Train Operation Dispatching Command System Design

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Abstract: This paper proposes simulation of train operation dispatching command system design which achieves intelligent identifying, locating, tracking, monitoring and managing railways by using Visual studio Enterprise 2015. The paper will mainly base on Railways system and control center; it will not cover on System on the train itself. This simulation program is mainly based on Chinese Train Control System (CTCS), and we use Beijing - Shanghai route as its case study. We make use of special features of Visual studio to achieve train control. Features like timer control, PictureBox, Label, Textbox, etc. to achieve train movements, tracking, locating, timing, signaling and monitoring which help us in controlling the trains along the lines.

Keywords: Railway System, Block section, Dispatching Command, Train Control System

1. Introduction

Train control is the process by which the movement of rail transit vehicles is regulated for the purposes of safety and efficiency. The process is carried out by a combination of elements some men and some machines located on the train, along the track, in stations; and at remote central facilities. These elements interact to form a command and control system.

In this paper we are going to see how we achieve Train detection (that is monitoring of the railway track to determine trains locations), Train separation (insure that trains on the same track maintain a safe following distance so as to avoid collisions), Route interlocking (preventing trains on crossing or branching routes from making collision), Station stopping (insuring the train stops within specified area in a station), Train starting (initiating train departure from a station by giving a line clear signal), Train Supervision, and Train dispatching (that is controlling train departures from terminals or waypoints in accordance with the track status) by using Visual studio enterprise 2015.

As this paper is mainly based on CTCS let see a brief overview of it, Chinese Railway Train Control System (CTCS) has Learned from Europe Train Control System (ETCS) development and foreign experience in high-speed rail control system, combining with Chinese railway transportation characteristics, and following the principle of unified planning the whole railway, Chinese Ministry of Railway (MoR) build a Chinese Train Control System (CTCS). The target of CTCS is to improve safety function and Efficiency of transport, satisfy interchange operation regulating the system design and system classification to adapt to the demand of development. CTCS is divided into 5 levels depending on the devices and technology used.

For safety and efficient operation of a railway system, it is very important to know the locations of trains at all times.

Visual Basic 2015 is Microsoft’ latest incarnation of the enormously popular Visual Basic language, and it’s fundamentally different from the versions that came before it. Visual Basic is more powerful and more capable than ever before, and its features and functionality are on par with “higher-level” languages such as C++.

In this work, we have used Visual Basic toolbox to build an interface with which station master’s and other authorized railways personnel can interact with the program, and we have written codes in strategic event handlers to make our program perform things that we want them to perform.

We have used Visual Basic special features like multiple forms and form Interaction, coordinates and positions to enable us linking and tracking position of the trains along the lines, that is from one station to another and from one block section to the next.

2. Abbreviations

ETCS – European Train Control system
CTCS – Chinese Train Control system
MoR – Ministry of Railway
VB – Visual Basic
TDCS – Train Dispatching Command System

3. A Walk through a Train System

Train System consist of many parts from Train Stations, interlocking, signaling, block section, central control,
vehicles, to yards and shops. All of these makes a successful
train system.

Train Stations: The passenger’s first point of contact with a
train system is the station. The most prominent features-
vending and fare collection facilities. It’s also a place where
trains crossing. Normally stations have a station master who
oversee trains operation at the station. He is responsible for
shunting and issuing of line clear. This is only when the
block section is clear, that is there is no train occupying the
block section at the time of issuing line clear. It is a place
where by the trains with higher priority get the chance to
overtake the ones with lower priority by taking all the trains
with lower priority out of the main line and allow only the
ones with higher priority to proceed first.

In our simulation program this has been achieved by using
visual basic controls, and events features. We used
 PictureBox, Commandbuttons and Timer control to design
train stations. Here timer is used to provide train movement
and also for timings. That is to set train priority. The picture
1 shows a layout of our station. From the picture, it can be
observed there is a train with less priority resting out of the
main line to pave ways for the trains with higher priority to
proceed first.

![Picture 1](image1)

**Picture 1**

Signaling: this forms the communication part between the
drivers and station masters, through these signaling a driver
receive status of the lines and guidelines of whether to
proceed, reduce speed or to stop the train. Signaling must be
very accurate as any mistake will lead to accidents and
delays. It’s very important for the drivers to always follow directions given by the signaling equipment’s for the
safety operation of railways.

In our simulation program, we achieve signaling feature by
using PictureBox, timer and label features of the visual basic
to create wayside signaling. The three colors Green, Yellow
and Red are the most commonly used signaling color in
CTCS which tells the train drivers whether to stop, slow
down or proceed ahead. Red means Stop, Yellow slow down
and Green means proceed ahead, that is if the block section
is clear.

From the picture 2 it can be seen that when the train is
occupying a block section other trains are not allowed to
access the same block section at that time hence the light
should be turned Red. And soon after the train has cleared
from that section the light should turn Green to allow other
trains to access the block section.

![Picture 2](image2)

**Picture 2**

**Block Section**: this is the section between two interlocking
or stations. To avoid collision no trains are allowed to access
the block section at the same time. They can only be allowed
to access the block section after the other train has already
cleared the block section. Block section clearance forms the
security party of the trains. It prevents collision of the trains.
Upon reaching block sections drivers are required to obey
the directions given by station masters through signaling
equipment.

In our project, we have used labels to show block section
names of each section along the line which is from Beijing to
Shanghai. Also by using coordinates and position features of
Visual basic we were able to track position of the trains at
each section along both lines, that is from Beijing to
Shanghai and from Shanghai to Beijing.

Also by using multiple forms and form interaction we were
able to link all of the blocking sections and in turn it help us
forming a complete train operation dispatching command
system. This can be seen from the picture 3.

![Picture 3](image3)

**Picture 3**

**Central Control**: this is the main control center where by all
stations are linked together. From this control center, you can
access all information of the lines and vehicle positions. You can view activities done at any station of your choice.

In our project, we have used labels to display different functions, command buttonshas been used to offer command features and we also use form interaction feature of VB to link all the forms and their commands. This can be seen from the picture 4. From the picture, we can see trains schedule and stations control. The two help us tracking position of the trains and their schedules.

If you want to see what is happening or movement of trains at particular section or station you click view button of the corresponding station. The design allows a person from control station to issues line clear for both lines by just clicking the corresponding line he/she wish to give the line clear command.

Where by line 1 means the line that starts from Beijing to Shanghai Station and line 2 means the line that starts from Shanghai to Beijing station.

The control panel also offers day, date and real time of the day, it also gives the running time (Duration) of the trains.

![Picture 4](image)

4. The Timer Object

A Timer simply generates events at regular intervals. It can be customized using the Properties Window. When the program runs nothing is seen, the timer just ticks it is an entirely invisible control. A timer event occurs automatically after the amount of timespecified in the interval property has passed. These events are handled by the Timer's Tick event handler.

Timer interval is specified in milliseconds, that is 1000 milliseconds equal one second. You can switch a Timer ON and OFF using its Enabled property. When this is true the Timer causes events at the specified interval and when it is false the Timer does not operate. Also, the timer can be enabled by a command code Timer1.start() and disabled by a command code Timer1.stop() during the execution of the program as it can be shown on Picture 5.

The timer object is the heart of this project, so much depends on timer object from movement of the trains, signaling, to form Interactions.

![Picture 5](image)

5. Moving Picturebox

A shape or graphic can be moved within its container, which is a form or PictureBox. The move method is used at run time to move a PictureBox object to a new location. By using properties of PictureBox such as `left`, `top`, `width` and `height`. Where by left property changes the position of the left edge of the object and the left edge of the form, top property changes the position of the top edge of the object and top edge of the form, width property changes the width of the object and the Height property changes the height of the object.

By using `PictureBox1.left = PictureBox1.left + 1` code under timer event derived from above properties we were able to attain PictureBox1 movement.

![Picture 6](image)

6. Position of Picturebox

We have used PictureBox property to display and control movement of trains, we also use the same to track position of the train along the sections. This has been made possible by combined both timer and PictureBox features. These coordinates can be named according to our wish. For our case, we name them according to the names of the stations and block sections we wanted to display in our project. These coordinates can also be used to activate other events as it can be deemed necessary by the programmer.

For example, to display position/coordinates of the moving `PictureBox1` we used the following command under the timer object.
It can also be used to study railways networks and risk analysis along the lines.

The system can be linked to Arduino circuit and implement the physical operation of the system. This can be done with the help of sensor for sensing movements and locations of the trains, relays for opening and closing of the interlocking, LEDs for wayside signaling, LCDs for displaying stations, timings, date and locations and GSM receiver for station communications, switches and push buttons for issuing commands like line clear, Start and Stop.

9. Conclusion

We have seen above how we were able to simulate train operation dispatching command system design, the work will be very useful for anyone who has interest in understanding railways system. Also to all those who has got interest in Visual basic and simulation programs.

Furthermore, this simulation work provides a cheaper tool for teaching and simulating railways transport system for all people who wish to acquire knowledge of railways transport as in many countries it is strictly forbidden for unauthorized railways personnel to access railways system.

References

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7. Multiple Forms and Form Interactions

VB 2015 has special features which enable multiple forms interactions, these features help us transfering information and data from one form to another. It helps us to link all individually designed forms to operate as one system which it enables us monitoring the railway tracks to determine trains locations, insure that trains on the same track maintain a safe following distance so as to avoid collisions, preventing trains on crossing or branching routes from making collision, Insuring trains stops within specified area in a station, and Initiating train departure from a station by giving a line clear signal. Picture 8 shows how we have used these features to link and transfer data from one form to another.

8. Applications of Train Operational Dispatching Command System Design

This simulation program is very useful for demonstration of how railways system works. It can be used as teaching guide for students who wish to learn railways transportation system.