i> (Muell.-Arg.)Airy Shaw	India, Sri Lanka	Th	R						
ULMACEAE									
<i>Trema orientalis</i> (L.) Bl.	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, Bhutan, Myanmar, China, Japan, Arabia, Taiwan, Thailand, Vietnam, Polynesia, Malaysia, Indonesia, Philippines, Australia, Tropical Africa	Ph	R					+	+
MORACEAE									
<i>Artocarpus heterophyllus</i> Lam.	India, Sri Lanka, South East Asia	Ph	R	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Artocarpus hirsutus</i> Lam.	Endemic India Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Antiaris toxicaria</i> (Pers) Leschem.	India, Sri Lanka, China, Myanmar, Thailand, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Indonesia, Malaysia, Philippines, Australia, Africa	Ph	R	+	+				+
<i>Ficus mollis</i> Vahl.	India, Sri Lanka	Ph	SP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Ficus rigida</i> var. <i>bracheata</i> (Corner) Bennet	India, Philippines, Borneo, New Guinea	Ph	R						
<i>Ficus religiosa</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Pakistan, China, Vietnam, Thailand	Ph	SP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Ficus benghalensis</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Pakistan	Ph	SP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Ficus callosa</i> Willd	India, Sri Lanka, China, Myanmar, Vietnam, Thailand, Indonesia, Malaysia, Philippines								
<i>Streblus asper</i> Lour.	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar China Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Thailand, Malesia	Ph	SP	+	+	+	+	+	+
ORCHIDACEAE									
<i>Acampe praemorsa</i> (Roxb.) Blater et Mc Cann.	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Seychelles	EP	C	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Bulbophyllum kaitiense</i> Reichb	Endemic India	EP	OP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Bulbophyllum sterile</i> (Lam) Suresh	India, Bangladesh, Myanmar	EP	R	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Cymbidium aloifolium</i> (L.) Sw.	India, Sri Lanka, China, Myanmar, Bangladesh, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Malaysia, Indonesia	EP	R	+	+				
<i>Dendrobium heterocarpum</i> Wall. ex Lindley	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, Myanmar, Thailand, Malaysia, Philippines, Indonesia	EP	SP	+	+	+	+	+	+

<i>Liparis wightiana</i> Thw.	India, Sri Lanka, Sumatra, Java	Th	R	+	+				
<i>Oberonia ferruginea</i> Parrsh ex Hook.f.	India, Nepal, Myanmar, China, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Thailand								
<i>Taprobanea spathulata</i> (L.) Chirst	India, Sri Lanka	EP	R					+	
<i>Vanda tessellata</i> (Roxb.) Hook. ex G.Don	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Nepal, Bangladesh, China	EP	SP	+	+	+	+	+	+
ZINGIBERACEAE									
<i>Costus speciosus</i> (Koen.) J.E.Sm.	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Nepal, Bhutan, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Malaysia, Taiwan, Philippines, Thailand, Australia	Ge	SP	+	+			+	+
<i>Curcuma zedoaria</i> (Christm) Roscoe	India, Bangladesh, Myanmar, Thailand	Ge	SP	+	+			+	+
<i>Curcuma pseudomontana</i> Grah.	Endemic India	Ge	SP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Globba ophioglossa</i> Wt.	India, Myanmar, Thailand	Ge	SP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Zingiber zerumbet</i> (L.) Ros. J.E. Sm	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Malaysia, Thailand, Cambodia, Laos, Vietnam	Ge	SP	+	+	+	+	+	+
DIOSCOREACEAE									
<i>Dioscorea bulbifera</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Tropical and Subtropical Old World	Ge	SP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Dioscorea oppositifolia</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh	Ge	SP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Dioscorea pentaphylla</i> L.	India, China, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Thailand, Myanmar, Malesia, Australia, Tropical Africa	Ge	SP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Dioscorea spicata</i> Roth.	India, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh	Ge	SP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Dioscorea tomentosa</i> Koe. ex Spr.	India, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh	Ge	R	+	+				
LILIACEAE									
<i>Asparagus racemosus</i> Willd.	India, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Nepal, Bhutan, Pakistan, China, Malesia, Australia, Tropical Africa	Ge	SP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Dracaena terniflora</i> Roxb.	India, Bangladesh, South East Asia	Ch	OP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Gloriosa superba</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Malesia, Africa, Madagascar	Ge	SP	+	+	+	+	+	+
SMILACACEAE									
<i>Smilax zeylanica</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, Myanmar, Malesia	Ge	SP	+	+	+	+	+	+
COMMELINACEAE									
<i>Dictyospermum montanum</i> Wt.	India, Sri Lanka, Vietnam	Th	R						
ARECACEAE									
<i>Borassus flabellifer</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, China, Pakistan, Malaysia, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Java, Sunda Island, New Guinea, Africa, Madagascar, Australia	Ph	R					+	+
<i>Calamus rotang</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka	La	SP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Calamus travancoricus</i> Bedd. ex Becc. et Hook. f.	India, Bangladesh	La	SP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Calamus gamblei</i> Bedd. ex Becc. et Hook. f.	Endemic India	La	R				+		
<i>Caryota urens</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, Myanmar, Malaysia, Singapore	Ph	OP	+	+	+	+	+	+
PANDANACEAE									
<i>Pandanus fascicularis</i> Lam.	India, Sri Lanka, Tropical and Subtropical Asia	Ph	OP	+	+	+	+	+	+
ARACEAE									
<i>Amorphophallus paeoniifolius</i> (Dent) Sivadasan var. <i>complanatum</i>	India, Sri Lanka, Malesia	Ge	OP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Amorphophallus paeoniifolius</i> (Dennst) Nicolson	India, Sri Lanka, Bhutan, Pacific islands								
<i>Anaphyllum wightii</i> Schott	Endemic India Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ge	OP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Pothos scandens</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, China, Myanmar, Malaysia, Singapore, New Guinea, Madagascar	EP	C	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Lagenandra ovata</i> (L.) Thw.	India, Sri Lanka	Th	R			+	+	+	
CYPERACEAE									
<i>Cyperus compressus</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Pan tropics	Th	SP		+	+	+	+	+
<i>Cyperus rotundus</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Cosmopolitan	Th	SP		+	+	+	+	+
<i>Hypolytrum nemorum</i> (Vahl) Spreng.	India, Sri Lanka, China, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Malaysia, China, Taiwan	Th	SP		+	+	+	+	+
POACEAE									
<i>Bambusa bambos</i> (L.) Voss	India, Sri Lanka, China, Myanmar, Pakistan, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam	Ph	OP	+	+	+	+		
<i>Centotheca lappacea</i> (L.) Des.	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, China, South East Asia, Tropical Africa, Polynesia	Th	OP	+	+	+	+		
<i>Eragrostis tenella</i> (L.) P. Beauv. ex Roem et Scchutt.	India, Old world Tropics	Th	OP	+		+	+		
<i>Ochlandra travancorica</i> (Bedd.) Bent.ex Gamble	Endemic India Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	SP	+	+	+	+		
<i>Sacciolepis indica</i> (L.) Chase	India, Sri Lanka, Bhutan, Myanmar, Nepal,	Th	SP	+		+			

	Japan,Thailand,Vietnam, Australia,Africa,Polynesia.									
GYMNOPSERMS										
GNETACEAE										
<i>Gnetum ula</i> Brongn	India	La	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
CYCADACEAE										
<i>Cycas circinalis</i> L.	India, SL	Ph	R	+	+					
Name and Family	GD	LF	CS	S₁	S₂	S₃	S₄	S₅		
DILLENIACEAE										
<i>Dillenia pentagyna</i> Roxb.	India, China, Nepal, Bhutan, Thailand, Myanmar, Indonesia, Malaysia, Vietnam	Ph	R							
<i>Tetracera akara</i> (Bum.f.) Merr.	India, Sri Lanka, China, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Malay Archipelago	La	SP	+				+	+	
MAGNOLIACEAE										
<i>Michelia champaca</i> L	India, Sri Lanka, Bhutan, Nepal, Bangladesh, China, South East Asia	Ph	SP							
<i>Michelia nigrica</i> Zenker	India, SL									
ANNONACEAE										
<i>Anona glabra</i> L	Tropical America, West Tropical Africa	Ph	SP							
<i>Artabotrys zeylanicus</i> Hook.f. & Th.	India, Sri Lanka	La	R	+	+	+				
<i>Polyalthia korinti</i> (Dunn) Hook.f. & Th.	India, Sri Lanka	Ph	R							
<i>Polyalthia rufescens</i> Hook.f. & Th.	India, including Andaman and Nicobar Islands	Ph	R							
<i>Polyalthia fragrans</i> (Dalz.) Bedd.	India: Endemic Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	R		+					
<i>Meiogyne pannosa</i> (Dalz.) Sin	India: Endemic Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	R	+	+			+		
<i>Uvaria narum</i> (Dunal) Wallich ex W.&A.	India, Sri Lanka	La	SP	+	+	+				
<i>Uvaria zeylanica</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka	La	R						+	
MENISPERMACEAE										
<i>Anamirta cocculus</i> (L.) W.&A.	India, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, South East Asia	La	SP	+	+			+		
<i>Cissampelos pareira</i> (Buch-ham ex.DC) Forman	India, Sri Lanka, Bhutan, Nepal, Bangladesh, Pakistan, Yunnan, Thailand, Malesia, Singapore	La	R							
<i>Cyclea peltata</i> (Poir) Hook.f. & Th.	India, Sri Lanka, Malesia	La	SP	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Diploclisia glaucescens</i> (Bl.) Diesl.	Indonesia, Sri Lanka, China, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Myanmar, Thailand, Malesia.	La	SP	+						
<i>Stephania japonica</i> (Thunb.) Miers.	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, Bangladesh, China, Japan, Korea, Taiwan, Malesia, Singapore, Australia, Africa	La	R	+			+			
<i>Tinospora cordifolia</i> (Wild.) Miers. exHook.f. & Th.	India, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Myanmar	La	R							
CAPPARACEAE										
<i>Capparis moonii</i> Wt.	India, Sri Lanka	La	R						+	
<i>Capparis zeylanica</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, Bangladesh, China, Myanmar, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Java, Philippines Malaysia	La	R							
FLACOURTIACEAE										
<i>Flacourtia montana</i> Grah.	India: Endemic Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	R							
<i>Hydnocarpus pentandra</i> (Ham.) Oken.	India: Endemic Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	C	+	+	+				
<i>Hydnocarpus alpina</i> Wt.	India, Sri Lanka	Ph	R							
XANTHOPHYLLACEAE										
<i>Xanthophyllum arnottianum</i> Wt.	India: Endemic Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	R	+	+					
CLUSIACEAE										
<i>Calophyllum apetalum</i> Willd.	India: Endemic Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	SP			+				
<i>Calophyllum inophyllum</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Old and New World Tropics	Ph	SP	+		+	+			
<i>Garcinia gummi-gutta</i> (L.) Rob.	India: Endemic Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	SP	+	+	+				
<i>Garcinia indica</i> (Thouare) Choisy.	India Endemic	Ph	R					+		
<i>Garcinia spicata</i> (Wt.&Ar.).	India, Sri Lanka	Ph	R							
<i>Mesua ferrea</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Nepal, Myanmar, Thailand, Cambodia, Vietnam, Indonesia, Singapore, Malaysia	Ph	SP	+						
DIPTEROCARPACEAE										
<i>Hopea parviflora</i> Bedd.	India: Endemic Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	R	+	+					
<i>Hopea ponga</i> (Dennst) Mabb.	India: Endemic Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	SP	+	+				+	
<i>Vateria indica</i> L.	India: Endemic Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+

<i>Vatica chinensis</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka	Ph	R								+
BOMBACACEAE											
<i>Bombax ceiba</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Java, Sumatra, New Guinea	Ph	R								
MALVACEAE											
<i>Hibiscus hirsutus</i> L.	India, Malesia	Ph	SP								
<i>Sida acuta</i> Burm.f.	Pan tropics, India, Sri Lanka	Ph	SP								
<i>Sida cordifolia</i> L.	Pan tropics, India, Sri Lanka	Ph	SP							+	
<i>Sida rhombifolia</i> L.	Pan tropics, India, Sri Lanka	Ph	SP	+						+	+
STERCULIACEAE											
<i>Sterculia balanghas</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka	Ph	SP								
<i>Sterculia foetida</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Pakistan, Myanmar, Malesia, Australia, Tropical Africa.	Ph	SP								+
SYMPLOCACEAE											
<i>Symplocos cochinchinensis</i> (Lour.) Moore	Japan, Vietnam, India, China, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Myanmar, Thailand, Japan, Malaysia, Philippines, Sumatra, Java, New Guinea, Borneo	Ph	R							+	
<i>Symplocos racemosa</i> Roxb.	India, China, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Myanmar, Thailand	Ph								+	+
TILIACEAE											
<i>Grewia serrulata</i> DC.	India, Bhutan, Nepal, Myanmar, Pakistan, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Malaysia, Australia, Africa	Ph	R	+							
LINACEAE											
<i>Hugonia mystax</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka	La	SP	+						+	+
OXALIDACEAE											
<i>Biophytum sensitivum</i> (L.) DC.	India, Sri Lanka, Tropical Asia, Africa, America	Th	SP	+							+
<i>Oxalis corniculata</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Pan tropics	Th	SP	+							
RUTACEAE											
<i>Acronychia pedunculata</i> (L.) Miq.	India, Sri Lanka, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Taiwan, Sumatra, Borneo, Philippines, Java.	Ph	R							+	+
<i>Aegle marmelos</i> (L.) Corr. Serr.	India, Myanmar, PAK, Cambodia, Vietnam, Java	Ph	R								
<i>Atalantia monophylla</i> (L.) Corr. Serr.	India, Pakistan, Laos, , Cambodia, Vietnam, Myanmar	Ph	R								+
<i>Atalantia racemosa</i> W.& A.	India, Sri Lanka	Ph	R								
<i>Glycosmis pentaphylla</i> (Retz.) DC	India, Sri Lanka, China., Myanmar, Malay Archipelago, Australia										
<i>Glycosmis mauritiana</i> (Lam.) Janaka.	India, Sri Lanka, South East Asia										
<i>Murraya paniculata</i> (L.) Jack	India, Sri Lanka, China, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Myanmar, Malesia, Pacific Islands, Australia	Ph	SP							+	
<i>Murraya koinigii</i> Spreng	India, Sri Lanka, China, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Myanmar	Ph	R								
<i>Todalia asiatica</i> (L.) Lam.	India, Sri Lanka, China, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Thailand, Malesia, Tropical Africa.										
<i>Zanthoxylum rhetsa</i> (Roxb.)DC.	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Thailand, Malay Archipelago	Ph	R	+							+
SIMAROUBACEAE											
<i>Ailanthus triphysa</i> (Den.) Alston	India, Sri Lanka, China Myanmar, Thailand, Cambodia, Vietnam, Malaysia, Indonesia, Australia	Ph	R							+	
<i>Quassia indica</i> (Gaertn.) Nootch.	India, Sri Lanka, Tropical Asia	Ph	R							+	
MELIACEAE											
<i>Aglaiia elaeagnoidea</i> (Juss.) Benth.	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Malaysia, Singapore, Indonesia	Ph	SP	+	+						+
<i>Azadirachta indica</i> A. Juss.	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Pakistan, China, Malesia	Ph	R								
<i>Cipadessa baccifera</i> (Roth.) Miq.	India, Sri Lanka, Malaysia, Java	Ph	R								
<i>Naregamia alata</i> W.&A.	India, Angola	Ph	SP	+	+						
<i>Swietenia mahagoni</i> (L.) Jacq.	Central America, West Indies	Ph	R								
DICHAPETALACEAE											
<i>Dichapetalum gelonioides</i> (Roxb.) Engl.	India, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Sumatra	Ph	R								
OLACACEAE											
<i>Anacolosia densiflora</i> Bedd.	India: Endemic Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	R	+	+	+					
ICACINACEAE											
<i>Sarcostigma kleinii</i> W.&A.	India, Malaysia	La	R	+	+	+	+	+	+		
HIPPOCRATEACEAE											
<i>Salacia fruticosa</i> Heyne ex Lawson	India: Endemic Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	La	R	+							
RHAMNACEAE											
<i>Ziziphus oenoplia</i> (L.) Mill.	India, Sri Lanka, Pan tropics	La	SP	+	+	+	+	+	+		
<i>Ziziphus rugosa</i> Lam.	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Bangladesh, Pakistan, Thailand, Vietnam, Laos	La	SP	+	+	+	+	+	+		
VITACEAE											

<i>Ampelocissus indica</i> (L.) Planch.	India, Sri Lanka	La	R	+	+				
<i>Cissus arnottiana</i> Shetty & P. Singh	India, Sri Lanka, Africa	La	OP	+	+	+	+	+	+
LEEACEAE									
<i>Leea indica</i> (Burm.) Merr.	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, Bangladesh, China, Myanmar, Malaysia, Austr.								
SAPINDACEAE									
<i>Cardiospermum halicacabum</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Pakistan, Malaysia, Tropical Africa, America	Th	R	+		+			
ANACARDIACEAE									
<i>Anacardium occidentale</i> L.	South America	Ph	R			+	+		
<i>Buchanania lanceolata</i> Wt.	India, Myanmar	Ph	R						
<i>Holigarna arnottiana</i> Hook.f.	India: Endemic Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	C	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Holigrana beddomei</i> Hook.f.	India: Endemic Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	R						
<i>Mangifera indica</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Thailand, Malesia	Ph	SP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Nothopegia racemosa</i> (Daiz.) Ram.	Endemic India	Ph	R	+	+				
<i>Lannea coromandelica</i> (Houtt.) Merr.	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, Bangladesh, Pakistan, Myanmar, China, Bhutan, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Thailand	Ph	R			+	+		
<i>Spondias Pinnata</i> (L.f.) Kurz.	India, Sri Lanka, China, Tropical Asia	Ph	OP						
CONNARACEAE									
<i>Connarus monocarpus</i> L	India, Sri Lanka	La	OP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Connarus paniculata</i> Roxb.	India: Endemic Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	La	R						
FABACEAE									
Caesalpiniaceae									
<i>Caesalpinia bonduc</i> (L.) Roxb.	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, Bangladesh, Myanmar, Malay Archipelago	La	OP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Cassia fistula</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Nepal, Bangladesh, Malesia	Ph	R	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Cassia kleinii</i> W.&A.	India, Sri Lanka	Th	R			+			
<i>Cassia tora</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, Pakistan, Myanmar, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam	Ph	R						
<i>Tamarindus indica</i> L.	Tropical Africa	Ph	R	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Saraca asoca</i> (Roxb.) de Wilde.	India, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Bhutan, Nepal, Myanmar, Malaysia	Ph	R	+	+	+	+	+	+
Fabaceae									
<i>Abrus precatorius</i> L.	India, Pan tropics	La	C	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Clitoria ternatea</i> L.	East Africa	La	R					+	
<i>Crotalaria juncea</i> L	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Bangladesh, Bhutan, Nepal, Pakistan, Malaysia, Thailand, Russia, Australia	Th	R			+			
<i>Dalbergia volubilis</i> Roxb.	India, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Nepal, Myanmar, Laos, Vietnam	La	OP	+	+				
<i>Deriis scandens</i> (Roxb.) Benth.	India, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Pakistan, China, Nepal, Myanmar, Thailand, Malesia								
<i>Desmodium triflorum</i> (L.) DC.	India, Sri Lanka, Bhutan, Pakistan, Bangladesh, China, Myanmar, Hong Kong, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Thailand, Malesia, Pacific Islands, Polynesia, Australia, Africa, America	Ph	R	+					
<i>Kunstleria keralensis</i> C.N. Moh. et Nair	India: Endemic Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	La	R	+					
<i>Pongamia pinnata</i> (L.) Pierre	India, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Pakistan, Myanmar, China, Malesia, Vietnam, Thailand, Australia, Polynesia	Ph	SP			+			
<i>Butea monospema</i> (Lam.) Taubert.	India, Nepal, Pakistan, Myanmar, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Thailand, Malesia	La	R						
<i>Tephrosia purpurea</i> (L.) Pers..	India, Sri Lanka, Old World Tropics	Th	R			+			
Mimosaceae									
<i>Acacia caesia</i> (L.) Willd.	India, Sri Lanka, Pakistan, Myanmar, China, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Thailand	La	SP	+					
<i>Acacia Pennata</i> (L.) Willd.	India, Sri Lanka, Bhutan, Nepal, Bangladesh, Myanmar, Thailand	Ph	R			+			
<i>Adenantha pavonina</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Thailand, Timor, China, Malaysia	Ph	OP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Albizia lebeck</i> (L.) Benth.	India, Sri Lanka, Malay Archipelago, China, North Australia, Tropical Africa	Ph	R			+			
<i>Mimosa pudica</i> L.	Tropical America	Th	R			+			
RHIZOPORACEAE									
<i>Carallia brachiata</i> (Lour) Merr.	India, Sri Lanka, China, Malay Archipelago, Australia	Ph	R			+			+

<i>Blepharistemma serratum</i> (Dennst.) Suresh	India: Endemic Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	R					+		
COMBRETACEAE										
<i>Calycopteris floribunda</i> (Roxb.) Poiret	India, Bangladesh, Myanmar, Thailand, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Malesia, Singapore	La	OP	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Combretum latifolium</i> Bl.	India including Andaman Islands, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Myanmar, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Thailand, Malesia	La	OP	+	+	+				
<i>Quisqualis indica</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Old World Tropics	La	R							
<i>Terminalia bellirica</i> (Gaert.) Roxb.	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, Bangladesh, Myanmar, China, Laos, Cambodia, Malaysia, Vietnam	Ph	R	+	+					+
<i>Terminalia paniculata</i> Roth.	India: Endemic Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala									
MYRTACEAE										
<i>Syzygium gardneri</i> Thw.	India, Sri Lanka	Ph	R					+		
<i>Syzygium cumini</i> (L.) Skeels	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, China, Malay Archipelago, Australia	Ph	R	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Syzygium claviflorum</i> (Roxb.) Wall. ex A.M. Cowan & Cowan	India, Sri Lanka	Ph	R						+	
<i>Syzygium mundagam</i> (Bourd.) Chitra	India: Endemic Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	R							
BARRINGTONIACEAE										
<i>Barringtonia racemosa</i> (L.) Sprengel	India, Sri Lanka, Malaysia, Polynesia	Ph	R							
MELASTOMACEAE										
<i>Melastoma malabathricum</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, South China, Taiwan, Australia	Ph	R							
MEMECYLACEAE										
<i>Memecylon randerianum</i> S.M. Almeida & M.R. Almeida	Endemic India	Ph	R	+	+					
<i>Memecylon wightianum</i> Triana	Endemic India	Ph	R	+	+					
<i>Memecylon umbellatum</i> Burm. f.	India, Sri Lanka	Ph	R		+					
LYTHRACEAE										
<i>Lagerstroemia hirsuta</i> (Lam.) Willd	India, Sri Lanka, Pakistan, Myanmar, China, Malaysia, Indonesia, New Guinea	Ph	R	+	+					
ONAGRACEAE										
<i>Ludwigia perennis</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Afghanistan, Japan, China, Iran, Malesia, New Caledonia, Australia, Tropical Africa, Madagascar	Ph	R					+		
SAMYDACEAE										
<i>Casearia championii</i> Thw.	India, Sri Lanka, Malaysia	Ph	R							
PASSIFLORACEAE										
<i>Passiflora foetida</i> L.	Tropical America	Th	R							
CUCURBITACEAE										
<i>Coccinia grandis</i> (L.) J. Voigt	India, Sri Lanka, China, Myanmar, Japan, Malaysia, Tropical Australia, Tropical Africa	La	R							
<i>Solena amplexicaulis</i> (Lam.) Gandhi	Endemic India	La	C	+	+	+				+
<i>Momordica dioica</i> Roxb. ex Willd.	India, Sri Lanka, China, Myanmar, Nepal, Pakistan, Bangladesh	La	R	+						
BEGONIACEAE										
<i>Begonia malabarica</i> Lam.	Endemic India	Th	R					+		
CACTACEAE										
<i>Opuntia vulgaris</i> Niller	Brazil	Ch	R					+		
APIACEAE										
<i>Centella asiatica</i> (L.) Urban.	India, Sri Lanka, Tropical and subtropical Asia, Africa	Th	R					+		
ALANGIACEAE										
<i>Alangium salvifolium</i> (L.f.) Wang. ssp. <i>salvifolium</i>	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Thailand, Vietnam, Malaysia, Philippines, Africa	Ph	OP	+	+				+	
<i>Alangium salvifolium</i> (Miq.) Bloemb. ssp. <i>sundanum</i>	India, Malay Archipelago	La	OP		+	+	+			
RUBIACEAE										
<i>Neolamarckia cadamba</i> (Roxb.) Bosser.	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Malaysia, Sumatra, Borneo	Ph	R							
<i>Canthium dicoccum</i> (Gaertn.) Teigs & Binn.	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, China, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Malay Archipelago	Ph	SP	+	+	+	+			
<i>Chassalia ophioides</i> (Wall.) Craib.	India, Sri Lanka	Ph	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Tarenna asiatica</i> (L.) Kuntze ex Schum.	India, Sri Lanka, Malaysia	Ph	R							
<i>Psilanthus travancorensis</i> W. & A.	India, Sri Lanka	Ch	R	+	+					
<i>Coffea arabica</i> L.	Ethiopia	Ph	R							
<i>Geophila repens</i> (L.) Johnston	India, Sri Lanka, China, Myanmar, Malay Archipelago, Tropical Africa, Polynesia, America	Th	R	+	+					
<i>Ixora coccinea</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Myanmar	Ph	OP					+		

<i>Ixora brachiata</i> Roxb. ex DC.	India: Endemic Western Ghats: Goa, Karnataka, Tamil Nadu Kerala	Ph	SP	+	+		+		
<i>Ixora alba</i> L.	India including Andaman & Nicobar Islands	Ph	SP	+	+				
<i>Ixora nigricans</i> R.Br. ex W. & A.	India, Myanmar, Malay Archipelago	Ph	SP	+	+	+			
<i>Ixora polyantha</i> Wt.	India: Endemic Western Ghats: Maharashtra, Karnataka, Kerala	Ph	R						
<i>Knoxia sumatrensis</i> (Retz.) DC	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, Bhutan, China, Malay Archipelago, Tropical Australia	He	R	+	+				
<i>Mitragyna tubulosa</i> (A.) Hav.	India, Sri Lanka	Ph	R						
<i>Morinda pubescens</i> Sm.	India, Sri Lanka, Malay, Malay Archipelago	Ph	SP	+	+	+			
<i>Morinda umbellata</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Japan, China, Malay Archipelago, North Australia	La	OP		+	+	+		
<i>Mussaenda belilla</i> Buch-Ham.	India: Endemic Western Ghats: Goa, Maharashtra, Karnataka Kerala	La	SP		+	+	+		
<i>Hedyotis biflora</i> R.Br. ex W. & A.	India, Sri Lanka, Maldives, Lakshadweep Islands	Ph	R			+			
<i>Hedyotis brachypoda</i> (DC.) Siva & Biju	India, Sri Lanka, China, Japan, Malaysia, Indonesia, Philippines, America	Ph	R			+			
<i>Ophiorrhiza pectinata</i> Arn.	India, Sri Lanka	He	R			+			
<i>Pavetta indica</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Bhutan, China, Myanmar, Malay Archipelago, Australia	Ph	SP	+		+	+		
<i>Psychotria flavida</i> Talbot.	India: Endemic Western Ghats: Maharashtra, Karnataka, Tamil Nadu, Kerala	Ph	R						
<i>Randia gardneri</i> (Thw.) Hook. f.	India, Sri Lanka	Ph	SP			+	+	+	
<i>Randia rugulosa</i> (Thw.) Bedd.	India, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh	Ph	SP	+		+	+		
<i>Randia malabarica</i> Lamk.	India, Sri Lanka	Ph	R			+			
<i>Spermacoce mauritiana</i> Osca Gideon ex Verdcourt.	India, Sri Lanka, Bhutan, Malesia, West Indies, Tropical America, Africa	Ph	R			+			
<i>Spermacoce articularis</i> L.f.	India, Sri Lanka, China, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Malay Archipelago, Tropical Africa	Ph	R						
ASTERACEAE									
<i>Ageratum conyzoides</i> L.	America	Th	R			+			
<i>Eclipta prostrata</i> (L.) L.	India, Sri Lanka, Pan tropics	Th	R			+			
<i>Emilia sonchifolia</i> (L.) DC.	India, Sri Lanka, Asia, Africa	Th	R			+	+		
<i>Chromolaena odorata</i> (L.) King & Rob.	America	Th	OP		+	+	+		
<i>Mikania cordata</i> (Burm.f.) Rob.	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Thailand, Malaysia, Singapore, Philippines	La	OP	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Spilanthes calva</i> DC.	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, China, Myanmar, Malesia	He	R			+			
<i>Tridax procumbens</i> L.	Central America	Th	OP			+	+	+	
<i>Vernonia albicans</i> DC	India, Tropical Asia, Australia, Africa	Th	OP			+	+	+	
PLUMBAGINACEAE									
<i>Plumbago indica</i> L.	India, South East Asia	He	R					+	
SAPOTACEAE									
<i>Chrysophyllum roxburghii</i> G. Don.	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Thailand, Malay Archipelago, Hong Kong	Ph	R						
<i>Isonandra lanceolata</i> Wt.	India, Sri Lanka	Ph	R						
<i>Madhuca nerifolia</i> (Moon) Lam.	India, Sri Lanka	Ph	OP			+	+	+	
<i>Mimusops elengi</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Malaysia, Australia, New Caledonia, Hawaii	Ph	C	+	+	+	+	+	
EBENACEAE									
<i>Diospyros ebenum</i> Koenig	India, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Myanmar, Japan, Malesia, Australia, Central America	Ph	R					+	
<i>Diospyros buxifolia</i> (Bl.) Hiern	India, Myanmar, Malaysia, Singapore, Indonesia, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Maluku Islands, Philippines, Madagascar, New Guinea	Ph	R			+	+		
<i>Diospyros malabarica</i> (Des.) Koster	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, Myanmar, Thailand, Malaysia, Sumatra, Java, Timor, Celebes	Ph	OP			+	+	+	
<i>Diospyros ovalifolia</i> Wt.	India, Sri Lanka, Malaysia	Ph	R			+			
OLEACEAE									
<i>Jasminum multiflorum</i> (Burm. f.) An.	India, Nepal, Myanmar, China, Malaysia, Indonesia	La	R			+	+		
<i>Jasminum cordifolium</i> Wall. ex Don.	Endemic India	La	R						
<i>Jasminum azoricum</i> L.	Madeira Island	La	R			+	+		
<i>Myxopyrum smilacifolium</i> Bl.	India, China, Bangladesh, Myanmar, Thailand, Cambodia, Laos	La	OP	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Olea dioica</i> Roxb.	India, Nepal, Myanmar, Bangladesh	Ph	OP	+	+	+	+	+	
APOCYNACEAE									

<i>Alstonia scholaris</i> (L.) R. Br.	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, China, Myanmar, South East Asia, Australia	Ph	C	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Allamanda cathartica</i> L.	Tropical America	La	R		+	+			
<i>Carissa spinarum</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, South East Asia	Ch	C	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Cerbera odollam</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Myanmar, Thailand, Vietnam, Malaysia, Indonesia, Philippines, Pacific Islands	Ph	R	+		+			
<i>Tabernaemontana heyneana</i> Wall.	Endemic India	Ph	C	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Quirivelia frutescens</i> (L.) MR & Sm.	India, Sri Lanka, Bhutan, Nepal, Bangladesh, Pakistan, China, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Myanmar, Malesia, Indonesia, Thailand, Australia	La	C	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Nerium oleander</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal Afghanistan, Iran, Japan, Cyprus, Europe	Ph	R						
<i>Parsonsia inodora</i> (Lour.) M.R. Almedia & S.M. Almedia.	India, Sri Lanka, China, Myanmar, Japan, Malaysia, Indonesia, Philippines	La	SP			+			+
<i>Plumeria alba</i> L.	Tropical America	Ph	R					+	+
<i>Rauvolfia micrantha</i> Hook. f.	India, Thailand, Vietnam	Ph	R	+	+				
<i>Rauvolfia serpentina</i> (L.) Benth. ex Kurz	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, Myanmar, China, Thailand, Malaysia, Indonesia, Taiwan, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam	Ph	R	+	+				
ASCLEPIADACEAE									
<i>Calotropis gigantea</i> (L.) R. Br.	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, Pakistan, , China, Myanmar, Malaysia, Thailand, Vietnam Indonesia, Tropical Africa, Iran	Ph	R				+		
<i>Hemidesmus indicus</i> (L.) R.Br.	India, Sri Lanka, Pakistan, Iran	La	R				+		
<i>Hoya wightii</i> Hook. f.	Endemic India	Ep	R						+
<i>Tylophora indica</i> (Burm.) Merrill	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Thailand, Malesia	La	SP	+	+	+	+	+	+
LOGANIACEAE									
<i>Fagraea ceilanica</i> Thurb.	India, Sri Lanka, Malaysia	Ep	R						
<i>Strychnos minor</i> Dennst.	India, Sri Lanka, Malaysia, Australia	La	C	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Strychnos nux-vomica</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Myanmar, Thailand, Malesia	Ph	OP	+	+	+	+	+	+
CONVOLVULACEAE									
<i>Cuscuta chinensis</i> Lam.	India, Sri Lanka, Afghanistan, China, Iran, Ethiopia, Australia, Russia, Indonesia, Japan, Thailand								
<i>Ipomoea mauritiana</i> Jacq.	India, Sri Lanka, Pan tropics	La	R				+		
<i>Evolvulus alsinoides</i> (L.) L.	India, Sri Lanka, Tropics and Subtropics	Th	R	+	+	+	+	+	+
SOLANACEAE									
<i>Solanum giganteum</i> Jacq.	India, Sri Lanka, Africa								
<i>Solanum wightii</i> Nees	South America	Th	R				+		
SCROPHULARIACEAE									
<i>Scoparia dulcis</i> L.	Tropical America	Th	R	+			+		
<i>Torenia travancorica</i> Gamble	India, Sri Lanka	Th	R	+					
<i>Toerina bicolor</i> Daiz.	Endemic India	Th	R						+
PEDALIACEAE									
<i>Sesamum orientale</i> L.	India, Old World	Th	R				+		
ACANTHACEAE									
<i>Andrographis paniculata</i> (Burm.f.) Wall. ex Nees.	India, Sri Lanka	Th	R	+	+				
<i>Asystasia gangetica</i> (L.) T. And.	India, Sri Lanka, South West Asia, Malaysia, Africa	Th	R						+
<i>Ecbolium ligustrinum</i> (Vahl) Vollesen	India, Sri Lanka, Malaysia	Th	R						+
<i>Elytraria acaulis</i> (L.f.) Lindau	India, Sri Lanka, Tropical and South America, Western and Eastern Tropical Africa	Th	R						
<i>Gymnostachyum febrifugum</i> Benth.	India: Endemic	Th	R						
<i>Thunbergia alata</i> Boj. ex Sins	Tropical Africa	La	R						
<i>Phalopsis imbricata</i> (Forssk.) Sweet	India, Sri Lanka, China, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Tropical Africa, Madagascar	Th	OP	+	+				
VERBENACEAE									
<i>Clerodendrum infortunatum</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Malaysia, Singapore, Thailand	Ch	OP	+			+	+	+
<i>Clerodendrum paniculata</i> L.	South East Asia,	Ch	R	+					
<i>Gmelina arborea</i> Roxb.	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, Bangladesh, Pakistan, China, Bhutan, Myanmar, Vietnam, Cambodia, Thailand, Philippines, Malaysia, Greater Sunda Islands, Tanzania	Ph	R						
<i>Lantana camara</i> L	Tropical America	Ph	SP	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Tectona grandis</i> L.f.	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar Malaysia	Ph	R	+				+	
<i>Vitex pinnata</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Bangladesh, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Celebes, Thailand, Malaysia, Guyana	Ph	R						
LAMIACEAE									
<i>Anisomeles indica</i> (L.) O. Kuntze	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, China, Malay Archipelago,	Th	R				+		

	Singapore								
<i>Hyptis suaveolens</i> (L.) Poit.	Tropical America	Th	R				+		
<i>Leucas aspera</i> (Willd) Link.	India, Nepal, Myanmar, Bangladesh, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Malesia, Mauritius	Th	R				+		+
<i>Ocimum americanum</i> L.	India, Old world tropics	Th	R				+	+	
<i>Ocimum gratissimum</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, Thailand, Malesia, Tropical Africa, Tropical America	Th	R				+		
<i>Plectranthus mollis</i> (Aiton) Spr.	India, Nepal, Myanmar	Th	R				+		
NYCTAGINACEAE									
<i>Boerhavia repens</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Pakistan, China, West Asia, Arabian Peninsula, Africa, Pacific Islands	Th	SP				+	+	
AMARNATHACEAE									
<i>Achyranthes aspera</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Pan tropics	Th	OP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Aerva lanata</i> (L.) Juss. ex Schultes	India, Sri Lanka, Tropics and Subtropics	Th	R				+		
<i>Amaranthus spinosus</i> L.	America	Th	OP				+	+	+
ARISTOLOCHIACEAE									
<i>Aristolochia indica</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, Bangladesh	La	OP	+	+			+	
PIPERACEAE									
<i>Piper longum</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Malesia	La	OP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Piper nigrum</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka	La	OP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Piper trioicum</i> Roxb.	India, Myanmar, Bhutan, Bangladesh, Java	La	OP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Piper argyrophyllum</i> Miq.	India, Sri Lanka	La	R				+		
MYRISTICACEAE									
<i>Gymnacranthera canarica</i> (King.) Warb.	Endemic India Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	R	+	+				
<i>Knema attenuata</i> (Hook.f. et Thoms.) Warb.	Endemic India Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	OP	+	+			+	+
<i>Myristica malabarica</i> Lam.	Endemic India Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	OP	+	+			+	+
<i>Myristica fatua</i> var. <i>magnifica</i> (Bedd.) Sin.	Endemic India Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	R	+					+
LAURACEAE									
<i>Cassytha filiformis</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Old World Tropics	La	R						
<i>Cinnamomum malabatarum</i> (Burm.f.) Berchthold et Presl	Endemic India Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	C	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Cinnamomum verum</i> J. S. Presl	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Bangladesh, Malaysia	Ph	C	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Litsea coriacea</i> (Heyne ex Meisser) Hook. f.	Endemic India Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	R	+	+				+
<i>Neolitsea fischeri</i> Gamble	Endemic India	Ph	R					+	
ELAEAGNACEAE									
<i>Elaeagnus indica</i> Servettaz	India, Malesia	La	R	+				+	
LORANTHACEAE									
<i>Dendrophthoe falcata</i> var. <i>pubescens</i> (Hook. f.) Chandran	India, Sri Lanka	Pr	C	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Dendrophthoe falcata</i> (L.f.) Ettingsh var. <i>falcata</i>	India, Sri Lanka, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Malaysia, Australia								
<i>Dentrophthoe elasticus</i> (Denser) Danser	Endemic India	Pr	C	+	+	+	+	+	+
SANTALACEAE									
<i>Santalum album</i> L.	Endemic India Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	C	+	+	+	+	+	+
EUPHORBIACEAE									
<i>Antidesma montanum</i> Blume.	India, Bhutan, Bangladesh, Myanmar, China, Thailand, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Malaysia, Indonesia, Philippines	Ph	OP	+	+	+	+		
<i>Aporosa lindleyana</i> (Wt.) Baill.	India, Sri Lanka	Ph	C	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Breynia retusa</i> (Dennst.) Alston	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, Bangladesh, Myanmar, Thailand, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Malaysia,	La	R					+	
<i>Croton caudatus</i> Geisler	India, Sri Lanka, China, South East Asia	Ph	R					+	
<i>Euphorbia hirta</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Pan tropics	Th	R				+		
<i>Glochidion zeylanicum</i> (Gaertner) A. Juss.	India, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Myanmar, Malesia, Australia	Ph	R						
<i>Dryptes sepiaria</i> (W. & A.) Pax. & Hottim.	India, Sri Lanka	Ph	R					+	
<i>Macaranga peltata</i> (Roxb.) Muell.-Arg.	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Thailand	Ph	OP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Mallotus philippensis</i> (Lam.) Muell.-Arg.	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Bhutan, Bangladesh, China, Japan, Taiwan, Malaysia, Philippines, Australia	Ph	SP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Mallotus repandus</i> (Wild) Muell.-Arg.	India, Sri Lanka, Bhutan, China, Bangladesh, Nepal, Myanmar, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Thailand,	Ph	SP	+	+	+	+	+	+

	Indonesia, Malaysia, Philippines, Australia, New Caledonia								
<i>Phyllanthus amarus</i> Sech. & Thon.	America	Th	R	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Phyllanthus urinaria</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Pan tropics	Th	R	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Phyllanthus fraternus</i> Webster	India, Pakistan	Th	R	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Suregada angustifolia</i> (Muell.-Arg.) Airy Shaw	India, Sri Lanka	Th	R						
ULMACEAE									
<i>Trema orientalis</i> (L.) Bl.	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, Bhutan, Myanmar, China, Japan, Arabia, Taiwan, Thailand, Vietnam, Polynesia, Malaysia, Indonesia, Philippines, Australia, Tropical Africa	Ph	R			+	+		
MORACEAE									
<i>Artocarpus heterophyllus</i> Lam.	India, Sri Lanka, South East Asia	Ph	R	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Artocarpus hirsutus</i> Lam.	Endemic India Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Antiaris toxicaria</i> (Pers) Leschem.	India, Sri Lanka, China, Myanmar, Thailand, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Indonesia, Malaysia, Philippines, Australia, Africa	Ph	R	+	+				+
<i>Ficus tomentosa</i> Roxb.	India, Sri Lanka	Ph	SP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Ficus rigida</i> var. <i>bracheata</i> (Corner) Bennet	India, Philippines, Borneo, New Guinea	Ph	R						
<i>Ficus religiosa</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Pakistan, China, Vietnam, Thailand	Ph	SP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Ficus benghalensis</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Pakistan	Ph	SP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Ficus callosa</i> Willd	India, Sri Lanka, China, Myanmar, Vietnam, Thailand, Indonesia, Malaysia, Philippines								
<i>Strebulus asper</i> Lour.	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar China Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Thailand, Malesia	Ph	SP	+	+	+	+	+	+
ORCHIDACEAE									
<i>Acampe praemorsa</i> (Roxb.) Blater et Mc Cann.	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Seychelles	EP	C	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Bulbophyllum kaitense</i> Reichb	Endemic India	EP	OP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Bulbophyllum sterile</i> (Lam) Suresh	India, Bangladesh, Myanmar	EP	R	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Cymbidium aloifolium</i> (L.) Sw.	India, Sri Lanka, China, Myanmar, Bangladesh, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Malaysia, Indonesia	EP	R	+	+				
<i>Dendrobium heterocarpum</i> Wall. ex Lindley	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, Myanmar, Thailand, Malaysia, Philippines, Indonesia	EP	SP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Liparis wghitiana</i> Thw.	India, Sri Lanka, Sumatra, Java	Th	R	+	+				
<i>Oberonia ferruginea</i> Parrsh ex Hook.f.	India, Nepal, Myanmar, China, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Thailand								
<i>Taprobanea spathulata</i> (L.) Chirst	India, Sri Lanka	EP	R					+	
<i>Vanda tessellata</i> Hook.	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Nepal, Bangladesh, China	EP	SP	+	+	+	+	+	+
ZINGIBERACEAE									
<i>Costus speciosus</i> (Koen.) J.E.Sm.	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Nepal, Bhutan, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Malaysia, Taiwan, Philippines, Thailand, Australia	Ge	SP	+	+			+	+
<i>Curcuma zedraei</i> (Christm) Roscoe	India, Bangladesh, Myanmar, Thailand	Ge	SP	+	+			+	+
<i>Curcuma pseudomontana</i> Grah.	Endemic India	Ge	SP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Globba ophioglossa</i> Wt.	India, Myanmar, Thailand	Ge	SP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Zingiber zerumbet</i> (L.) Ros. J.E. Sm	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Malaysia, Thailand, Cambodia, Laos, Vietnam	Ge	SP	+	+	+	+	+	+
DIOSCOREACEAE									
<i>Dioscorea bulbifera</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Tropical and Subtropical Old World	Ge	SP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Dioscorea oppositifolia</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh	Ge	SP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Dioscorea pentaphylla</i> L.	India, China, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Thailand, Myanmar, Malesia, Australia, Tropical Africa	Ge	SP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Dioscorea spicata</i> Roth.	India, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh	Ge	SP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Dioscorea tomentosa</i> Koe. ex Spr.	India, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh	Ge	R	+	+				
LILIACEAE									
<i>Asparagus racemosus</i> Willd.	India, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Nepal, Bhutan, Pakistan, China, Malesia, Australia, Tropical Africa	Ge	SP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Dracaena terniflora</i> Roxb.	India, Bangladesh, South East Asia	Ch	OP	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Gloriosa superba</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Malesia, Africa, Madagascar	Ge	SP	+	+	+	+	+	+
SMILACACEAE									
<i>Smilax zeylanica</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, Myanmar, Malesia	Ge	SP	+	+	+	+	+	+
COMMELINACEAE									
<i>Dictyospermum montanum</i> Wt.	India, Sri Lanka, Vietnam	Th	R						

ARECACEAE								
<i>Borassus flabellifera</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, China, Pakistan, Malaysia, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Java, Sunda Island, New Guinea, Africa, Madagascar, Australia	Ph	R				+	+
<i>Calamus rotang</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka	La	SP	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Calamus travancoricus</i> Bedd. ex Becc. et Hook. f.	India, Bangladesh	La	SP	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Calamus gamblei</i> Bedd. ex Becc. et Hook. f.	Endemic India	La	R			+		
<i>Caryota urens</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, Myanmar, Malaysia, Singapore	Ph	OP	+	+	+	+	+
PANDANACEAE								
<i>Pandanus fascicularis</i> Lam.	India, Sri Lanka, Tropical and Subtropical Asia	Ph	OP	+	+	+	+	+
ARACEAE								
<i>Amorphophallus paeonifolius</i> (Deenst) Sivadasan var. <i>complanatum</i>	India, Sri Lanka, Malesia	Ge	OP	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Amorphophallus paeonifolius</i> (Dennst) Nicolson	India, Sri Lanka, Bhutan, Pacific islands							
<i>Anaphyllum wightii</i> Schott	Endemic India Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ge	OP	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Pothos scandens</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, China, Myanmar, Malaysia, Singapore, New Guinea, Madagascar	EP	C	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Lagenandra ovate</i> (L.) Thw.	India, Sri Lanka	Th	R		+	+	+	
CYPERACEAE								
<i>Cyperus compressus</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Pan tropics	Th	SP		+	+	+	+
<i>Cyperus rotundus</i> L.	India, Sri Lanka, Cosmopolitan	Th	SP		+	+	+	+
<i>Hypolytrum nemorum</i> (Vahl) Spreng.	India, Sri Lanka, China, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Malaysia, China, Taiwan	Th	SP		+	+	+	+
POACEAE								
<i>Bambusa bambos</i> (L.) Voss	India, Sri Lanka, China, Myanmar, Pakistan, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam	Ph	OP	+	+	+	+	
<i>Centotheca lappacea</i> (L.) Des.	India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, China, South East Asia, Tropical Africa, Polynesia	Th	OP	+	+	+	+	
<i>Ergrostis tenella</i> (L.) P. Beauv. ex Roem et Schutt.	India, Old world Tropics	Th	OP	+		+	+	
<i>Ochlandra travancorica</i> (Bedd.) Bent. ex Gamble	Endemic India Western Ghats: Karnataka Kerala	Ph	SP	+	+	+	+	
<i>Sacciolepis indica</i> (L.) Chase	India, Sri Lanka, Bhutan, Myanmar, Nepal, Japan, Thailand, Vietnam, Australia, Africa, Polynesia.	Th	SP	+		+		
GYMNOSPERMS								
GNETACEAE								
<i>Gnetum ula</i> Brongn	India	La	C	+	+	+	+	+
CYCADACEAE								
<i>Cycas circinalis</i> L.	India, SL	Ph	R	+	+			

Legends

S₁-Low land (Central Kerala), S₂- Mid land (Central Kerala), S₃- Highland (Central Kerala), S₄ Mid land (South Kerala), S₅- Mid land (North Kerala), LF- Life Forms, CS- Conservation Status, GD- Geographical Distribution, VC- Very Common, C-Common, SP- Seldom Present, OP- Often Present, R- Rare, + - Presence of taxa, - Absence of taxa

Table 2 Comparative account of floristic similarity of agro-climatically divergent Sacred Groves of Kerala

Sl. No.	Code of sacred groves (Community)	Agro-climatic regions	Similarity index (%)
1	S ₁ -S ₂	Low land and Mid land of Central Kerala	51.79
2	S ₁ -S ₃	Low land and Highland of Central Kerala	32.00
3	S ₁ -S ₄	Low land (Central Kerala) and Mid land (South Kerala)	42.60
4	S ₁ -S ₅	Low land (Central Kerala) and Mid land (North Kerala)	36.99
5	S ₂ -S ₃	Mid land (Central Kerala) and Highland (Central Kerala)	68.06
6	S ₂ -S ₄	Mid land (Central Kerala) and Mid land (South Kerala)	51.19
7	S ₂ -S ₅	Mid land (Central Kerala) and Mid land (North Kerala)	39.59
8	S ₃ -S ₄	Highland (Central Kerala) and Mid land (South Kerala)	47.06
9	S ₃ -S ₅	Highland (Central Kerala) and Mid land (North Kerala)	36.56
10	S ₄ -S ₅	Mid land (South Kerala) and Mid land (North Kerala)	41.12

Legends

S₁-Low land (Central Kerala), S₂- Mid land (Central Kerala), S₃- Highland (Central Kerala), S₄ Mid land (South Kerala), S₅- Mid land (North Kerala)

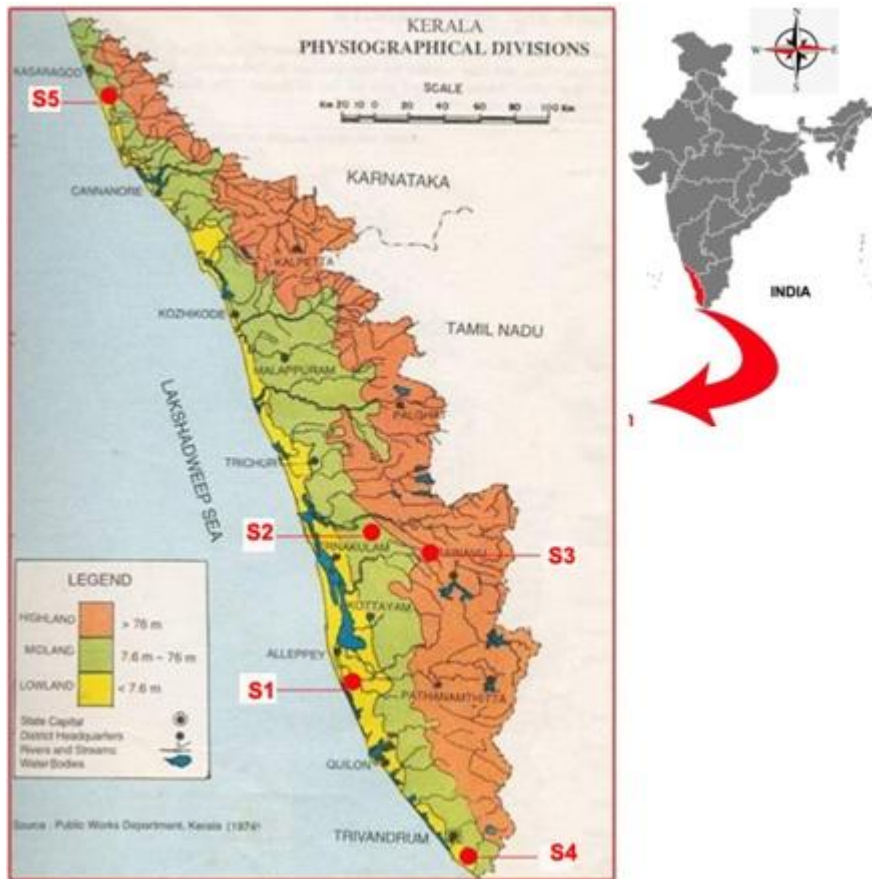


Figure 1(a): Phytogeographical Locations of Study sites

Legends

S₁-Low land (Central Kerala), S₂- Mid land (Central Kerala), S₃- Highland (Central Kerala), S₄ Mid land (South Kerala), S₅- Mid land (North Kerala)

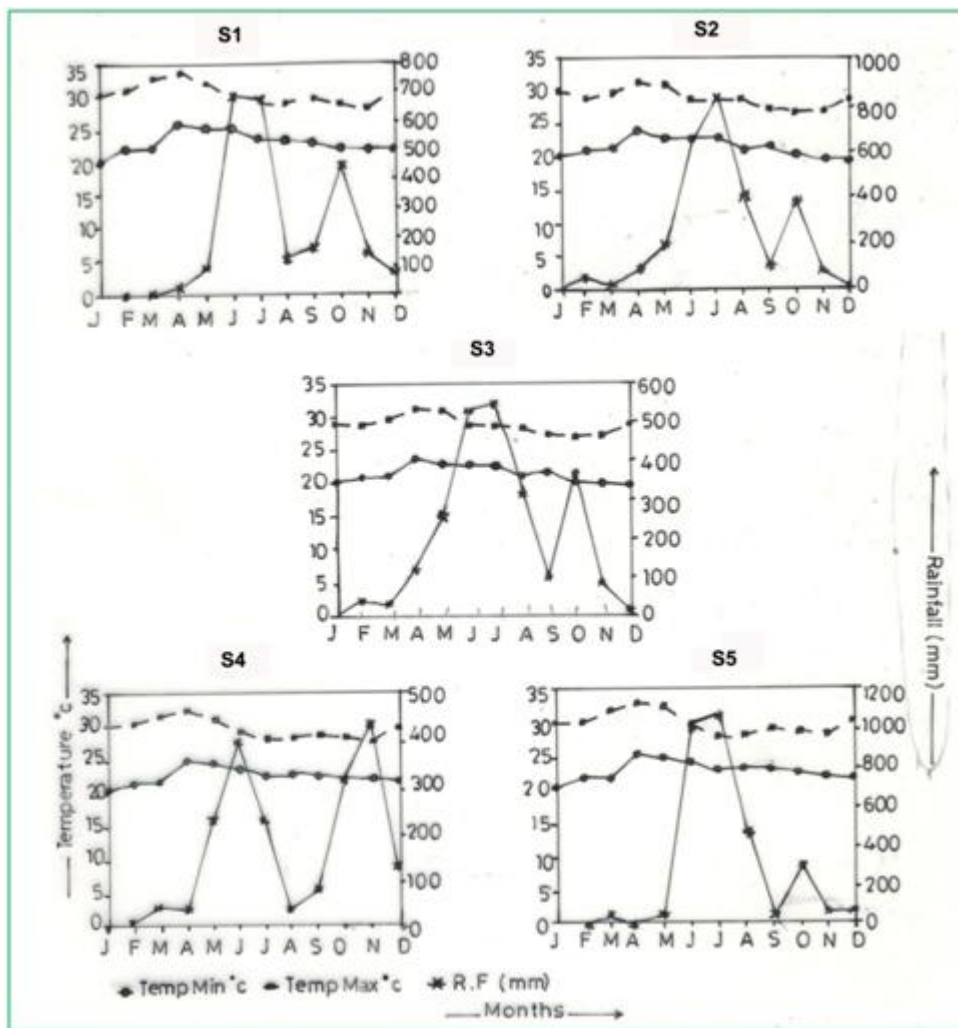


Figure 1: (b). Ombro-thermic diagrams of study sites

Legends

S₁-Low land (Central Kerala), S₂- Mid land (Central Kerala), S₃- Highland (Central Kerala),
 S₄ Mid land (South Kerala), S₅- Mid land (North Kerala)



A. Sacred grove and inside temple. B. Vegetation and diety C. *Kunstleria keralensis* D. *Grewia palodensis*
 E. *Cinnamomum mohananii* F. *Biophytum veldkampii* G. *Madhuca diplostemon* H. *Syzygium travancoricum*

Figure 2: Typical Sacred Grove, Species Nova and Rediscovered Taxa



Figure 3: Common Indian Endemic Taxa Distributed in Sacred Groves of Kerala

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