

(v) holds. Let B be a pre-closed subset of $Y \Rightarrow f^\#(f^{-1}(\text{cl}(\text{int}(B)))) \subseteq f^\#(f^{-1}(B))$, since B is semi-open in Y , by (v), we see that $\text{cl}(f^\#(f^{-1}(B))) \subseteq f^\#(f^{-1}(\text{cl}(\text{int}(B)))) \Rightarrow \text{cl}(f^\#(f^{-1}(B))) \subseteq f^\#(f^{-1}(\text{cl}(\text{int}(B)))) \subseteq f^\#(f^{-1}(B)) \Rightarrow \text{cl}(f^\#(f^{-1}(B))) \subseteq f^\#(f^{-1}(B))$, Therefore $f^\#(f^{-1}(B))$ is closed in Y . This proves (ii).

Theorem: 5.8

Let $f: X \rightarrow (Y, \sigma)$ be a function. Then the following are equivalent. (i) f is pre-S-continuous, (ii) for every pre-open subset V of Y , $f^\#(f^{-1}(V))$ is open in Y , (iii) $\text{cl}(f(f^{-1}(B))) \subseteq f(f^{-1}(\text{cl}(\text{int}(B))))$ for every semi-open subset B of Y . (iv) $f^\#(f^{-1}(\text{int}(\text{cl}(B)))) \subseteq \text{int}(f^\#(f^{-1}(B)))$ for every semi-closed subset B of Y .

Proof: (i) \Leftrightarrow (ii): follows from theorem 5.4. (i) \Leftrightarrow (iii) : Suppose f is pre-S-continuous. Let B be a semi-open set in Y . Since f is pre-S-continuous, $f(f^{-1}(\text{cl}(\text{int}(B))))$ is closed in $Y \Rightarrow \text{cl}(f(f^{-1}(\text{cl}(\text{int}(B)))) \subseteq f(f^{-1}(\text{cl}(\text{int}(B))))$. Since B is semi-open in Y , we see that $f(f^{-1}(B)) \subseteq f(f^{-1}(\text{cl}(\text{int}(B)))) \Rightarrow \text{cl}(f(f^{-1}(B))) \subseteq \text{cl}(f(f^{-1}(\text{cl}(\text{int}(B))))$, It follows that, $\text{cl}(f(f^{-1}(B))) \subseteq \text{cl}(f(f^{-1}(\text{cl}(\text{int}(B)))) \subseteq f(f^{-1}(\text{cl}(\text{int}(B))))$. This proves (iii).

conversely, suppose (iii) holds. Let B be pre-closed subset in $Y \Rightarrow f(f^{-1}(\text{cl}(\text{int}(B)))) \subseteq f(f^{-1}(B))$ Since B is semi-open by applying (iii) $\Rightarrow \text{cl}(f(f^{-1}(B))) \subseteq f(f^{-1}(\text{cl}(\text{int}(B)))) \Rightarrow \text{cl}(f(f^{-1}(B))) \subseteq f(f^{-1}(\text{cl}(\text{int}(B)))) \subseteq f(f^{-1}(B)) \Rightarrow \text{cl}(f(f^{-1}(B))) \subseteq f(f^{-1}(B))$ That implies $f(f^{-1}(B))$ is closed set in Y . This completes the proof for (i) \Leftrightarrow (iii).

(ii) \Leftrightarrow (iv): Suppose (ii) holds. Let B be a semi-closed subset of Y . Then $\text{int}(\text{cl}(B))$ is pre-open in Y . By (ii), $f^\#(f^{-1}(\text{int}(\text{cl}(B))))$ is open in $Y \Rightarrow f^\#(f^{-1}(\text{int}(\text{cl}(B)))) \subseteq \text{int}(f^\#(f^{-1}(\text{int}(\text{cl}(B))))$. Since B is a semi-closed, it follows that $f^\#(f^{-1}(\text{int}(\text{cl}(B)))) \subseteq f^\#(f^{-1}(B)) \Rightarrow \text{int}(f^\#(f^{-1}(\text{int}(\text{cl}(B)))) \subseteq \text{int}(f^\#(f^{-1}(B))) \Rightarrow f^\#(f^{-1}(\text{int}(\text{cl}(B)))) \subseteq \text{int}(f^\#(f^{-1}(B)))$, we see that $f^\#(f^{-1}(\text{int}(\text{cl}(B)))) \subseteq \text{int}(f^\#(f^{-1}(B)))$. This proves (iv).

Conversely, suppose (iv) holds. Let V be pre-open in $Y \Rightarrow f^\#(f^{-1}(V)) \subseteq f^\#(f^{-1}(\text{int}(\text{cl}(V))))$. Since V is semi-closed in Y , by using (iv), we see that $f^\#(f^{-1}(\text{int}(\text{cl}(V)))) \subseteq \text{int}(f^\#(f^{-1}(\text{int}(\text{cl}(V)))) \Rightarrow f^\#(f^{-1}(V)) \subseteq f^\#(f^{-1}(\text{int}(\text{cl}(V)))) \subseteq \text{int}(f^\#(f^{-1}(\text{int}(\text{cl}(V)))) \Rightarrow f^\#(f^{-1}(V)) \subseteq \text{int}(f^\#(f^{-1}(V)))$ Then it follows that $f^\#(f^{-1}(V))$ is open in Y . This proves (ii).

6. Conclusion

In this paper the notions of Pre-L-Continuity, Pre-M-Continuity, Pre-R-Continuity and Pre-S-Continuity of a function $f: X \rightarrow Y$ between a topological space and a non empty set are introduced. The purpose of this paper is to introduce, Pre- ρ -continuity. Here we discuss their links with Pre-open, Pre-closed sets. Also we establish pasting lemmas for Pre-R-continuous and Pre-s-continuous functions and obtain some characterizations for, Pre- ρ -

continuity. We have put forward some examples to illustrate our notions

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