

The World is Coming to An End Soon

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Abstract: *Believe is or not. The world is coming to an end. This is not what I want to express to you. Nostradamus says so. He has predicted some 400 years ago that there would be war between Russia. The Bible says so. The Genesis also says the same thing everything is true. You cannot deny everything.*

Keywords: World, Nostradamus, Reputed seer, significance, Unique God's

1. Introduction

Research Documents

Research Documents are detailed below in the article "The World is coming to an End". Detailed below are the points of explanation. Nostradamus prediction – 4 predictions – war news.

Over View - 1

Nostradamus a French usually astrologer, ap theory physician and a reputed seer is best known for his book. It is nearly 500 years since Nostradamus walked the Earth, (like the colossus of Rome) but people are still paying attention to his predictions especially since he made some pretty alarms claims about what we can expect from the rest of 2025.

Known for his 1555 book Les propriétés Nostradamus has been credited with accurately prediction a number of significant world events, including the fore London, the rise of Napoleon and Hitler and both world wars. Unfortunately, the so called prophet's forecast for the year end are similar dark and devastating.

As LA O Bible reported, one Nostradamus prediction linked to the final months of 2025 reads as follows : "From the cosmos, a fireball will arise/a harbinger of fate/the world pleads/science and fate in a cosmic dance/the fate of the Earth, a second chance".

What is somewhat vague writing is up for interpretation many have taken this particular passage to mean that something like a comet and asteroid will collide with the planet, leading to some sort of mass extinction type of event and that's not all.

Another passage reads "When Mars rules his path among the stars, human blood will sprinkle the sanctuary. He also went on to say that three fires will rise from the East while the west loses its light in silence.

God of War

Considering **Mars as the God of War – 3**, some have speculated that these words could point to new or escalating global conflicts. These words were derived from a rich oral tradition that was eventually written down in Homer's Iliad and Odyssey and Hesiod's. The goony during the 8th Century BCE. By the time of the city of Rome was founded during the same century. Many Greek cities were already well-established consequenter, Greek religion, art, philosophy, literature and mythology all influenced what became the basic origin story of Roman mythology, the birth

of Romulus and Remus, the founders of Rome Virgil epic etc. The Aeneid was written between 29 and BCE, it tells the story of Aeneas and the remaining Trojans who journeyed to an Italian Region where the future descendants were fated to one day found the city of Rome.

The Difference between Greek and Roman Mythology

While Greek and Roman mythologies share more deities and stories due to the Roman practice of interpretation Roman (equating the Gods with Greek counterparts) they reflect fundamentally different culture values and world views.

Core conception of Divinity

- 1) Greek Gods (Anthromorphie) : **Greek Gods – 4** viewed their Gods as tangibly physically beautiful beings who lived on a specific mountain (Olympics) and possessed distinct, often flawed, human personalities.
- 2) Roman Gods (Numina) Early Roman religion more Abstract. Gods were originally viewed as Numina formless define powers or spirits that inhabited objects and oversaw specific functions (e.g. plowing, doorways, or grain mild dew). Physical depictions only became common later under Greek influence.

Character and Soul

- 1) **Individuality Vs Collective Duty:** Greek myths focused on individual heroism emotions and personal flaws like pride and jealousy. Roman mythology was more utilitarian emphasizing the Gods as protectors of the family, state, and civic order.
- 2) **Mortal Interaction:** Greek Gods frequently descended to Earth to interfere in human lives.

Overview

"The God of Mars" refers primarily to Roman God of Mars.

Key Facts about Mars

- 1) Role: He was both a bringer of war and a guardian of agriculture responsible for protecting crops and borders.
- 2) Significance: Highly revered, he was considered a protector of the Roman state, often depicted as a mature armed warrior.
- 3) Family: Son of Jupiter and Juno and the legendary father of Romulus and Remus.
- 4) Mythology: Unlike the Greek Ares, who was viewed negatively, Mars was a respected deity, often seen as a strategic, honourable warrior.
- 5) Associations: His festivals were in March (starting the military season) and October (ending in) He was associated with the planet Mars.

- 6) Symbolism: Offer depicted with a spear, shield, or in military gear, his symbol of a spear rapped in laurel signifying bringing peace though way.

In Roman mythology, Mars was the God of war and a primary, protector of Rome, second in importance only to Jupiter. Unlike his Greek counterparts who was often depicted as destructive and impulsive force Mars was revered by Romans as a virtues level headed figure who utilized military power to secure lasting peace.

Key attributes and Roles

- 1) **Dual Identity- 5:** Agricultural Guardian ultimately, Mars was also a God of Agriculture, protecting fields and ensuring healthy crops. This dual nature reflected the Roman ideal of the citizen soldier. This dual nature reflected the Roman ideal of the citizen soldier who was both a warrior and a farmer.
- 2) **Father of Rome- 6:** He was the legendry father of the twins – Romulus and Remus, the founders of Rome, making him the divine a nester of Roman people.
- 3) His primary symbols are the spear and shield (especially the Ancite) He is often associated with the wolf and the woodpecker.

Epithets

- 1) Mars Gradivus : “The Strider” or the marching Gods who led Arms into battle.
- 2) Mass Utor : “The Avenger,” a title championed by Augustus to celebrate the defeat of Julius creasers assassins.
- 3) Mars Pater : “Father mars used to show respect for his status as a progenitor.

Festival and Legacy

The month of March (Martinis) is named in his honor, originally making the beginning of both the military campaign season and the agricultural year. Most festivals like the Eguirria (chariot races) and the tibus trium (purification of trumpets) were held to seek his favour the planet shares its name because its blood red colour reminded ancient astronomers of war and bloodshed. Additionally the English word Tuesday is derived from Two's Day – 's Day - (or Tyr) being the Germanic / Norse war God equated with Mars by the Romans.

Abstract

Though God have fixed a living for 122 years for a man's life but we find as I have made earlier men have crossed it by leading a life of more than that. That means death comes like a bang and it sweeps away man to death and the served of Damocles always hang in the form of death which no moral human being can overcome or father demigods. Roman Gods were generally more distant and “tame”, focused on maintaining the Pax Decorum (peace with the Gods) through rigid rituals than personal drama.

Unique Gods – 7

Roman only: Janus (God of beginnings doorways) and terminus (God of boundaries) have no direct Greek counterparts.

Apollo: He is the only major deity who retains the same name in both traditions, as the Romans did not have a

comparable native God and adopted him wholesale from the Greeks.

View of the After Life

Views of afterlife vary widely, ranging from religious concepts of eternal heaven/hell and reincarnation to secular, scientific, or philosophical perspectives major beliefs only involve the survival of soul, with states of being largely determined by earthly conduct, karma, or spiritual development.

Hinduism/Buddhism

- 1) Reincarnation: The soul (atmen) is eternal, undergoing a cycle of birth, death, and rebirth, strongly influenced by karma and spiritual evolving.
- 2) Heaven and Hell (Christianity/Islam): An afterlife with a usually final, judgment where souls are rewarded or punished based on their actions and faith on earth.
- 3) Ancient Views – 8: Historically, many traditions (such as Egyptian) believed in a continued existence in an underworld or a different shadowy realm.
- 4) Spiritual and Secular Views: Some believe the soul returns to a universal energy source or that consciousness causes entirely, with nothingness following death.
- 5) Simulation Theory: A modern philosophical idea suggesting consciousness may continue if our reality is a computer simulation.
- 6) Near Death Experiences (NDEs): Personal accounts sometimes report intense, conscious experiences, often influencing the belief in a continued existence beyond the physical level.

Public opinion surveys indicate that many people, across various backgrounds, believe in some form of life after death though views are diverse and sometimes blend traditional beliefs with personal, spiritual or skeptical perspectives.

What has the Mahabharat to say about After life – 9

The Mahabharat presents the afterlife as a often temporary destination based on Karma, Dharma, and the manner of death rather than a final state. It high lights that warriors dying in battle, regardless of their moral standing attain heaven while also illustrating that heaven and hell are places to experience the fruits of one's actions before eventual reincarnation.

Key insight on the after life also include

- 1) The path of the Warrior: All warriors who died in the Kurukshetra war – including Duryodhan and his brothers were granted entry to heaven because they died in Dharma Yuddha (righteous war) while performing their Kshatriya war.
- 2) Temporary Nature of Realms: Heaven and Hell are not permanent but the results of deeds (karma).
- 3) Karmic Justice: Even both the virtuous Pandavas and Kauravas whereas Yudhisthir that their brothers are in Heaven while his brothers and Draupadi had to lead a hellish life due to their Karma.
- 4) The Soul's Journey: The soul as outlined in the Veda to not die but ultimately attain Moksha.

2. Summary and Conclusion

It could be noticed from the details in the article that the world is coming to an end. This was predicted by Nostradamus some 400 years ago. The Greek Gods viewed as tangible, physically beautiful beings who had on a specific mountain (Olympus) and the early Roman Gods (Numira) – formless divine powers or spirits that inhabited objects and oversaw many oversaw specific functions (e.g. plowing doorways, or grain mildew). Greek mythology focused on individual heroism. Greek Gods frequently descended to earth to interfere in human lives. In Roman mythology, Mars was only the God of War. He was the legendary father of Rome – Romulus and Ramus, the founders of Rome.

Krishna's final message says "The war had ended".

When will the world come to an end according to Hinduism? In this thought provoking article we will delve into the Hindu perspective of the end of the world. The Hindu understanding of time is unique, featuring a cyclical compact that encompasses four distinct ages known as Yugas. Each Yuga represent a different phase in the moral and spiritual evolution of humanity currently, we are in the Kali Yuga the final age, which is markedly significant challenges and moral decline. We will also discuss the prophecy surrounding the Kalki Avatar, the final incarnation of Vishnu, who is foretold to emerge during this tumultuous period to restore righteousness. The transition from Kali Yuga to Satya Yuga, or the Golden Yuga signifies a new beginning for humanity, filled with harmony and virtues. This Kalki Avatar in the tenth and final avatar of Lord Vishnu at the end of the current Kali Yuga to destroy evil and restore righteousness (Dharma) ushering in the Satya Yuga. The Kalki Avatar have roughly passed 4,32,000 years and only 5000 years have elapsed. He is expected when morality declines drastically, rulers become thieves and spiritual practices ceases. There is wide state suffering rulers become demonic, rampant crime and nature becoming harsh, leading and the start of the Satya Yuga with Kalki appearing on a white horse and restore truth.

The Lord also made several forecast in the

Bible to Moses - 10

The Lord had made several forecast to Mosel regarding the future of Israelites and himself.

- 1) The final plague will red case from Egypt.
- 2) Future Rebellion and Exile.
- 3) The Promise of a future prophet.
- 4) Moses Death before entering canon.
- 5) Divine presence in Trials.

What further the Lord say to Moses

Moses would rein disaster for 40 days and 40 nights by rain and flood. This led to so much of rain and flood that at last if reached sush a great height when Moses hell the Lord to stop. The Lord accepting his request and stopped gradually it stopped and everything was a gain settled in Earth. Earlier the Lord told him to keep a pair of all living animals and Earth. So it was done. When the earth receded to its lowest level God cursed three persons. The satan, Adam and Eve

and the snake. To human heings he cursed that it shall have to toil hard for a living to the snake it shall more by the helley and to Adam and Eve they shall remain where they are.

References

- [1] Nostradums.
- [2] Predicting number of significant world
- [3] Mars as the God of War.
- [4] Greek Gods.
- [5] Dual Identity.
- [6] Father of Rome.
- [7] Unique Gods.
- [8] Ancient Views.
- [9] Mahabharat presents the afterlife.
- [10] The Lord had also made several forecast in the Bible.