







and self-interest in agriculture-related occupations are the highest priority factors in choosing a job- a finding that was concordant with that of Akbari.et.al(1388) but was not in concordance with Karani et.al(1388) and Amiri Ardekani (1376) studies who reported self-interest, income making and social status as the highest priorities among other variants in choosing a job. In a thorough wrap up, one can conclude that the basic causes of agricultural sciences student's unemployment and disinclination to get occupied in agriculture-occupations, is not a specific property of this job or has less impacts, whereas out-sector factors such as the government's policies regarding to occupation and available facilities and amenities are from the influential factors. Accordingly, it is proposed that since the most of the student's outlook is positive on agricultural-occupation, necessary platforms for their vocation utilizing thorough legislations and arrangements should be created so as to refund the educational budgets allocated on them. Studies show that the agriculture sector could fulfill an important part of demanded job opportunities in a developing country until a certain remedy of occupation concern. Therefore, it is necessary to focus on agriculture and its significance in national economics and providing inner and outer job conditions by authorities. Besides, regarding to the role and efficiency of education in gaining the demanded behaviors when choosing a job, it is of great importance to construct practical arrangements and defined policies in the agricultural education system and the way of interacting agricultural higher education system with the workplace using appropriate educational and training scheme.

## 6. Acknowledgment

The authors are grateful to Hamed Nekoubin for the assistance with the field studies.

## References

- [1] Akbari, R., Kvchkyan, H. (1388). brrsy attitude towards employment in the agricultural sector (Case Study: Bu-Ali Sina University). Research of Agricultural Extension and Education, Issue 4, Sfh91-102.
- [2] Ahmadi, a Nahae, and, Reza Zadeh, H. (1382). Rules of information technology in national development. Sun Journal, Issue 12, Pages 6-12.
- [3] Adib M and nazehi, K. (1386). Design and specifications of the agricultural sector objectives in the fifth program. Ministry of Agriculture Education, Issue 9, Pages 18-23.
- [4] Amiriardakani, N. (1376). Factors affecting students' academic success and corporate responsibility. Master's thesis. University of Tehran.
- [5] Bound, women, feminists, i, n., Rezvanfar, the muezzin born, G (1388). Strategies for improving students' attitude towards Tehran University College of Agriculture, Tbyhy agricultural jobs. Iranian Journal of agricultural research and development, the fortieth year, Number 3, Pages 176-176.
- [6] Christinal. L, Cecchettini, C. Sommer, R., & Leising, G. (1992). Australian Students' Perceptions of Agricultural Carees. Journal of Agricultural Education. 33(1):30-36. available at: <http://www.Pubs.aged.tamu.edu/jae/pdf/Vol33/33-01-30>.

- [7] Maliory.M & Sommary.R. (1986). Student images of agriculture: Survey highlights and recommendations. Journal of American Association of Teacher Educators in Aericulture, 27(4):. 15-17, 25, winter 1986.
- [8] Ramezani, M. (1380). Iran's aging population employed in agriculture, causes and consequences, Journal of Agriculture and Rural Development, Number 36, Sfh207-235.
- [9] Shams Azaran (1373). The role of vocational training in employment and increase productivity. Press Conference on Technical and Vocational Education, 135-145.
- [10] Shafi'i, and oral H.sh F., (1384). Agricultural investigate students' attitudes towards employment in the agricultural sector towards employment in the agricultural sector, College of Agriculture and Natural Resources case study of Tehran University. Population Association of Iran. Volume 4, Number 2, Pages 173-192.
- [11] Zahid Mazandaran, M. (1383). The need to develop agricultural employment in the agricultural sector. Payam Noor University.
- [12] Shams Azaran (1373). The role of vocational training in employment and increase productivity. Press Conference on Technical and Vocational Education, 135-145.
- [13] Shafi'i, and oral H.sh F., (1384). Agricultural investigate students' attitudes towards employment in the agricultural sector towards employment in the agricultural sector, College of Agriculture and Natural Resources case study of Tehran University. Population Association of Iran. Volume 4, Number 2, Pages 173-192.