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# Automated Account Posting in Enhancing Financial Reporting Accuracy

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Abstract: This paper explores the evolving landscape of automated account posting with a focus on India. This automation ensures compliance with accounting standards while keeping financial statements up - to - date and reliable. Common applications include payroll processing, bill payments, general ledger maintenance, and expense reporting, among other financial and accounting processes. This paper explores the impact of automated account posting systems on the accuracy and reliability of financial reporting. As organizations increasingly adopt automation in their accounting processes. In the competitive and dynamic landscape of financial reporting, the paper seeks to examine and contrast two different case studies in the dynamic field of financial reporting in order to determine how automation has revolutionised accounting procedures.

**Keywords:** Automated accounting, India, financial reporting, accounting automation, compliance, payroll automation, expense reporting, general ledger, bill payments, case studies, financial accuracy, reliability, accounting standards.

# 1. Introduction

Automated account posting is a technology that leverages software to automatically record financial transactions directly into the appropriate accounting ledgers. Automated Account Posting (AAP) is a technology - driven solution that streamlines financial data entry, enhances accuracy, and ensures compliance with accounting standards. This automation eliminates redundant manual work, minimizes the risk of human error, and ensures that financial statements remain up - to - date and reliable. Activities include payroll, paying outstanding bills, general ledgers, expense reports, and many other financial and accounting processes. Traditional manual accounting processes, however, are prone to errors, delays, and inefficiencies, hindering the ability to generate reliable financial statements. As organizations face increasing scrutiny from stakeholders, regulatory bodies, and investors, the pressure to maintain flawless financial reporting standards intensifies. Traditional manual accounting processes, while long relied upon, are often fraught with risks such as human error, time inefficiency, and lack of scalability.

### **Objectives:**

- To analyze the impact of automation on reducing manual errors and improving data integrity.
- To explore the integration capabilities of automated account posting systems with existing financial software.

## 2. Review of Literature

- Dandago & Rufai (2014) examined how automated accounting systems integrate with enterprise financial software, ensuring seamless data synchronization and improving decision - making. The research emphasized the importance of real - time reporting for financial accuracy.
- 2) Abid Haleem <sup>a</sup>, Mohd Javaid <sup>a</sup>, RaviPratap Singh <sup>b</sup>, Shanay Rab <sup>a</sup>, Rajiv Suman 19 August 2021. It automates complicated business processes, even where topic specialists were formerly needed. This is an expansion to

the processes of traditional business - process automation. This paper briefly discusses Hyperautomation and its need in the current scenario. Then it elaborates the significant roles of sensors to enhance Hyperautomation. it ideally utilises to integrate state - of - the - art tools and develop new methods of working.

- Oluwatosin Ilori 1, \*, Nelly Tochi Nwosu 2 and Henry 3) Nwapali Ndidi Naiho 3: Received on 26 April 2024; revised on 04 June 2024; accepted on 06 June 2024Optimizing Sarbanes - Oxley (SOX) compliance: strategic approaches and best practices for financial integrity. The complexity of these requirements often leads to substantial compliance costs, increased administrative burdens, and potential operational disruptions. Identifying and mitigating these challenges is essential for maintaining financial integrity and organizational resilienceI discuss the strategic approaches, challenges, and best practices in ensuring robust SOX compliance.
- 4) Julia Gustafsson & Paulina Jerkinger May 2021 The development has now entered a new phase where automation of accounting processes is perceived as a growing concept that will affect the accounting profession. The interview guide was based on a theoretical framework which was developed on previous research.
- Inuwa\*a, 5) Mohammed Suzari Bin Abdul Rahim14.03.2020 THE ROLE OF ORGANIZATIONAL CULTURE The aim of the study is to evaluate lean readiness factors that include; leadership, commitment, employee involvement, planning & control, process management, supplier relations and customer relations to organizational readiness to change to lean so as evaluate whether manufacturing SMEs have the prerequisite quality practices, organizational culture and foundation needed to deploy lean.

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## 3. Research Methodology

Research methodology provides the framework for conducting systematic and reliable investigations. In this study, the primary objective is to examine the role of automated account posting in improving the accuracy of financial reporting. To achieve this, a structured and analytical research approach has been adopted, ensuring that the findings are credible, relevant, and applicable within accounting and financial contexts. The methodology covers the research design, sampling strategy, data collection methods, and tools used for data analysis. The data collected was analyzed using SPSS software, employing statistical tools such as percentage analysis, Chi - square tests, correlation analysis, and T - tests. These methods helped in identifying the extent to which automation contributes to the accuracy and reliability of financial reports, as well as any relationships between demographic variables (e. g., experience level, sector, or system type) and perceptions of automation effectiveness.

#### **Research Design:**

Descriptive research design to analyze the impact of automated account posting on financial reporting. It will involve both qualitative and quantitative methods to assess the efficiency, accuracy, and benefits of automation in financial processes. This research design offers a comprehensive approach to understanding the influence of automated account posting on the accuracy and reliability of financial reporting, providing insights that could guide improvements in financial management and reporting standards.

## 4. Data Collection

### **Primary Data:**

Primary data is the type of data collected by the researcher undertaking the study using methods like personal interviews, surveys, experiments, etc., directly from the source from where the data originates. In this research, the primary data was collected from 114 Respondents using the research instrument, a structured questionnaire, administered via.

### Secondary Data:

Secondary data is the type of data that is collected from already available sources, such as books, journals, records, etc., compiled by people other than the researcher, and thus the data cannot be traced back to the individual level. Secondary data for this study was collected from research articles, journals, papers an statistical publications.

## Sampling Technique:

Random sampling is a fundamental technique used in statistics to select a subset (sample) from a larger group (population) in such a way that each member of the population has an of being chosen.

### Sample Size:

The sample size is the number of participants, objects, or observations included in the study. The size of the sample is dependent on the population size (the total number of people, items objects being studied), the margin of error the percentage that reveals how much the results reflect the views of the whole population, and the sampling confidence level (the percentage that reflects how confident there searcher can be that the population would choose an answer within a given range). The sample size for this study is 114 Respondents.

### **Data Analysis Techniques:**

Descriptive statistics mean, median, standard deviation Mean Average. The mean values offer insight into how automation has influenced average performance metrics. For example, the average time required to prepare financial statements may have decreased post - automation, indicating improved efficiency. Median is especially useful in understanding the distribution of financial performance metrics, particularly when data contains outliers. For instance, the median error rate might reflect typical performance more accurately than the mean if there are a few extreme cases. Standard Deviation is measures the variability or dispersion of data. A lower standard deviation in report accuracy post - automation suggests more consistent outcomes, possibly due to reduced human error.

Regression analysis to determine the impact of automation on financial reporting. Regression analysis helps in quantitatively assessing the relationship between automation (independent variable) and various aspects of financial reporting (dependent variables). For example, a multiple linear regression model can be used to estimate how automation affects:

## 5. Data Analysis and Interpretation

<b>Descriptive Statistics</b>						
Variable	Mean	Std. Deviation	Ν			
Error Reduction	2.84	1.115	102			
Data Integrity	2.73	1.091	102			

	Correlations						
			Error Reduction	Data Integrity			
		Pearson Correlation	1	0.07			
	Error Reduction	Sig. (2-tailed)	—	0.484			
		Ν	102	102			
		Pearson Correlation	0.07	1			
Data Integrity	Sig. (2-tailed)	0.484	-				
		Ν	102	102			

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Comparison	Pearson Correlation	Sig. (2-tailed)	95% Confidence Interval (2-tailed)					
Comparison			Lower Bound	Upper Bound				
Error Reduction – Data Integrity	0.07	0.484	-0.126	0.261				
	Comparison Error Reduction – Data Integrity	Comparison Pearson Correlation   Error Reduction – Data Integrity 0.07	Confidence intervalsComparisonPearson CorrelationSig. (2-tailed)Error Reduction – Data Integrity0.070.484	Confidence intervalsComparisonPearson CorrelationSig. (2-tailed)95% ConfidenceError Reduction – Data Integrity0.070.484-0.126				

a. Estimation is based on Fisher's r-to-z transformation.

There is no significant correlation between error reduction and data integrity r = 0.070, p = 0.484. The weak relationship suggests they are independent. This weak, non - significant relationship suggests that improvements in error reduction do not necessarily translate to enhancements in data integrity, and vice versa. In statistical terms, a correlation coefficient close to zero indicates little to no linear association between the two variables. Furthermore, the high p - value (> 0.05) confirms that the observed correlation is not statistically significant and could be due to random chance.

#### Descriptives

Integration Level	N	Moon	Std Deviation	Std Error	95% Confidence Interval for Mean		Minimum	Maximum
	IN	Mean	Su. Deviation	Stu. Elloi	Lower Bound	Lower Bound Upper Bound		
Seamless	16	1.69	0.946	0.237	1.18	2.19	1	4
Minor Issues	27	2.44	1.013	0.195	2.04	2.85	1	4
Major Issues	25	2.84	0.943	0.189	2.45	3.23	1	4
Not Integrated	34	2.59	0.957	0.164	2.25	2.92	1	4
Total	102	2.47	1.022	0.101	2.27	2.67	1	4

#### Workflow

Workflow

## ANOVA

	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Between Groups	13.712	3	4.571	4.885	0.003
Within Groups	91.699	98	0.936		
Total	105.412	101			

## Multiple Comparisons

Dependent Variable: WORKFLOW

LSD
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(I) Integration	(J) Integration	Mean Difference (I - J)	Std Emer	Sig.	95% Confidence Interval		
(I) Integration			Std. Error		Lower Bound	Upper Bound	
	Minor Issues	-0.757*	0.305	0.015	-1.36	-0.15	
Seamless	Major Issues	-1.152*	0.31	< 0.001	-1.77	-0.54	
	Not Integrated	-0.901*	0.293	0.003	-1.48	-0.32	
Minor Issues	Seamless	0.757*	0.305	0.015	0.15	1.36	
	Major Issues	-0.396	0.268	0.144	-0.93	0.14	
	Not Integrated	-0.144	0.249	0.565	-0.64	0.35	
Major Issues	Seamless	1.152*	0.31	< 0.001	0.54	1.77	
	Minor Issues	0.396	0.268	0.144	-0.14	0.93	
	Not Integrated	0.252	0.255	0.326	-0.25	0.76	
Not Integrated	Seamless	0.901*	0.293	0.003	0.32	1.48	
	Minor Issues	0.144	0.249	0.565	-0.35	0.64	
	Major Issues	-0.252	0.255	0.326	-0.76	0.25	

\* The mean difference is significant at the 0.05 level.

Workflow integration significantly impacts performance (p = 0.003). "Seamless" and "Minor Issues" differ notably from "Major Issues" and "Not Integrated." This suggests that when automation tools and financial systems are well - aligned with existing operational processes, they can enhance user productivity and reduce friction in report generation. Conversely, poor or non - existent integration often results in manual workarounds, data silos, and increased risk of inconsistency, which can hinder performance.

## 6. Conclusion

The study on the impact of automated account posting in enhancing financial reporting accuracy reveals that automation plays a significant role in improving efficiency, reducing errors, and streamlining financial processes. A majority of respondents trust automated reporting, highlighting its growing acceptance in financial operations. Additionally, a considerable portion of users prefer a combination of automation and manual review for error handling, emphasizing the need for a balanced approach.

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