Effectiveness of Music Therapy on Quality of Sleep among Elderly Residing at Selected Old Age Home, Chennai

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Abstract: <u>Background of the Study</u>: Aging is an inevitable developmental phenomenon bringing along a number of changes in the physical, psychological, hormonal and social conditions. sleeplessness is an common psychiatric problem in the old age that is often misdiagnosed and untreated . <u>Objectives</u>: To assess the quality of sleep among elderly residing. Evaluate the effectiveness of music therapy on quality of sleep among elderly residing. Find association between quality of sleep with selected demographic variables in elderly residing. <u>Hypothesis</u>: There will be significant difference between the pre- and post-test scores in the quality of sleep among elderly residing. <u>Methodology</u>: Pre -experimental one group pre-test and post-test design was selected for this study. Purposive sampling technique was used for the study. <u>Final Result And Conclusion</u>: In thepretest 2(6.7%) of them had good quality of sleep, 13(43.3%) of them had fair quality of sleep and 15(50%) of them had poor quality of sleep, whereas in posttest 14(46.7%) of them had good quality of sleep and 4(13.3%) of them had poor quality of sleep. . The pre test mean score was 33.1 and the post test mean score was 16.7. The calculated t value 14.3 at $p \le 0.05$ level which shows that music therapy was effective in improving the quality of sleep.

Keywords: quality of sleep, effectiveness, music therapy, elderly, old age home

1. Introduction

Aging is an inevitable developmental phenomenon bringing along a number of changes in the physical, psychological, hormonal and social conditions, Sleep disturbances are the most common mental disorders reported among the older people in various countries. Complaints of sleep disturbances, such as insomnia, sleep fragmentation and daytime sleepiness are common in the general population and estimated at 35%, with an even higher prevalence (50%) in older people. More studies have reported that loss of sleep in older people is associated with a greater risk of adverse outcomes, including accidents, falls, and poor health status and all-cause mortality, Music has many purposes. Its multidimensional nature touches the individual's physical and psychological levels of consciousness suggested that music exerts its effect through the entrainment of body rhythms.

1.1 Objectives

- To assess the quality of sleep among elderly at selected old age home.
- To evaluate the effectiveness of music therapy on the quality of sleep among the elderly at selected old age home.
- To associate the quality of sleep among elderly at selected old age home with their selected demographic variables

1.2 Hypothesis

 H_1 : There will be a significant difference in the pre and post test scores on quality of sleep among elderly

 H_2 : There will be a significant association in the quality of sleep among elderly and their Selected demographic variables

2. Methodology

Pre-experimental one group pre-test and post-test design was selected for this study in sivanandasaraswathi old age home, Chennai. The study population will comprise of elderly residents in selected old age home, Total sample size 30 both male and female elderly patients are selected for the study by non probability convenience sampling technique. The questionnaire has 2 parts consisting of Demographic variables these are age ,sex, marital status , religion ,present medical illness, duration of stay , education, mode of entry, visitin the second part of questionnaire modified Pittsburgh Quality of sleep index scale(short form) consisting of 15 items` was used Interpretation of score was done as follow

Table 1: Scor	ing Procedu	re for Qua	lity of Sleep
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Quality of sleep	Score	Percentage
Good quality of sleep	0-15	0-33%
Fair quality of sleep	16-30	34-66%
Poor quality of sleep	31-45	67Above%

3. Result

 Table 2: Pre Test Quality of Sleep

	Pre-Test		
Pretest quality of sleep	No	Percentage (%)	
Good quality of sleep	2	6.7	
Fair quality of sleep	13	43.3	
Poor quality of sleep	15	50	
Total	30	100	

Reveals that among 30 samples 2(6.7%) had good quality of sleep , 13(43.3%) had fair quality of sleep and 15(50%) of them had poor quality of sleep in the pre test.

Table 3: post test quality	y of sleep among	elderly residing
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	Post-Test		
Pretest quality of sleep	No	Percentage (%)	
Good quality of sleep	14	46.7	
Fair quality of sleep	12	40	
Poor quality of sleep	4	13.3	
Total	30	100	

Reveals that among 30 samples 14(46.7%) had good quality of sleep , 12(40%) had fair quality of sleep and 4(13.3%) of them had poor quality of sleep in the posttest.

 Table 4: comparison of pre test and post test quality of sleep among Elderly residents

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Overlite of store	Pre-Test		Post-Test		Chi-
Quality of sleep	No	Percentage	No	Percentage	square
Good quality of sleep	2	6.7	14	46.7	T 142
Fair quality of sleep	13	43.3	12	40	T= 14.3
Poor quality of sleep	15	50	4	13.3	P< 0.05
Total	30	100	30	100	1 < 0.05

Reveals the comparison of music therapy among quality of sleep .It shows that among 30 samples 2(6.7%) had good quality of sleep , 13(43.3%) had fair quality of sleep and 15(50%) of them had poor quality of sleep in the pre test.

30 samples 14(46.7%) had good quality of sleep , 12(40%) had fair quality of sleep and 4(13.3%) of them had poor quality of sleep in the post test, the effectiveness of music therapy among elderly the quality of sleep mean score was 33.1 in the pre –test , SD was 14.8 and mean post –test score was 16.7 and SD was 6.8 , so the total over all value reduction was 16.4 and SD was 8 with the paired t- test value is 14.3 and there is significant effectiveness at P value is 2.05 <0.05

4. Major Findings of the Study

Among 30 samples 12 (40%) of them belong to 61-70 years and 71-81 years of age respectively, 18(60%) of them were female, 20(66.67%) were Hindus, 19(63.3%) of them were married, 15(50%) of them had primary education, 15(50%) of them stayed for 2-3 years, 18(60%) of them had visitors frequently, 20 (66.67\%) of them joined voluntarily in old age home, 9(30%) of them had diabetes, and 18(30%) had hypertension.

In the pre test, among 30 samples 2(6.7%) had good quality of sleep , 13(43.3%) had fair quality of sleep and 15(50%) of them had poor quality of sleep .In the post test, among 30 samples 14(46.7%) had good quality of sleep , 12(40%) had fair quality of sleep and 4(13.3%) of them had poor quality of sleep .

5. Conclusion

• The pre-test mean score was 33.1, whereas the average post-test mean score was 16.7 and paired 't' test value was

14.3 at $p \le 0.05$ level. The 't' obtained value is higher than the table value (2.05). So it is proved that music therapy is effective on the quality of sleep among elderly.

• Significant association between the quality of sleep among elderly and their demographic variables like age, marital status, educational status, and duration of stay in old age home was obtained at $p \le 0.05$ level. Hence hypothesis H₂ was retained for the above mentioned demographic variables.

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