







Putting the value of  $d\Omega(\xi)$  from (3.2) and changing the order of integration and summation, we get

$$\left[ \int_0^a \xi^{2\sigma} \Psi_1(\xi, t) d\xi + \int_a^b \xi^{2\sigma} g_2(\xi, t) d\xi + \int_b^\infty \xi^{2\sigma} \Psi_2(\xi, t) d\xi \right] \times 2^{\frac{1}{2}-\sigma}$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{\ell}{t}\right)^n \Gamma\left(\mu + \frac{1}{2} + n + p\right) P_{n+p, v}(x, -t)}{2^{4(n+p)} (n+p)! \Gamma\left(\sigma + \frac{1}{2} + n + p\right) \Gamma\left(v + \frac{1}{2} + n + p\right)} W_{n+p, \sigma}(\xi, t)$$

$$= \begin{cases} g_1(x, t), & 0 \leq x < a \\ g_3(x, t), & b < x < \infty \end{cases} \quad (4.2.6)$$

Using summation results (3.4) in equation (4.2) (4.2.7), we get

$$\int_0^a \xi^{2\sigma} \Psi_1(\xi, t) S(x, \xi, t) d\xi + \int_a^b \xi^{2\sigma} g_2(\xi, t) S(x, \xi, t) d\xi \quad (4.2.8)$$

$$= \begin{cases} g_1(x, t), & 0 \leq x < a \\ g_3(x, t), & b < x < \infty \end{cases} \quad (4.2.9)$$

$$\int_0^a \xi^{2\sigma} \Psi_1(\xi, t) S(x, \xi, t) d\xi + \int_b^\infty \xi^{2\sigma} \Psi_2(\xi, t) S(x, \xi, t) d\xi \quad (4.2.10)$$

$$= \begin{cases} G(x, t), & 0 \leq x < a \\ H(x, t), & b \leq x < \infty \end{cases} \quad (4.2.11)$$

where  $G(x, t) = g_1(x, t) - \int_a^b \xi^{2\sigma} g_2(\xi, t) S(x, \xi, t) d\xi$  (4.2.12)

$H(x, t) = g_3(x, t) - \int_a^b \xi^{2\sigma} g_2(\xi, t) S(x, \xi, t) d\xi$  (4.2.13)

Now using the notation given by (3.6) in equation (4.2.10), we get

$$\int_0^x \xi^{2\sigma} \Psi_1(\xi, t) \left\{ \frac{x^{1-2v} \xi^{-2\sigma+1} e^{-\xi^2/4t}}{\Gamma(m)\Gamma(v-\sigma+m)} a^* s_\xi(x, \xi, t) \right\} d\xi$$

$$+ \int_x^a \xi^{2\sigma} \Psi_1(\xi, t) \left\{ \frac{x^{1-2v} \xi^{-2\sigma+1} e^{-\xi^2/4t}}{\Gamma(m)\Gamma(v-\sigma+m)} a^* s_x(x, \xi, t) \right\} d\xi$$

$$+ \int_b^\infty \xi^{2\sigma} \Psi_2(\xi, t) \left\{ \frac{x^{1-2v} \xi^{-2\sigma+1} e^{-\xi^2/4t}}{\Gamma(m)\Gamma(v-\sigma+m)} a^* s_x(x, \xi, t) \right\} d\xi$$

$$= G(x, t) \quad 0 \leq x < a \quad (4.2.14)$$

$$\int_0^x \xi e^{-\xi^2/4t} \Psi_1(\xi, t) s_\xi(x, \xi, t) d\xi + \int_x^a \xi e^{-\xi^2/4t} \Psi_1(\xi, t) s_x(x, \xi, t) d\xi$$

$$+ \int_b^\infty \xi e^{-\xi^2/4t} \Psi_2(\xi, t) s_x(x, \xi, t) d\xi$$

$$= \frac{\Gamma(m)\Gamma(v-\sigma+m)}{a^* x^{1-2v}} G(x, t) \quad 0 \leq x < a \quad (4.2.15)$$

Now putting the value of summation in terms of integral from (3.5), we obtain

$$\int_0^x \xi e^{-\xi^2/4t} \Psi_1(\xi, t) \int_0^\xi \eta(y) (\xi^2 - y^2)^{m-1} (x^2 - y^2)^{v-\sigma+m-1} d\xi dy$$

$$+ \int_x^a \xi e^{-\xi^2/4t} \Psi_1(\xi, t) \int_0^x \eta(y) (\xi^2 - y^2)^{m-1} (x^2 - y^2)^{v-\sigma+m-1} d\xi dy$$

$$+ \int_b^\infty \xi e^{-\xi^2/4t} \Psi_2(\xi, t) \int_0^x \eta(y) (\xi^2 - y^2)^{m-1} (x^2 - y^2)^{v-\sigma+m-1} d\xi dy$$

$$(4.2.16)$$

$$= \frac{\Gamma(m)\Gamma(v-\sigma+m)}{a^* x^{1-2v}} G(x, t) \quad 0 \leq x < a$$

Inverting the (4.2.7) n, we have

$$\int_0^x \frac{\eta(y)}{(x^2 - y^2)^{1+\sigma-v-m}} dy \int_y^a \frac{\xi e^{-\xi^2/4t} \Psi_1(\xi, t)}{(\xi^2 - y^2)^{1-m}} d\xi$$

$$+ \int_0^x \frac{\eta(y)}{(x^2 - y^2)^{1+\sigma-v-m}} dy \int_b^\infty \frac{\xi e^{-\xi^2/4t} \Psi_2(\xi, t)}{(\xi^2 - y^2)^{1-m}} d\xi$$

$$= \frac{\Gamma(m)\Gamma(v-\sigma+m)}{a^* x^{1-2v}} G(x, t) \quad 0 \leq x < a \quad (4.2.17)$$

$$\int_0^x \frac{\eta(y)}{(x^2 - y^2)^{1+\sigma-v-m}} dy \left[ \frac{1}{\Psi_1(y)} + \int_b^\infty \frac{\xi e^{-\xi^2/4t} \Psi_2(\xi, t)}{(\xi^2 - y^2)^{1-m}} d\xi \right]$$

$$= \frac{\Gamma(m)\Gamma(v-\sigma+m)}{a^* x^{1-2v}} G \quad (4.2.9) \quad < a \quad (4.2.18)$$

where (4.2.10)

$$\overline{\Psi_1(y)} = \int_y^a \frac{\xi e^{-\xi^2/4t} \Psi_1(\xi, t)}{(\xi^2 - y^2)^n} d\xi \quad (4.2.11) \quad (4.2.19)$$

With the help of equations (3.8) and (3.10) solving equation (4.2.18), as

$$\eta(y) \left[ \frac{(4.2.13)}{\Psi_1(y)} + \int_b^\infty \frac{\xi e^{-\xi^2/4t} \Psi_2(\xi, t)}{(\xi^2 - y^2)^{1-m}} d\xi \right]$$

$$= \frac{\text{Sin}(1-v+\sigma-m)\pi}{\pi} \frac{d}{dy} \int_0^y \frac{2x dx}{(y^2 - x^2)^{-\sigma+v+m}}$$

$$\times \frac{\Gamma(m)\Gamma(v-\sigma+m)}{a^* x^{1-2v}} G(x, t) \quad 0 \leq x < a \quad (4.2.20)$$

$$G_1(y, t) = \frac{\text{Sin}(1+\sigma-v-m)\pi \Gamma(m)\Gamma(v-\sigma+m)}{\pi a^*}$$

$$\times \frac{d}{dy} \int_0^y \frac{2x^{2v} G(x, t)}{(y^2 - x^2)^{-\sigma+v+m}} dx \quad (4.2.21)$$

Now equation (4.2.21) can be rewritten as

$$\eta(y) \overline{\Psi_1(y)} = G_1(y, t) - \eta(y) \int_b^\infty \frac{\xi e^{-\xi^2/4t} \Psi_2(\xi, t)}{(\xi^2 - y^2)^{1-m}} d\xi \quad (4.2.22)$$

Using the results (3.9) and (3.11), we solve the integral equation (4.2.19), as follows

$$\xi e^{-\xi^2/4t} \Psi_1(\xi, t) = -\frac{\text{Sin}(1-m)\pi}{\pi} \frac{d}{d\xi} \int_\xi^a \frac{2y \overline{\Psi_1(y)}}{(y^2 - \xi^2)^m} dy \quad (4.2.23)$$

Similarly, let us

$$\overline{\Psi_2(y)} = \int_y^\infty \frac{\xi e^{-\xi^2/4t} \Psi_2(\xi, t)}{(\xi^2 - y^2)^{1-m}} d\xi \quad (4.2.24)$$

then we have

$$\xi e^{-\xi^2/4t} \Psi_2(\xi, t) = -\frac{\text{Sin}(1-m)\pi}{\pi} \frac{d}{d\xi} \int_{\xi}^{\infty} \frac{2y \overline{\Psi_2(y)}}{(y^2 - \xi^2)^m} dy \quad (4.2.25)$$

With the help of (4.2.24) and (4.2.25), we obtain

$$\int_0^a \frac{\xi e^{-\xi^2/4t} \Psi_1(\xi, t)}{(\xi^2 - y^2)^{1-m}} d\xi = \frac{\text{Sin}(1-m)\pi}{\pi(-y^2)^{-m}} \int_0^a \frac{2x \overline{\Psi_1(x)}}{(x^2)^m (x^2 - y^2)} dx \quad (4.2.26)$$

$$\int_b^{\infty} \frac{\xi e^{-\xi^2/4t} \Psi_2(\xi, t)}{(\xi^2 - y^2)^{1-m}} d\xi = \frac{\text{Sin}(1-m)\pi}{\pi(b^2 - y^2)^{-m}} \int_b^{\infty} \frac{2x \overline{\Psi_2(x)}}{(x^2 - b^2)^m (x^2 - y^2)} dx \quad (4.2.27)$$

Using equation (4.2) in (4.2.23), we get

$$\eta(y) \overline{\Psi_1(y)} = G_1(y, t) - \frac{\text{Sin}(1-m)\pi}{\pi} \frac{\eta(y)}{(b^2 - y^2)^{-m}}$$

$$\int_b^{\infty} \frac{2x \overline{\Psi_2(x)}}{(x^2 - b^2)^m (x^2 - y^2)} dx \quad (4.2.28)$$

Now equation (4.2) reduces to

$$\eta(y) \overline{\Psi_1(y)} = G_1(y, t) - \int_b^{\infty} B(x, y) \overline{\Psi_2(x)} dx, \quad 0 \leq x < a \quad (4.2.29)$$

where

$$B(x, y) = \frac{\text{Sin}(1-m)\pi}{\pi} \frac{\eta(y)}{(b^2 - y^2)^{-m}} \frac{2x}{(x^2 - b^2)^m (x^2 - y^2)} \quad (4.2.30)$$

Again starting from equation (4.2.11) we have

$$+\int_0^a \xi^{2\sigma} \Psi_1(\xi, t) S(x, \xi, t) d\xi + \int_b^{\infty} \xi^{2\sigma} \Psi_2(\xi, t) S(x, \xi, t) d\xi = H(x, t) \quad b < x < \infty \quad (4.2.31)$$

Using the notation given by (3.6) in above equation, we get

$$\int_0^a \xi^{2\sigma} \Psi_1(\xi, t) \left\{ \frac{x^{1-2v} \xi^{-2\sigma+1} e^{-\xi^2/4t}}{\Gamma(m)\Gamma(v-\sigma+m)} a^* S_{\xi}(x, \xi, t) \right\} d\xi + \int_b^x \xi^{2\sigma} \Psi_2(\xi, t) \left\{ \frac{x^{1-2v} \xi^{-2\sigma+1} e^{-\xi^2/4t}}{\Gamma(m)\Gamma(v-\sigma+m)} a^* S_{\xi}(x, \xi, t) \right\} d\xi + \int_x^{\infty} \xi^{2\sigma} \Psi_2(\xi, t) \left\{ \frac{x^{1-2v} \xi^{-2\sigma+1} e^{-\xi^2/4t}}{\Gamma(m)\Gamma(v-\sigma+m)} a^* S_x(x, \xi, t) \right\} d\xi = H(x, t) \quad b < x < \infty \quad (4.2.32)$$

$$\int_0^a \xi e^{-\xi^2/4t} \Psi_1(\xi, t) S_{\xi}(x, \xi, t) d\xi + \int_b^x \xi e^{-\xi^2/4t} \Psi_2(\xi, t) S_{\xi}(x, \xi, t) d\xi + \int_x^{\infty} \xi e^{-\xi^2/4t} \Psi_2(\xi, t) S_x(x, \xi, t) d\xi = \frac{\Gamma(m)\Gamma(v-\sigma+m)}{a^* x^{1-2v}} H(x, t), \quad 0 < x < \infty \quad (4.2.33)$$

Putting the value of summation in terms of integral from (3.5), we have

$$\int_0^a \xi e^{-\xi^2/4t} \Psi_1(\xi, t) \int_0^{\xi} \eta(y) (\xi^2 - y^2)^{m-1} (x^2 - y^2)^{v-\sigma+m-1} d\xi dy + \int_b^x \xi e^{-\xi^2/4t} \Psi_2(\xi, t) \int_0^{\xi} \eta(y) (\xi^2 - y^2)^{m-1} (x^2 - y^2)^{v-\sigma+m-1} d\xi dy + \int_x^{\infty} \xi e^{-\xi^2/4t} \Psi_2(\xi, t) \int_0^x \eta(y) (\xi^2 - y^2)^{m-1} (x^2 - y^2)^{v-\sigma+m-1} d\xi dy$$

$$= \frac{\Gamma(m)\Gamma(v-\sigma+m)}{a^* x^{1-2v}} H(x, t), \quad b < x < \infty \quad (4.2.34)$$

Inverting the order of integration of equation (4.2.34), we get

$$\int_b^x \frac{\eta(y) dy}{(x^2 - y^2)^{1+\sigma-v-m}} \int_y^{\infty} \frac{\xi e^{-\xi^2/4t} \Psi_2(\xi, t)}{(\xi^2 - y^2)^{1-m}} d\xi = \frac{\Gamma(m)\Gamma(v-\sigma+m)}{a^* x^{1-2v}} H(x, t) - \int_0^a \frac{\eta(y) dy}{(x^2 - y^2)^{1+\sigma-v-m}} \int_y^a \frac{\xi e^{-\xi^2/4t} \Psi_1(\xi, t)}{(\xi^2 - y^2)^{-m}} d\xi - \int_0^b \frac{\eta(y) dy}{(x^2 - y^2)^{1+\sigma-v-m}} \int_b^{\infty} \frac{\xi e^{-\xi^2/4t} \Psi_2(\xi, t)}{(\xi^2 - y^2)^{1-m}} d\xi, \quad b < x < \infty \quad (4.2.35)$$

Using the expression given by equation (4.2.19) and (4.2.25) in equation (4.2.35), we get

$$\int_b^x \frac{\eta(y) \overline{\Psi_2(y)} dy}{(x^2 - y^2)^{1+\sigma-v-m}} = \frac{\Gamma(m)\Gamma(v-\sigma+m)}{a^* x^{1-2v}} H(x, t) - \int_0^a \frac{\eta(y) \overline{\Psi_1(y)} dy}{(x^2 - y^2)^{1+\sigma-v-m}} - \int_0^b \frac{\eta(y) dy}{(x^2 - y^2)^{1+\sigma-v-m}} \int_b^{\infty} \frac{\xi e^{-\xi^2/4t} \Psi_2(\xi, t)}{(\xi^2 - y^2)^{1-m}} d\xi, \quad b < x < \infty \quad (4.2.36)$$

With the help of equations (3.8) and (3.10) above equation can be solved as

$$\eta(y) \overline{\Psi_2(y)} = \frac{\text{Sin}(1+\sigma-v-m)\pi}{\pi} \frac{d}{dy} \int_b^y \frac{2x dx}{(y^2 - x^2)^{-\sigma+v+m}}$$

$$\times \left[ \frac{\Gamma(m)\Gamma(v-\sigma+m)}{a^* x^{1-2v}} H(x, t) - \int_0^a \frac{\overline{\Psi_1(z)} \eta(z) dz}{(x^2 - z^2)^{1+\sigma-v-m}} \right]$$

$$- \int_0^b \frac{\eta(z) dz}{(x^2 - z^2)^{1+\sigma-v-m}} \int_b^{\infty} \frac{\xi e^{-\xi^2/4t} \Psi_2(\xi, t)}{(\xi^2 - z^2)^{1-m}} d\xi, \quad b < x < \infty \quad (4.2.37)$$

$$\eta(y) \overline{\Psi_2(y)} = H_1(y, t) - \frac{\text{Sin}(1+\sigma-v-m)\pi}{\pi} \frac{d}{dy}$$

$$\int_b^y \frac{2x dx}{(y^2 - x^2)^{-\sigma+v+m}} \times \left[ \int_0^a \frac{\overline{\Psi_1(z)} \eta(z) dz}{(x^2 - z^2)^{1+\sigma-v-m}} \right]$$

$$+ \int_0^b \frac{\eta(z) dz}{(x^2 - z^2)^{1+\sigma-v-m}} \times \int_b^{\infty} \frac{\xi e^{-\xi^2/4t} \Psi_2(\xi, t)}{(\xi^2 - z^2)^{1-m}} d\xi, \quad b < x < \infty \quad (4.2.38)$$

where

$$H_1(y, t) = \frac{\text{Sin}(1-v+\sigma-m)\pi}{\pi} \frac{\Gamma(m)\Gamma(v-\sigma+m)}{a^*} \times \frac{d}{dy} \int_b^y \frac{2x^{2v} H(x, t)}{(y^2 - x^2)^{v-\sigma+m}} dx \quad (4.2.39)$$

Now using the equation (4.2.23) in equation (4.2.39), we obtain

$$\eta(y) \overline{\Psi_2(y)} = H_1(y, t) - \frac{\text{Sin}(1-v+\sigma-m)\pi}{\pi}$$

$$\frac{d}{dy} \int_b^y \frac{2x dx}{(y^2 - x^2)^{v-\sigma+m}} \times \left[ \int_0^a \frac{G_1(x, t)}{(x^2 - z^2)^{1-v+\sigma-m}} dz \right] \quad (4.2.40)$$

$$-\int_0^a \frac{\eta(z)dz}{(x^2 - z^2)^{1-\nu+\sigma-m}} \times \int_b^\infty \frac{\xi e^{-\xi^2/4t} \Psi_2(\xi, t)}{(\xi^2 - z^2)^{1-m}} d\xi$$

$$+\int_0^b \frac{\eta(z)dz}{(x^2 - z^2)^{1-\nu+\sigma-m}} \times \int_b^\infty \frac{\xi e^{-\xi^2/4t} \Psi_2(\xi, t)}{(\xi^2 - z^2)^{1-m}} d\xi \Bigg\}, \quad b < x < \infty$$

Breaking the last term of (4.2.41) in to part, we have

$$\eta(y)\overline{\Psi_2(y)} = H_1(y, t) - \frac{\text{Sin}(1-\nu+\sigma-m)\pi}{\pi} \frac{d}{dy} \int_b^y \frac{2xdx}{(y^2 - x^2)^{\nu-\sigma+m}}$$

$$\times \left\{ \int_0^a \frac{G_1(z, t)dz}{(x^2 - z^2)^{1-\nu+\sigma-m}} - \int_0^a \frac{\eta(z)dz}{(x^2 - z^2)^{1-\nu+\sigma-m}} \right.$$

$$\times \int_b^\infty \frac{\xi e^{-\xi^2/4t} \Psi_2(\xi, t)}{(\xi^2 - z^2)^{1-m}} d\xi + \int_0^a \frac{\eta(z)dz}{(x^2 - z^2)^{1-\nu+\sigma-m}}$$

$$\times \int_b^\infty \frac{\xi e^{-\xi^2/4t} \Psi_2(\xi, t)}{(\xi^2 - z^2)^{1-m}} d\xi + \int_a^b \frac{\eta(z)dz}{(x^2 - z^2)^{1-\nu+\sigma-m}}$$

$$\left. \times \int_b^\infty \frac{\xi e^{-\xi^2/4t} \Psi_2(\xi, t)}{(\xi^2 - z^2)^{1-m}} d\xi \right\}, \quad b < x < \infty \quad (4.2.41)$$

Now changing the order of integration, equation (4.2.41) becomes

$$\eta(y)\overline{\Psi_2(y)} = H_1(y, t) - \frac{\text{Sin}(1-\nu+\sigma-m)\pi}{\pi}$$

$$\times \left\{ \int_0^a G_1(z, t)dz \times \frac{d}{dy} \int_b^y \frac{2xdx}{(y^2 - x^2)^{\nu-\sigma+m} (x^2 - z^2)^{1-\nu+\sigma-m}} \right.$$

$$+ \int_a^b \eta(z)dz \cdot \frac{d}{dy} \int_b^y \frac{2xdx}{(y^2 - x^2)^{\nu-\sigma+m} (x^2 - z^2)^{1-\nu+\sigma-m}}$$

$$\left. \times \int_b^\infty \frac{\xi e^{-\xi^2/4t} \Psi_2(\xi, t)}{(\xi^2 - z^2)^{1-m}} d\xi \right\}, \quad b < x < \infty \quad (4.2.42)$$

We know that

$$\frac{d}{dy} \int_b^y \frac{2xdx}{(y^2 - x^2)^{\nu-\sigma+m} (x^2 - z^2)^{1-\nu+\sigma-m}} = \frac{(b^2 - z^2)^{\nu-\sigma+m}}{(y^2 - z^2)(y^2 - b^2)^{\nu-\sigma+m}} \quad (4.2.43)$$

Using the results (4.2.43) and (4.2.28), in equation (4.2.43), we get

$$\eta(y)\overline{\Psi_2(y)} = H_1(y, t) - \frac{\text{Sin}(1-\nu+\sigma-m)\pi}{\pi}$$

$$\left\{ \int_0^a G_1(z, t)dz \times \frac{(b^2 - z^2)^{\nu-\sigma+m}}{(y^2 - z^2)(y^2 - b^2)^{\nu-\sigma+m}} \right.$$

$$+ \int_a^b \eta(z)dz \times \frac{(b^2 - z^2)^{\nu-\sigma+m}}{(y^2 - z^2)(y^2 - b^2)^{\nu-\sigma+m}}$$

$$\left. \frac{\text{Sin}(1-m)\pi}{\pi(b^2 - z^2)^m} \times \int_b^\infty \frac{2x\overline{\Psi_2(x)}}{(x^2 - b^2)^m (x^2 - z^2)} dx \right\}, \quad b < x < \infty \quad (4.2.44)$$

$$\eta(y)\overline{\Psi_2(y)} = H_1(y, t) - \frac{\text{Sin}(1-\nu+\sigma-m)\pi}{\pi(y^2 - b^2)^{\nu-\sigma+m}} \int_0^a \frac{G_1(z, t)(b^2 - z^2)^{\nu-\sigma+m}}{(y^2 - z^2)} dz$$

$$- \frac{\text{Sin}(1-\nu+\sigma-m)\pi \text{Sin}(1-m)\pi}{\pi^2(y^2 - b^2)^{\nu-\sigma+m}} \int_a^b \frac{\eta(z)(b^2 - z^2)^{\nu-\sigma+2m}}{(y^2 - z^2)(x^2 - z^2)} dz$$

$$\int_b^\infty \frac{2x\overline{\Psi_2(x)}}{(x^2 - b^2)^m} dx, \quad b < x < \infty \quad (4.2.45)$$

Changing the order of integration of the last term of equation (4.2.45), we get

$$\eta(y)\overline{\Psi_2(y)} = H_1(y, t) - \frac{\text{Sin}(1-\nu+\sigma-m)\pi}{\pi(y^2 - b^2)^{\nu-\sigma+m}} \int_0^a \frac{G_1(z, t)(b^2 - z^2)^{\nu-\sigma+m}}{(y^2 - z^2)} dz$$

$$- \frac{\text{Sin}(1-\nu+\sigma-m)\pi \text{Sin}(1-m)\pi}{\pi^2(y^2 - b^2)^{\nu-\sigma+m}} \int_b^\infty \frac{2(x)\overline{\Psi_2(x)}}{(x^2 - b^2)^m} dx,$$

$$\times \int_a^b \frac{\eta(z)(b^2 - z^2)^{\nu-\sigma+2m}}{(y^2 - z^2)(x^2 - z^2)} dz, \quad b < x < \infty \quad (4.2.46)$$

Now equation (4.2.46) can be reduced to the following form

$$\eta(y)\overline{\Psi_2(y)} + \int_b^\infty C(x, y)\overline{\Psi_2(x)}dx = H_1(y, t) - \frac{\text{Sin}(1-\nu+\sigma-m)\pi}{\pi(y^2 - b^2)^{\nu-\sigma+m}}$$

$$\int_0^a \frac{G_1(z, t)(b^2 - z^2)^{\nu-\sigma+m}}{(y^2 - z^2)} dz, \quad b < x < \infty \quad (4.2.47)$$

where C(x, y) is the symmetric kernel given as

$$C(x, y) = \frac{\text{Sin}(1-\nu+\sigma-m)\pi}{\pi^2(y^2 - b^2)^{\nu-\sigma+m}} \frac{2x}{(x^2 - b^2)^m} \times \int_a^b \frac{\eta(z)(b^2 - z^2)^{\nu-\sigma+2m}}{(y^2 - z^2)(x^2 - z^2)} dz \quad (4.2.48)$$

Equation (4.2.48) is a fredholm integral equation of the second kind which determines  $\overline{\Psi_2(y)}$ . After that,

$\Psi_2(\xi, t)$  and  $\Psi_1(\xi, t)$  can be found form equations (4.2.26) and (4.2.24) respectively. Finally, the coefficients

$B_n$  which satisfy the triple series equations (2.4) to (2.6) are given by equation (4.2.3).

### Particular Case

If we let  $b \rightarrow \infty$  in equations (2.4), (2.5) and (2.6) they reduce to the dual series equations and this solution for the triple series equations of the second kind agree with that obtained earlier of dual series [1].

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