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Impact on Out-of-School Children Aged 6-14 Living in Slums in Jalgoan City

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Abstract: Out-of-school children are not properly educated. Then such children start misbehaving. Not only this, the tendency of girls in the community to tease, beat, fight, become addicted, make the behavior abusive, etc. makes other sections of the society problematic and suffering. Thus members of the society become distracted. Alternatively, they may engage in hazardous behavior from time to time. So how can such out-of-school children be prevented from misbehavior through good manners in time? It needs to be tried. Otherwise such children start to behave in a dangerous manner. It needs to be bound in time. It is also necessary to change the education system. So that they will not find it difficult to study. And the teacher also needs to pay attention that they will not leave the school. Also, the police administration should also ensure that such school dropouts do not deteriorate if appropriate discipline is imposed on the delinquent. A slum is called a home of all problems. If we study the people living in these slums from a sociological point of view, it can be seen that if we look at the living conditions of the people in the slums, the customs of the people there, the social problems arising from it, and the adverse effects of the social problems, many things become troublesome to the community. We call such things as social problems. Also, what are the reasons for social problems to arise in slums? Among these, if we look at the correlation between out-of-school children in the slums and criminality in the society. An attempt has been made to arrange this in these articles

Keywords: Out-of-school children and increasing crime The environment of out-of-school children and its adverse effects

1. The objective of the study

To study the effects on out-of-school children and criminal tendencies.

2. Assumption

Out-of-school children come into contact with people who have criminal attitudes, so out-of-school children become criminals.

3. Detailed Article

Reasons for Slum Growth:-In the current period, there is a very large influx of people to the city for the availability of employment. There is a massive migration of people from rural areas to urban areas to get employment. Also, city planning is becoming insufficient for increasing slums in urban areas. Also, many factors such as facilities available in cities, entertainment facilities in the city, and health facilities are conducive to the growth of slums. Therefore, slums seem to be growing at a very large scale.

The proportion of out-of-school children:-The Constitution of India provides for free education for children up to the age of 14 years under the Article of the Constitution of India. But even after bringing children in the stream of education, some children remain deprived of education. Or ignore education. For the registration and education of out-of-school, migrant, irregular children, the action related to the creation of Bal Rakshak App in association with the School Education Department and Tata Trust was done through Director Primary. According to a survey conducted by the State Educational Research and Training Council to find out the number of such children,

the number of children between six and fourteen years of age in the state who never attended school last year was 7806. In which 476 boys and 3730 girls were included. While the number of children out of school due to irregular attendance was 17397. There are 9008 boys and eight thousand 8389. Together the total number is 25, 204 out of which the number of children with special needs is 1212 while the total number of children working as child labor is 288. The number of children who are out of school due to other reasons is 23704. From this we can see that the number of out-of-school children is very large. Similarly, Jalgaon cities include many slums like Hari Vitthal Nagar, Shivaji Nagar, Samta Nagar, etc. Jalgaon city has a very large number of people migrating due to National Highway number six and railway line. So they stay in the area after arriving. They may not have enough money available to stay or live in such an area. Hence, these out-migrants live in slum-like settlements. After living there, their children come in contact with the local people.

Such slum-like settlements are already home to some. Harassing and abusing children coming from outside is a regular habit of theirs.

Environment for out-of-school children: In the event that slums and the population living around them are large, their parents go to other jobs. And their parents cannot afford to send their children to school. In such cases, these children act according to their heart. So they start wandering wherever they want. It is through such walks that they get to know other idle children. Their friendship was that of wandering children. Over time, they start living in gangs. Not only this but once the gang is involved in any misdemeanor and getting their help for the misdemeanor becomes their regular habit, in which the boys start doing

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things like drinking alcohol, teasing boys or girls, picking scraps, petty thefts. So the surrounding environment seems to have an effect on the dropout.

Environment for out-of-school children: Other kids in school are smart. And slum children lag behind academically in school. At such times these children ignore the school curriculum. Hence, these children prefer to drop out of school as they find it difficult to study. Obviously, once they leave school, they don't care about going back to school. In such cases, these children are away from school.

Family Study Environment: Children living in and around the slums may not have the attention of their parents to complete their school curriculum. People go to work all day. Likes to relax at home after being tired. Therefore, it is questionable how much they will get the environment of education from home. As the parents are illiterate, they are unable to educate their children. Therefore, their children also do not develop interest in education.

Forming a group of children who do not like school: Children who are away from school are roaming around. School dropouts come in contact with them. And they live in gangs. The boys in their group turn to unwanted activities like killing someone, petty theft, teasing girls, fighting, drinking alcohol and smoking cigarettes. They try to create an atmosphere of intimidation in the settlement. Such tendencies are further supported by older children who are criminal or immoral in the community. As a result, school dropouts appear more aggressive and misbehaving. Those children come in contact with others. They form a group of individuals who have no academic interest of any kind.

Surroundings of out-of-school children: When out-ofschool children see the environment of the people around them, friend groups and prior social situations, creating an atmosphere of terror is more likely to make out-of-school children feel closer. Others are more interested in beating others. They become more interested in teasing others. They feel that creating such an environment will create fear in the communities around them. They beat other children or others to prove themselves. People in society also ignore such people. And hence their distinct terror. . . These young children get an environment that they try to destroy so they also start imitating them. Better imitations are avoided as much as possible. So Shaba children turn to misbehavior.

Out-of-School Children and Imitation: Children who come into contact with abusive people. Children of this type, when they come in contact with misbehaving children, keep in mind who will be their role models and start imitating them. Such children are likely to visualize the film's bully tendencies. And it becomes them to grow beards, maintain their hair, wear strange clothes, indulge in addictions, etc. Therefore, their living conditions are seen as abnormal compared to children with normal living conditions. What kind of nature they are can be understood from their behavior.

If the out-of-school children receive proper education, they will not do activities that are harmful to the society. For that, it is necessary to give them proper sanskar. If proper timing is allowed to take hold in them, they can become very good citizens later on. Otherwise, it will be impossible to become responsible citizens who can become responsible citizens who behave in a way that is harmful to the society.

4. Conclusion

Out-of-school children are not properly educated. Then such children start misbehaving. Not only this, the tendency of girls in the community to tease, beat, fight, become addicted, make the behavior abusive, etc. makes other sections of the society problematic and suffering. Thus the members of the society become distracted. Alternatively, they may engage in hazardous behavior from time to time. So how can such outof-school children be prevented from misbehavior through good manners in time? It needs to be tried. Otherwise such children start to behave in a dangerous manner. It needs to be bound in time. It is also necessary to change the education system. So that they will not find it difficult to study. And the teacher also needs to pay attention that they will not leave the school. Also, the police administration should also ensure that such school dropouts do not deteriorate if appropriate discipline is imposed on the delinquent. This is clear from the above analysis.

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