Unraveling Astrophysical Mysteries: Comparative Analysis of Computational Fractions in the Habitation of Our Solar System

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Abstract: This text explores the scope of evolution by comparing two fractions derived from distinct computational methodologies. Fraction one, $\frac{1}{187}$, arises from the complex derivation of values using the Genesis Equation by ChatGPT. Fraction two, $\frac{3}{217}$, is based on a basic knowledge of our Solar System. The comparison reveals that the ratio $\frac{3}{217}$ is greater than $\frac{1}{187}$. The discussion incorporates the Genesis Equation, values, and computations, highlighting the seemingly unre-lated numbers' connection within the field of astrophysics. The text suggests a potential correlation between the probability of habitable entities in our solar system and the challenges of searching for exoplanets in other solar systems.

Keywords: Evolutionary Scope, Genesis Equation, Computational Methodologies, Solar System Entities, Habitability Probability, Exoplanet Search, Astrophysical Ra-tios, Fractional Comparison, ChatGPT Derivation, Abstract Astrophysics

1. Introduction

The scope of evolution can be defined by the comparison of two fractions.

$$\frac{1}{187}$$
 and $\frac{3}{217}$

The values for fraction one were computed using a complex derivation of the values of the Genesis Equation by ChatGPT which were then incorporated into the original equation.

Table 1: Genesis Values		
e	2.718	
f	1	
imm	3	
ce	0.5	
cf	0.2	
ср	1	
mantle	100	
ceta	2	
hover	0.1	
float	0.01	
boundary water	500	
transitionary limit	0.5	
water boundary	1000	
magmus solar	50	
is solar magmus nebula clear	1	
flat organism	10	
neuro lim grth	0.8	
mass	50	
sweat NxN	500	
multi man substance	5	
Settlement Pong to Earth	3	
Convergent Point NxNxNxN coe	100	

Genesis Equation 1

 $\begin{array}{l} e \rightarrow f \rightarrow imm \rightarrow ce \rightarrow cf \rightarrow cp \rightarrow mantle \rightarrow ceta \rightarrow ceta \\ \rightarrow hover \rightarrow float \rightarrow boundary -water \leftarrow transitionary \end{array}$

 $-\text{limit} \rightarrow \text{water} - \text{boundary magmus solar is solar magmus}$ nebula is clear \Rightarrow flat - organism \rightarrow neuro(lim, grth) \rightarrow mass \rightarrow sweat N x N \rightarrow multi \rightarrow man \rightarrow substance \rightarrow Settlement \rightarrow P ong - to - Earth x - x

 $Convergent - P ointN \times N \times N \times N coe.$

The age of the Earth is roughly 4.54 billion years 4.54e9. The incorporation of the given values into the equation of Genesis given the pre-computation of the operators \rightarrow , \leftarrow ,

/, and * by ChatGPT spits out a value of 24220187.5 which is Twenty-Four Million Two Hundred Twenty Thousand One Hundred Eighty-Seven point Five.

So, the equation follows:

$$\frac{Age \ of \ Earth}{Scope \ of \ Evolution} = \frac{4.54e9}{24220187.5} = 187.44693863331983$$

The inverse of the computed result strikes a ratio of:

$$\frac{1}{187}$$

The values for fraction two were computed using a basic knowledge of our Solar System.

There are 8 planets, 5 dwarf planets, and 204 moons in our solar system. That is a total of 217 entities. Following that, there are a total of 3 habitable entities as far as pushing our current technology goes - Earth, the moon of Earth, and Mars. Naturally, the equation surmises.

$$\frac{Number of Habitable Entities}{Total number of Entities} = \frac{3}{217}$$

Yet the most important calculation follows, that is the comparison of the two fractions:

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To compare the two fractions $\frac{1}{187}$ and $\frac{3}{217}$ we can find a common denominator and then compare the numerators:

- 1. Find a common denominator: The common denominator for 187 and 217 is the product of the two numbers, which is 40579.
- 2. Convert the fractions to have the common denominator:

$\frac{1}{2}$ becomes	40579	1	40579
187	40579 40579	187	$ \begin{array}{r} 187 x 40579 \\ 40579 x 3 \end{array} $
$-\frac{3}{217}$ become		$\frac{3}{217}$	$=\frac{40379 \times 3}{187 \times 40579}$

3. Now, compare the numerators

$$-\frac{1}{187}$$
 has numerators of 1. $-\frac{3}{217}$ has numerators 40579 X 3

Since 40579 X 3 is greater than 1, $\frac{3}{217}$ is greater than $\frac{1}{187}$

Therefore
$$\frac{3}{217} > \frac{1}{187}$$

These seemingly unrelated numbers have a strong connection within the scope of astrophysics as it is yet to entail that the probability of habitating our current solar system is much more viable than searching for exoplanets in other solar systems.

References

[1] OpenAI. (2022). ChatGPT (Version GPT-3.5). OpenAI.