

interplay among humans and between humans and their environment.

Action of interplay among the diverse network of actors and relationships will form a pattern, produce hierarchies, forming organizations, agencies, and regularity. Disruption regularity of "social" in this network could happen if there is a rejection regularity and also because the actors against the hierarchy and against the network of power relations in existing network. Network actors can be seen as a systematic way to carry out the infrastructure usually left out impression of "heroic" in scientific and technological achievements.

Networks of actors establish themselves and get attributes as result relationship with others either human or non-human. This means that process occurs in formation of self was affected and result was caused by relationship with other actors in the environment. Because it is a network of actors, both actors groups and individuals must be able to mobilize and be a role model for social groups around them.

Someone become actor is not something easy and naturally occurs in a person or group exception if person has something is not owned by another person or group. However, both natural world and scientific world actor have many kinds and types. So there are factors can make a person become a good formal actor and non-formal actors. Because of that, a person can become an actor because pattern of power network, pattern of interest network, feelings of network patterns, patterns of social and cultural networks, pattern diversity network, the network pattern of political, economic network patterns, and patterns of network environments.

Network Pattern of Power

Power network is a network of social relations shaped by social relations of power charged. In network of power, configurations of interconnections between actors within it intentional or regulated by power. These types of networks appears when achievement of objectives have been targeted require collective action and configuration of interconnectedness between actors who usually permanent. Power relations are usually aimed at creating the conditions needed to achieve the goals that have been set. The units are artificially planned social or deliberately structured by power. The social units are planned artificially or structured by power deliberately. Social network pattern of this type should have power center continuously reviewing the performance (performance) of socials units, and re-patterns structure for sake of efficiency. In this case the informal control is inadequate; the problem network is more complex than a social network was formed naturally. Thus social networks of this type cannot rely on awareness of its members to meet the obligations of its members voluntarily without incentives. Therefore network or unconsciously should be mobilized by leaders of both the individual and collective.

Concepts and theories of power network related to conflicts of capital placements in North Buton, in the zone and certain groups there are people effectively and some people are ineffectively. If observed from viewpoint of formal power network in North Buton, practically there is only one power

that exists is the government. But if this is observed macro level, power network can also be found on community groups as a result of economic capacity, intelligence, the ability to influence and etc. Capital placement conflict of North Buton from the perspective power network was founded various viewpoints of vary.

Network Patterns of Interests

Network interest is networks of social relations are shaped by social relations charged by interest. This interest was formed by network of relationships meaningful in purposes or special certainly. If these goals are specific and concrete, such as employment, goods or services, so if these goals have been achieved by the culprit, usually this relationship is not sustainable. Structures arise from this type of social networking is short and fickle. Conversely, if goals were not concrete and specific or those goals always repeats itself, structures were formed relatively stable and permanent as human existence as social beings.

As social creatures, human always interact with social environment and natural around. It's caused human in its efforts to carry out life always depends on the environment, the social environment and the natural environment where it is located. Human dependency on the environment is manifested as form of social interaction that takes place by neighborhood. Interactions occur in every social environment as a series of systematic behavior between two or more people, which can take place horizontally and vertically.

In a relationship of human efforts establish a life person interact because they expect extrinsic and intrinsic rewards. Extrinsic is rewards as money, goods or services, being intrinsically meant was rewarded as praise, reverence or other forms of inner satisfaction. Nevertheless, not all interaction is process of exchange, because it had an exchange process, when each party interest oriented purposes only achieved through regular interaction with others to a view obtaining the means to achieve goals.

Network Pattern of Cultural Social

In every social environment certainly there are no rules or values should be obeyed by the actors in interaction. The rules and values will realize pattern of behavior that can be used by actors to interpret behavior of each individual. The rules developed in social environments will become social institutions. Social institutions works to regulate activities members of communities concerned in order to meet necessities of life. But there are institutions do not always work as it should. In situation, the members community will strive to meet their needs by holding a dyadic relationship vertically, alliance between two people develop personal relationships among people who have resources, different power or status, performed as friendship one-sided, where both parties provide mutual assistance in different form. The dyadic relationships addition vertically can also be horizontal among people who have the same level to interact in same interest as well.

Observing conflicts of capital placement in North Buton, pattern of relationships happen are patterns of social relationships as vertical pattern and socio-cultural relations as horizontal. Socio-cultural patterns of vertical relationships may manifest as pattern of socio-cultural relations between the lower layers society community groups in context top layer of the elite or actor. While the horizontal pattern of social and cultural relations between society intangible (general public), but also social and cultural relations in the form of fellow elite or actor.

Patterns of socio-cultural relations both vertically and horizontally remain as triangle pattern are pattern of social relations culture that tends to maintain the law, Socio-cultural patterns of relationships tend to require transfer of capital, and the pattern of social relations as democratic culture. But it should be understood that pattern of socio-cultural relations tend to require transfer of capital, not overall has a similar mindset in community. Group of people in rational thinking and understand the mechanisms applicable rules, the public do not question about position of capital.

Patterns of Political Interests Network

Political network is a pattern of human relations involves supervision, influence, power, or authority precisely. A political network is a network of political ties that connect one political actor to other political actors in the political network as political relations. Political network can consist of individuals, groups, and political organizations. Political relations are politically sustainable interaction with one another so bound with a set of expectations relatively stable from each opponent interaction. Political behavior of political interaction was materialized systematic. Repetition political behavior experienced for same things in same situation so that an order is also in a network pattern of political interests. This means that political behavior is done regularly. When political interests will be built have implications for public interest, it will be indicated general collectivity. But if political interests will be built have implications for personal interests, it will becomes the reference standard as capacity of individuals.

This research examines the issue in capital placements conflict, then by itself would be implications for the public interest. Thus model implications will be patterned in more extreme direction and the pattern of political interest's democratic network. Furthermore, pattern of extreme political interest's network can be classified into pattern of extreme political interest's network transfer of capital and pattern of extreme political interest's network maintaining capital position accordance with the provisions legislation. Two extremes of political interests network are trying each other defend the view about various proposition to strengthens as a justification. It should be understood that results of research had been conducted, political interest network of agree groups with Kulisusu as capital do not have a same opinion after interview. But actors in extreme area Kulisusu as capital founded that some actors have a flexible view about capital placement.

Political interest network of groups who believe that Kulisusu as capital has conservative thinking; they were already in advanced age with inadequate education level. They consider capital of North Buton in Kulisusu because they know about the establishment of North Buton early. Where the main ideas to establishment of North Buton come from Kulisusu with various figures initiators and facilities and infrastructure are contained in Kulisusu.

Socio-Economic Pattern Network

Cannot be denied economic factors have an important role in human life. Economic factors in social life play an important role in determining social level person or group in their environment. Actually, in social life there are affecting factors of social status, economic factors, educational factors, hereditary factors and job factor of person. But in generally in public life of Indonesia economic factors can be said as a yardstick social status of person.

Richer people have high level in riches have life habit than people in low riches and in standard level of economic in society. if people have a high economic level they will not go in cheap restaurant to get foot or get holiday in local place, then people under the economic level always eat in common cheaper restaurant or they buy foot and cook own self. People in high economic level will more elegantly dressed and spoke politely and smooth, while for people with low socioeconomic status are generally dressed unattractive and less attention to his appearance. In speaking they often use rude and impolite words to their interlocutors. Differences in habits and lifestyle are called social stratification or can be referred to caste. These conditions, conscious or unconscious will lead a person or group to act and behave based on inherent strata. Moreover, the network of interactions occur at least be parallel with strata of each group or it could also be patterns of interaction occur can be diagonal in which people or groups who are at a higher strata will be the employer for the person or group on the strata lower. It is not limited to certain dimensions but it will happen on all levels including economic social networks.

Socio-economic network is series of regular relationship or the same social relationships between individuals or groups. Social networks economy stems from pattern of social relationships is a grouping consisting number of people, consisting at least three people who each have their own identity and each connected between each other through social relations exist, so that by social relations they can be classified as a social unity. Social unity will be patterned based on structure and capacity of each individual so it can emerge as a social network of economic, socio-cultural networks, social networking academic, political social network and etc.

Environmental Pattern Network

Environment pattern network is process of communication that supports a person's desire in build network or the interaction. The implementation was done by planning and strategic to make sympathy of public participate in any activity that would be carried out by someone who became an

initiator. Communication network environment can be established permanently and can also interweave incidental because of a suggestion thing of social groups. Actor in a communications network environment makes clear strategy in process of interaction so that people or target group convinced truth of idea is offered. Actor in communications network environment or often also called Environment Communication also makes use of methods, instruments and techniques more efficient in communication processes, as well as placement of capital North Buton problem.

Communicators in a life communication cycle environmental holds an important role in all policies will be used as a reference by all members of society in the environment. Actors in communication environments provide complex information into understandable elements and put them in socio-cultural and economic agenda which is relevant in every different society as a prerequisite for building a consensus and a good change. Because of that, the public does not necessarily make a person (actor) as a reference or references in his life if person cannot have anything more than anyone else and can hold the trust of the communities around them.

Communications network actor in an environment having diversity, because of economic factors, political, education, and such capacity is not shared by others. In this researchers did not much disseminating the different types of actors, but rather look at the actor's ability to provide environmental communication and understanding and to mobilize public confidence associated with phenomenon of the placement district capital, which is still attraction between Buranga and Kulisusu. Interviews results showed indications that actor in communications network environment is a key figure in bridging interests of surrounding communities at higher structure. This indication gained on the whole of social group in community groups who want the transfer of capital and who maintain capital position accordance with the legislation.

8. Conclusion

Power of communication networks plays an active role both positive and dimensions negative dimensions actors who played the communication. Patterns of communication networks can be played by actors according capacity of its communications. From results of research, communication network in the conflict of capital placement was patterned based on environmental, social and cultural structures, patterns of togetherness, and charges specific interests of the community. This condition was formed as the strength of actor roles in each region. Because of that, a person can become an actor because pattern of power network, pattern of interest network, feelings of network patterns, patterns of social and cultural networks, pattern diversity network, the network pattern of political, economic network patterns, and patterns of network environments.

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4. Political behavior of political interaction was materialized systematic. Repetition political behavior experienced for same things in same situation so that an order is also in a network pattern of political interests. This means that political behavior is done regularly. Regularity in good political behavior interaction between political actors and political actors to constituents patterned by political interests that will be built.
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