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A Study of Adverse Effects of Fluoroquinolones

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Abstract: Fluoroquinolones are the quinolone anti – microbials which are known to have one or more fluorine substitutions. The first generation fluoroquinolones which was introduced in 1980s have one fluoro substitution. This was very affective in cases of gram – negative bacterias. In the 1990s, compounds with additional fluoro and other substitutions have been developed – further extending anti – microbial activity to gram positive cocci and also anerobes which also has higher metabolic stability. This study puts in a sincere effort to understand in depth the tendinitis and rupture complications caused by the drugs which belong to fluoroquinolones. This study is intended to help the general practisioners and the practicing orthopedicians to know the depth of the disease and to attend the primary cause of the tendinitis and associated rupture secondary to the use of fluoroquinolones. Forty patients were selected who attended the Department of Internal Medicine. The present study was done in the Department of Internal Medicine at Kanachur Institute of Medical Sciences, Mangalore. The present study was done from April 2016 to September 2016. All statistical analysis was done using latest SPSS (2015) software. California. There is a positive significant relation between the tendinitis and tendon rupture complications associated with the use of Fluoroquinolones. The study successfully shows the association. In a country like ours where these Fluoroquinolone drugs are used very commonly has to check its utilization in a proper way.

Keywords: Fluoroquinolones, Tendinitis, Complications, Antimicrobial, Fluorine

1. Introduction

Fluoroquinolones are the quinolone anti – microbials which are known to have one or more fluorine substitutions. The first generation fluoroquinolones which was introduced in 1980s have one fluoro substitution. This was very affective in cases of gram – negative bacterias ¹. In the 1990s, compounds with additional fluoro and other substitutions have been developed – further extending anti – microbial activity to gram positive cocci and also anerobes which also has higher metabolic stability ^{2,3,4}.

The present topic of controversy is tendinopathy and tendon - rupture induced by fluoroquinolone. There is enough data which suggest that fluoroquinolones should be used with utmost care in population of patients⁵. The patient developed A chilliest endinopathy and the associated rupture was reported in New Zealand in the year 1983⁶. Subsequently, there were many other case reports and case-controlled studies reporting similar findings⁷⁻⁹. Fluoroquinolone are commonly prescribed to treat community-acquired infections involving the respiratory, urogenital, and gastrointestinal tracts¹⁰. Fluoroquinolone concentration is seen on a higher scale in bones and joints when compared to the serum levels. So it is ideal to treat the bones and joint infections ¹¹. The cartilage infections is also treated with fluoroquinolone. Achilles tendinitis or rupture is among the most serious side effects associated with fluoroquinolone ¹².

2. Aims and Objectives

To understand the other complications of fluoroquinolone.

3. Materials and Methods

Forty patients were selected who attended the Department of Internal Medicine and complained of tendon pain or tendon rupture.

The present study was done in the Department of Internal Medicine, Kanachur Institute of Medical Sciences, Mangalore.

The present study was done from April 2016 to September 2016.

Past history was taken in detail and use of fluoroquinolone drugs were asked. Gender based statistical analysis was not done as female patients were very low in number.

Inclusion criteria

Only positive use of fluoroquinolone drugs if present in the past history was taken for the study.

Exclusion criteria

Negative fluoroquinolone drugs usage history was not considered.

All statistical analysis was done using latest SPSS (2015) software. California.

4. Results

Table 1: Association of Tendonitis, Tendon rupture and associated complications

	Tendon	Rupture	X^2	р
	Present (%)	Absent (%)	value	value
0-20 years	Nil	Nil	12.988	0.005
20 – 40 years	Nil	3		
40-60 years	1	25		
60 - 80 years	1	3		
80 years	Nil	7		

There is a strong significance between Tendonitis and Tendon Rupture and fluoroqinolones usage.

 Table 4: Other commonly associated complications

Complications	0 - 20	20 - 40	40 - 60	60 - 80	▶ 80
	years	years	years	years	years
Gastro - Intestinal	2	2	1	4	3
CNS	5	Nil	1	6	2
Skin hypersensitivity	1	1	1	5	Nil

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5. Discussion

Fluoroquinolones has good safety record. A side effect occurs in about ten percent of the patients but is generally mild. Withdrawl is needed only in about 1.5 percent. Gastro – Intestinal side – effects include nausea, vomiting, bad taste, anorexia. Because gut anaerobes are not effected diarrhea is in – frequent. CNS disturbances include dizziness, headache, restlessness, anxiety, insomnia, impairment of concentration and dexterity. So it should be cautiously used while driving. Tremors and seizures will be occasionally seen and is known to occur in high doses or when pre – disposing factors are present. Possibly it is reflect GABA antagonistic action of fluoroquinolones. Skin hypersensitivity includes rash, pruritis, photo – sensitivity, utricaria, swelling of lips etc. Serious cutaneous reactions are rare.

Because of the broad – spectrum activity of these drugs it has been rampantly used in this part of the country. The side effects even though are few and rare but if it sets in may cause life – long consequences. So it is important to check its use and proper law has to be enforced to check its utilization.

6. Conclusion

There is a positive significant relation between the tendinitis and tendon rupture complications associated with the use of Fluoroquinolones. The study successfully shows the association.

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