









There are a number of preventive programmes in the Czech Republic, which work with a child in this way (see the chapter above). Furthermore, potential of a police department, which contains the workers of a preventive-informational department and preventive-informational groups, can be also used.

It is also very important to involve parents to the process of prevention - parents are in many cases informed about the risks connected to the usage of the Internet far less than their own children.

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## Author Profile



**Kamil Kopecký, PhD** is Assistant professor at Palacký University Olomouc, Faculty of Education Czech Republic, also expert of National security Research (Ministry of interior CZ), head of national project E-Bezpečí focused on research, education, prevention and intervention in area of safer using of internet technologies and safety using of IT.



**René Szotkowski, PhD** is Assistant professor at Palacký University Olomouc, Faculty of Education Czech Republic, lecturer of national project E-Bezpečí focused on research, education, prevention and intervention in area of safer using of internet technologies and safety using of IT. The authors focuses on danger communication in online enterprises (cyberbullying, cyberstalking, cybergrooming, sexting, danger of social networks...), cybercrime, research, risky communication phenomenons, e-learning a blended learning (theory, praxis, application), IT communication (development, research, trends), new media (web 2.0, web 3.0, mental mapping), online technologies (frameworks, scripts, database systems), software development for IT – mobile PC, tablets (iPad), smartphones.

**Attachment 1: Table 1:** Development of cyberbullying within the population of the Czech children

	2013	2012	2011
Verbal attacks	34.33%	33.44%	31.60%
Harassment through missed calls	26.36%	24.08%	23.43%
Threats and intimidation	17.84%	17.38%	15.88%
Identity theft	11.82%	10.09%	8.51%
Blackmailing	7.91%	7.33%	6.82%

Humiliation, ridiculing through distribution of photography	13.70%	10.85%	12.32%
Humiliation, ridiculing through distribution of video recording	6.54%	5.58%	6.36%
Humiliation, ridiculing through distribution of audio recording	3.89%	3.69%	4.45%
Breach of the account security	34.80%	32.58%	31.68%
	<i>n</i> >28000	<i>n</i> >21000	<i>n</i> >12000

Source: Palacký University in Olomouc, Centre for prevention of risky virtual communication  
(Researches Danger of Internet communication III-V, 2011-2014)

