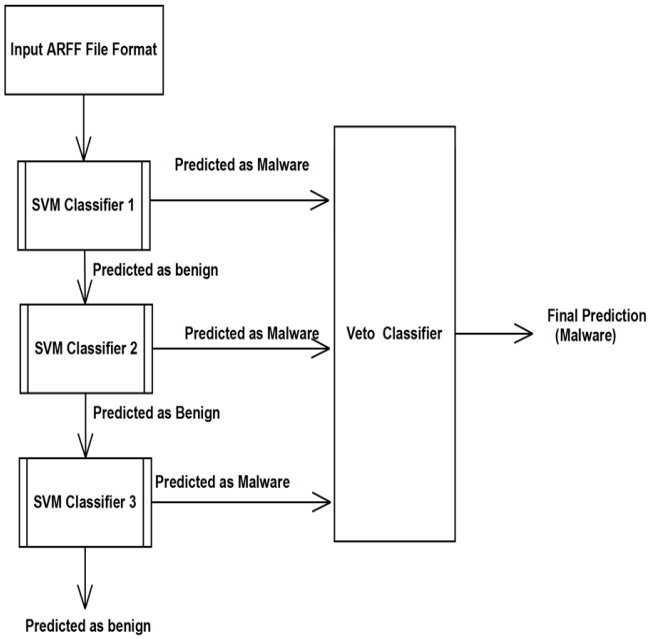
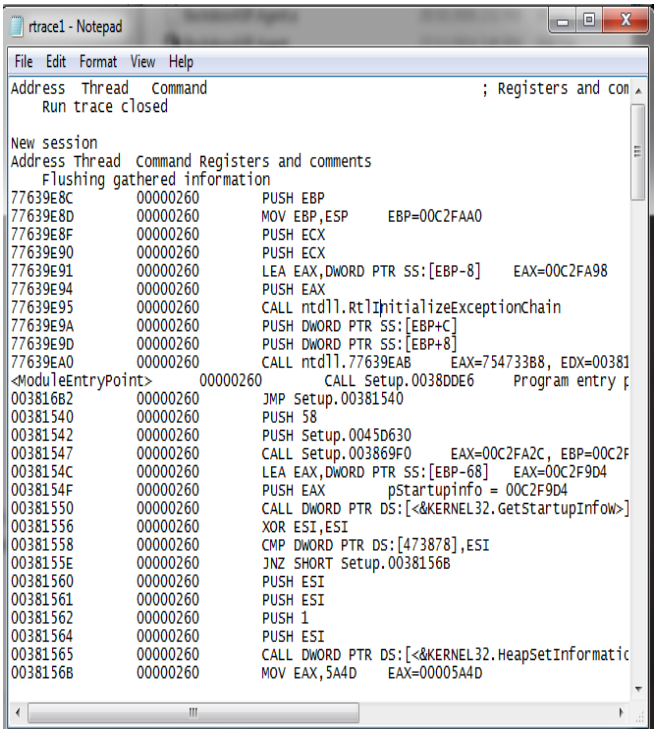


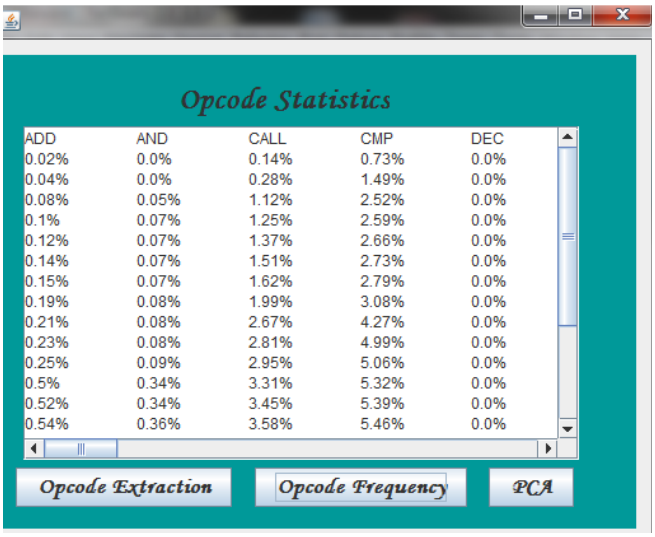
Figure 2:.Ensemble classification approach using veto Voting

4. Results

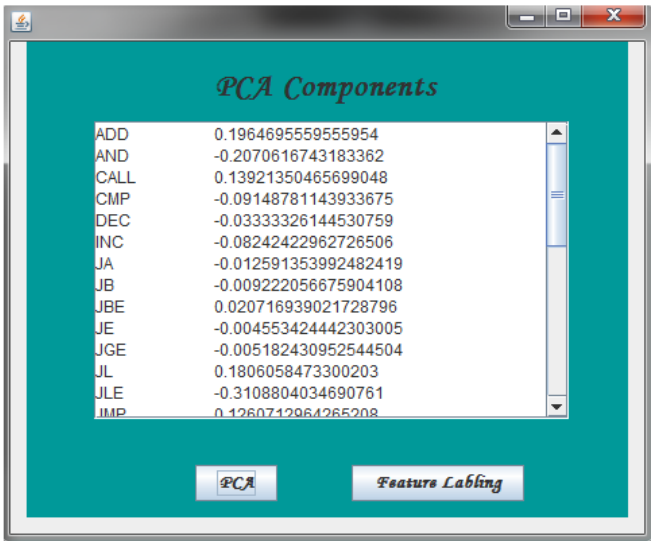
4.1 Dataset Creation using OllyDbg Disassembler



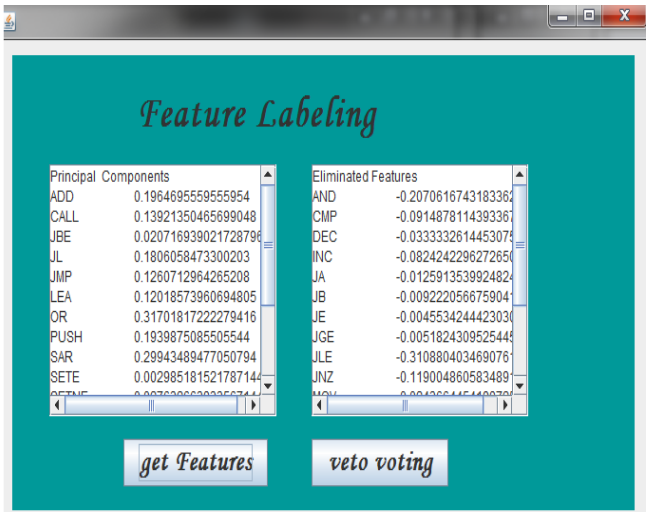
4.2 Opcode Extraction with Occurences for each *.txt file in the dataset



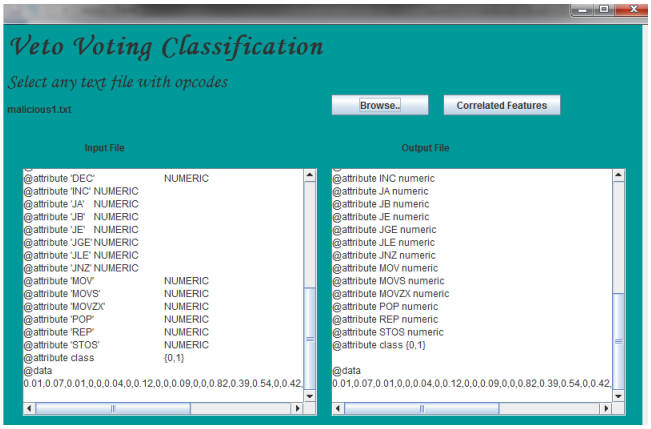
4.3 Principle Component Analysis

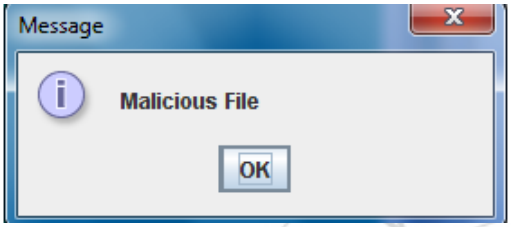


4.4 Feature Labelling By using PCA method



4.5 Veto Voting Ensemble Classification





5. Conclusions

1. The less frequent opcodes having an importance rating for classifying benign and malicious software. While mov has a negative impact on the classification and identification of software.
2. Opcode mov is a poor indicator of benign and malicious software. mov opcodes inhibits the ability to correctly classify software when used with other opcodes. Using the eigenvector prefilter, irrelevant features can safely remove.
3. Ensemble SVM classifier provides good accuracy to detectmalware as compared to other methods.

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